First Regular Session Seventy-second General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

PREAMENDED

This Unofficial Version Includes Committee Amendments Not Yet Adopted on Second Reading

LLS NO. 19-0365.02 Michael Dohr x4347

SENATE BILL 19-224

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Gonzales and Fenberg,

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

(None),

Senate Committees

House Committees

Finance Appropriations

	A BILL FOR AN ACT
101	CONCERNING THE CONTINUATION OF THE REGULATED MARIJUANA
102	PROGRAMS, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, IMPLEMENTING
103	THE RECOMMENDATIONS CONTAINED IN THE 2018 SUNSET
104	REPORT BY THE DEPARTMENT OF REGULATORY AGENCIES AND
105	MAKING AN APPROPRIATION.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov/.)

Sunset Process - Senate Finance Committee. Sections 1 to 44 of the bill make changes to the retail and medical marijuana codes and

continue those codes until 2028 with a sunset review prior to 2028. The bill requires industrial hemp that is used in medical marijuana-infused products or retail marijuana products to be tested prior to manufacturing the product. The bill allows retail marijuana stores to sell industrial hemp consumables. The bill requires the state licensing authority to adopt equivalency standards for medical marijuana products and concentrate by July 1, 2020.

Under current law, there is an exception to the "Colorado Food and Drug Act" for medical marijuana but not one for retail marijuana. The bill repeals the exception for medical marijuana.

The bill streamlines the statutes related to license renewal by:

- ! Eliminating statutory timelines for local licensing and allowing local ordinance to determine the application timelines:
- ! Allowing a licensee that has submitted a timely renewal application to operate until the application is acted upon; and
- ! Repealing statutes related to the order in which state and local licenses must be processed.

Under current law, there are 2 separate licenses related to research: A research and development license and the research and development cultivation license. The bill merges the 2 licenses into one.

Current law allows medical research facilities and pesticide manufacturers to obtain medical marijuana without a license. The bill repeals that provision.

The bill gives the state licensing authorities the ability to seek injunctive relief and investigatory subpoenas from district courts.

Under current law, there is a broad grant of confidentiality to records and information related to licensees. The bill provides similar protections to applicants, patients, and customers. The bill also makes the following information that was confidential available to the public: Final agency actions, testing records on an aggregated and de-identified basis, applicant and licensee demographic information on an aggregated and de-identified basis, and enforcement forms and compliance checklists.

In both the medical marijuana code and the retail marijuana code, there are unlawful acts sections that create criminal violations, but the provisions in the 2 codes are not the same. The bill makes the unlawful acts consistent.

The bill makes it an unlawful act to engage in a regulated marijuana business without the proper license and to adulterate or alter samples of marijuana or marijuana products to circumvent testing requirements.

Under current law, a person is prohibited from being licensed if the person discharged a sentence for a felony within 5 years of applying for licensure or discharged a drug felony conviction within 10 years of

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applying for licensure. The bill changes the law so a person is prohibited from licensure if the person was convicted of a felony within 3 years of applying for licensure or is currently serving a sentence for a felony or a deferred judgment or sentence.

The bill creates the following new categories of ownership: Controlling beneficial owner, passive beneficial owner, and indirect financial interest holder.

Under current law, a patient who has submitted an application to be on the registry but has not received a patient card must present a copy of the application and a certified mail return receipt when purchasing medical marijuana at a center. The bill repeals the requirement for a certified mail return receipt and requires proof of application.

Under current law, all fine revenue in the medical marijuana and retail marijuana programs goes to the marijuana cash fund. Generally, state fine revenue is credited to the general fund. The bill directs all fine revenue to the general fund.

The bill directs the state licensing authorities to track information on license disqualifications based on criminal history.

The bill makes technical changes and repeals obsolete provisions.

Sections 45 and 47 of the bill combine the laws for regulated medical marijuana and retail marijuana, currently separate articles in title 44, into one article in title 44.

Sections 48 to 76 of the bill make conforming amendments.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 2 3 **SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 44-12-902 as 4 follows: 5 44-12-902. Unlawful open and public consumption. (1) THE 6 OPEN AND PUBLIC, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 18-18-102 (20.3), 7 CONSUMPTION OF MARIJUANA IS PROHIBITED. 8 (2) THE GOVERNING BODY OF A COUNTY, CITY, CITY AND COUNTY, 9 OR MUNICIPALITY MAY ADOPT AN ORDINANCE OR RESOLUTION 10 <u>AUTHORIZING MARIJUANA CONSUMPTION LOCATIONS OR CIRCUMSTANCES</u> 11 THAT ARE EXCEPTIONS TO THE PROHIBITION DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1) 12 OF THIS SECTION IF THE LOCATIONS ARE NOT ACCESSIBLE TO THE PUBLIC

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1	OR A SUBSTANTIAL NUMBER OF THE PUBLIC WITHOUT RESTRICTION,
2	INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO RESTRICTIONS ON THE AGE OF THE
3	MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC WHO ARE ALLOWED ACCESS TO SUCH LOCATION.
4	(3) The prohibition in subsection (1) of this section does
5	NOT APPLY TO ANY BUSINESS LICENSED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 12
6	THAT PERMITS CONSUMPTION ON ITS PREMISES IF THE BUSINESS IS
7	OPERATING WITHIN THE CONDITIONS OF LICENSURE.
8	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-1001, amend
9	(1) as follows:
10	44-11-1001. Sunset review - repeal of article. (1) This article
11	11 is repealed, effective September 1, 2019 2028.
12	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-12-1001, amend
13	(1) as follows:
14	44-12-1001. Sunset review - repeal of article. (1) This article
15	12 is repealed, effective September 1, 2019 2028.
16	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-34-104, repeal
17	(17)(a)(XIII) and (17)(a)(XV); and add (29)(a)(V) and (29)(a)(VI) as
18	follows:
19	24-34-104. General assembly review of regulatory agencies
20	and functions for repeal, continuation, or reestablishment - legislative
21	declaration - repeal. (17) (a) The following agencies, functions, or both,
22	are scheduled for repeal on September 1, 2019:
23	(XIII) The regulation of persons licensed in accordance with
24	article 11 of title 44;
25	(XV) The regulation of persons licensed pursuant to article 12 of
26	title 44.
27	(29) (a) The following agencies, functions, or both, are scheduled

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1	for repeal on September 1, 2028:
2	(V) (A) THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA CODE CREATED IN ARTICLE 11
3	OF TITLE 44.
4	(B) This subsection (29)(a)(V) is repealed, effective
5	January 1, 2020.
6	$(VI)(A)$ The retail marijuana code created in article $12\mathrm{of}$
7	TITLE 44.
8	(B) This subsection (29)(a)(VI) is repealed, effective
9	January 1, 2020.
10	
11	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-102, add
12	(20.3) as follows:
13	18-18-102. Definitions. As used in this article 18:
14	(20.3) (a) "OPEN" OR "OPENLY" MEANS OBSERVABLE BY THE
15	PUBLIC OR A SUBSTANTIAL NUMBER OF THE PUBLIC.
16	(b) "PUBLIC" OR "PUBLICLY" MEANS A PLACE TO WHICH THE
17	PUBLIC OR A SUBSTANTIAL NUMBER OF THE PUBLIC HAS ACCESS WITHOUT
18	RESTRICTION, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO STREETS AND HIGHWAYS,
19	TRANSPORTATION FACILITIES, PLACES OF AMUSEMENT, PARKS,
20	PLAYGROUNDS, AND THE COMMON AREAS OF BUILDINGS AND OTHER
21	<u>FACILITIES.</u>
22	(c) "OPEN AND PUBLIC" OR "OPENLY AND PUBLICLY" DOES NOT
23	INCLUDE ANY ACTIVITY OCCURRING ON PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY
24	BY THE OCCUPANT OR HIS OR HER GUESTS.
25	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add with amended
26	and relocated provisions, as those provisions will exist on July 1, 2019,
27	article 10 to title 44 as follows:

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1	ARTICLE 10
2	Regulated Marijuana
3	PART 1
4	COLORADO MARIJUANA CODE
5	44-10-101. Short title. The short title of this article 10 is
6	THE "COLORADO MARIJUANA CODE".
7	44-10-102. Legislative declaration. (1) [Formerly 44-11-102 (1)
8	and similar to 44-12-102 (1)] The general assembly hereby declares that
9	this article 11 shall be ARTICLE 10 IS deemed an exercise of the police
10	powers of the state for the protection of the economic and social welfare
11	and the health, peace, and morals of the people of this state.
12	(2) [Formerly 44-11-102 (2)] The general assembly further
13	declares that it is unlawful under state law to cultivate, manufacture,
14	distribute, or sell, or test medical marijuana and medical marijuana
15	PRODUCTS, except in compliance with the terms, conditions, limitations,
16	and restrictions in section 14 of article XVIII of the state constitution and
17	this article 11 ARTICLE 10 or when acting as a primary caregiver in
18	compliance with the terms, conditions, limitations, and restrictions of
19	section 25-1.5-106.
20	(3) [Formerly 44-12-102 (2)] The general assembly further
21	declares that it is unlawful under state law to cultivate, manufacture,
22	distribute, or sell retail marijuana and retail marijuana products, except in
23	compliance with the terms, conditions, limitations, and restrictions in
24	section 16 of article XVIII of the state constitution and this article 12
25	ARTICLE 10.
26	44-10-103. Definitions. [Formerly 44-11-104 introductory
27	portion and similar to 44-12-103 introductory portion] As used in this

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1	article 11 ARTICLE 10, unless the context otherwise requires:
2	(1) "ACCELERATOR CULTIVATOR" MEANS A PERSON QUALIFIED FOR
3	AN ACCELERATOR LICENSE, LICENSED TO CULTIVATE ON THE PREMISES OF
4	A RETAIL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY LICENSEE AND DISTRIBUTE
5	RETAIL MARIJUANA TO RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS MANUFACTURERS
6	AND RETAIL MARIJUANA STORES.
7	(2) "Accelerator-endorsed licensee" means a retail
8	MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY LICENSEE OR RETAIL MARIJUANA
9	PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER LICENSEE WHO HAS, PURSUANT TO RULE, BEEN
10	ENDORSED TO HOST AND OFFER TECHNICAL AND CAPITAL SUPPORT TO AN
11	ACCELERATOR LICENSEE OPERATING ON ITS PREMISES.
12	(3) "ACCELERATOR LICENSEE" MEANS A PERSON WHO HAS RESIDED
13	IN A CENSUS TRACT DESIGNATED BY THE OFFICE OF ECONOMIC
14	DEVELOPMENT AND INTERNATIONAL TRADE AS AN OPPORTUNITY ZONE FOR
15	FIVE OF THE TEN YEARS PRIOR TO APPLICATION AND HAS NOT BEEN THE
16	BENEFICIAL OWNER OF A LICENSE ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10.
17	(4) "ACCELERATOR MANUFACTURER" MEANS A PERSON QUALIFIED
18	FOR AN ACCELERATOR LICENSE, LICENSED TO MANUFACTURE AND
19	DISTRIBUTE RETAIL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATES AND RETAIL MARIJUANA
20	PRODUCTS ON THE PREMISES OF AN ACCELERATOR-ENDORSED
21	MANUFACTURING LICENSEE.
22	(5) "Affiliate" of a person or "affiliated" with a specified
23	PERSON MEANS A PERSON THAT DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, THROUGH ONE
24	OR MORE INTERMEDIARIES, CONTROLS OR IS CONTROLLED BY, OR IS UNDER
25	COMMON CONTROL WITH, THE PERSON SPECIFIED.
26	(6) "Control", "controls", "controlled", "controlling",
27	"CONTROLLED BY", AND "UNDER COMMON CONTROL WITH", MEANS THE

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1	POSSESSION, DIRECT OR INDIRECT, OF THE POWER TO DIRECT OR CAUSE THE
2	DIRECTION OF THE MANAGEMENT OR POLICIES OF A PERSON, WHETHER
3	THROUGH THE OWNERSHIP OF VOTING SECURITIES, BY CONTRACT, OR
4	OTHERWISE.
5	(7) "CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER" MEANS A PERSON THAT:
6	(a) IS THE BENEFICIAL OWNER OF FIVE PERCENT OR MORE OF THE
7	SECURITIES OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA
8	BUSINESS;
9	(b) IS AN AFFILIATE OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS, RETAIL
10	MARIJUANA BUSINESS, OR OF ANY OTHER CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL
11	OWNER OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA
12	BUSINESS AND INCLUDES WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY OFFICER, DIRECTOR,
13	MANAGING MEMBER, GENERAL PARTNER, OR TRUSTEE; OR
14	(c) IS OTHERWISE IN A POSITION TO EXERCISE CONTROL OVER THE
15	MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS, EXCEPT
16	AS AUTHORIZED BY SECTION 44-10-506.
17	(8) [Formerly 44-12-103 (2)] "Escorted" means appropriately
18	checked into the A limited access area and accompanied by a person
19	licensed by the state licensing authority; except that trade craftspeople not
20	normally engaged in the business of cultivating, processing, or selling, OR
21	TESTING retail REGULATED marijuana need not be accompanied on a
22	full-time basis, but only reasonably monitored.
23	(9) [Formerly 44-12-103 (3)] "Executive director" means the
24	executive director of the department of revenue.
25	(10) [Formerly 44-11-104 (1.7) and similar to 44-12-103
26	(3.3)] "Fibrous waste" means any roots, stalks, and stems from a medical
27	OR RETAIL marijuana plant.

-8(11) [Formerly 44-11-104 (2)] "Good cause", for purposes of refusing or denying a license renewal, reinstatement, or initial license issuance, means:

- (a) The licensee or applicant has violated, does not meet, or has failed to comply with any of the terms, conditions, or provisions of this article 11 ARTICLE 10; any rules promulgated pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10; or any supplemental local law, rules, or regulations;
- (b) The licensee or applicant has failed to comply with any special terms or conditions that were placed on its license pursuant to an order of the state or local licensing authority;
- (c) The licensed premises have been operated in a manner that adversely affects the public health or welfare or the safety of the immediate neighborhood in which the establishment is located.
- (12) [Formerly 44-12-103 (4) and similar to 44-11-104 (3)] "Immature plant" means a nonflowering marijuana plant that is no taller than eight inches and no wider than eight inches; is produced from a cutting, clipping, or seedling; and is in a cultivating container.
- (13) [Formerly 44-11-104 (4) and 44-12-103 (5)] "Indirect beneficial interest owner" means a holder of a permitted economic interest, a recipient of a commercially reasonable royalty associated with the use of intellectual property by a licensee, a licensed employee who receives a share of the profits from an employee benefit plan, a qualified institutional investor, or another similarly situated person or entity as determined by the state licensing authority. "INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER" MEANS A PERSON THAT IS NOT AN AFFILIATE OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS AND IS NOT OTHERWISE IN A POSITION TO EXERCISE CONTROL OVER THE MEDICAL

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1	MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS AND THAT:
2	(a) HOLDS A COMMERCIALLY REASONABLE ROYALTY INTEREST IN
3	EXCHANGE FOR A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS'S OR RETAIL MARIJUANA
4	BUSINESS'S USE OF THE PERSON'S INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY;
5	(b) HOLDS A PERMITTED ECONOMIC INTEREST THAT WAS ISSUED
6	PRIOR TO JANUARY 1, 2020, AND THAT HAS NOT BEEN CONVERTED INTO AN
7	OWNERSHIP INTEREST; OR
8	(c) IS A CONTRACT COUNTERPARTY WITH A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
9	BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS THAT HAS A DIRECT NEXUS TO
10	THE CULTIVATION, MANUFACTURE, SALE, OR TESTING OF REGULATED
11	MARIJUANA, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO A LEASE OF REAL PROPERTY
12	ON WHICH THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA
13	BUSINESS OPERATES, A LEASE OF EQUIPMENT USED IN THE CULTIVATION,
14	MANUFACTURING, SALE, OR TESTING OF REGULATED MARIJUANA, A
15	SECURED OR UNSECURED FINANCING AGREEMENT WITH THE MEDICAL
16	MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS, OR A SECURITY
17	CONTRACT WITH THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL
18	MARIJUANA BUSINESS; EXCEPT THAT THE CONTRACT SHALL NOT
19	COMPENSATE THE CONTRACT COUNTERPARTY WITH A PERCENTAGE OF
20	REVENUE OR PROFITS OF THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL
21	MARIJUANA BUSINESS.
22	(14) [Formerly 44-11-104 (4.2) and similar to 44-12-103
23	(5.2)] "Industrial fiber products" means intermediate or finished products
24	made from fibrous waste that are not intended for human or animal
25	consumption and are not usable or recognizable as medical OR RETAIL
26	marijuana. Industrial fiber products include but are not limited to cordage,
27	paper, fuel, textiles, bedding, insulation, construction materials, compost

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1	materials, and industrial materials.
2	(15) "INDUSTRIAL HEMP" MEANS A PLANT OF THE GENUS CANNABIS
3	AND ANY PART OF THE PLANT, WHETHER GROWING OR NOT, CONTAINING
4	A DELTA-9 TETRAHYDROCANNABINOL CONCENTRATION OF NO MORE THAN
5	THREE-TENTHS OF ONE PERCENT ON A DRY WEIGHT BASIS.
6	(16) "INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT" MEANS A FINISHED PRODUCT
7	CONTAINING INDUSTRIAL HEMP THAT:
8	(a) IS A COSMETIC, FOOD, FOOD ADDITIVE, OR HERB;
9	(b) Is for human use or consumption;
10	(c) CONTAINS ANY PART OF THE HEMP PLANT, INCLUDING
11	NATURALLY OCCURRING CANNABINOIDS, COMPOUNDS, CONCENTRATES,
12	EXTRACTS, ISOLATES, RESINS, OR DERIVATIVES; AND
13	(d) Contains a delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol
14	CONCENTRATION OF NO MORE THAN THREE-TENTHS OF ONE PERCENT ON
15	A DRY WEIGHT BASIS.
16	(17) [Formerly 44-11-104 (5) and similar to 44-12-103
17	(6)] "License" means to grant a license or registration pursuant to this
18	article 11 ARTICLE 10.
19	(18) [Formerly 44-12-103 (7) and similar to 44-11-104
20	(6)] "Licensed premises" means the premises specified in an application
21	for a license under this article 12, which ARTICLE 10 THAT are owned or
22	in possession of the licensee and within which the licensee is authorized
23	to cultivate, manufacture, distribute, sell, or test retail REGULATED
24	marijuana and retail marijuana REGULATED MARIJUANA products in
25	accordance with this article 12 ARTICLE 10.
26	(19) [Formerly 44-11-104 (7) and similar to 44-12-103
27	(8)] "Licensee" means a person licensed or registered pursuant to this

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(20) [Formerly 44-12-105 and similar to 44-11-105] "LIMITED
ACCESS AREAS", subject to the provisions of section 44-12-701, a limited
access area shall be SECTION 44-10-1001, MEANS a building, room, or
other contiguous area upon the licensed premises where retail REGULATED
marijuana and retail marijuana REGULATED MARIJUANA products are
cultivated, MANUFACTURED, stored, weighed, packaged, SOLD, POSSESSED
FOR SALE, or tested, under control of the licensee, with access limited to
only those persons licensed by the state licensing authority and those
visitors escorted by a person licensed by the state licensing authority. All
areas of ingress or egress to limited access areas shall MUST be clearly
identified as such by a sign as designated by the state licensing authority.
(21) [Formerly 44-12-103 (9)] "Local jurisdiction" means a
locality as defined in section 16 (2)(e) of article XVIII of the state
constitution.
(22) [Formerly 44-12-103 (10) and similar to 44-11-104
(8)] "Local licensing authority" means for any local jurisdiction that has
chosen to adopt a local licensing requirement in addition to the state
licensing requirements of this article 12, an authority designated by
licensing requirements of this article 12, an authority designated by municipal, county, or city and county charter, ordinance, or resolution, or
municipal, county, or city and county charter, ordinance, or resolution, or
municipal, county, or city and county charter, ordinance, or resolution, or the governing body of a municipality or city and county, or the board of
municipal, county, or city and county charter, ordinance, or resolution, or the governing body of a municipality or city and county, or the board of county commissioners of a county if no such authority is designated.
municipal, county, or city and county charter, ordinance, or resolution, or the governing body of a municipality or city and county, or the board of county commissioners of a county if no such authority is designated. (23) [Formerly 44-11-104 (9) and 44-12-103 (11)] "Location"

(24) [Formerly 44-12-103 (12)] "Marijuana accessories" has the

same meaning as defined in section 16 (2)(g) of article XVIII of the state

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27

1	constitution.
2	(25) [Formerly 44-11-104 (10) and similar to 44-12-103
3	(13)] "Marijuana-based workforce development or training program'
4	means a program designed to train individuals to work in the legal
5	medical REGULATED marijuana industry operated by an entity licensed
6	under this article 11 ARTICLE 10 or by a school that is authorized by the
7	private occupational school division.
8	(26) [Formerly 44-11-104 (11)] "Medical marijuana" means
9	marijuana that is grown and sold pursuant to the provisions of this article
10	11 ARTICLE 10 and for a purpose authorized by section 14 of article XVIII
11	of the state constitution but shall not be considered a nonprescription drug
12	for purposes of section 12-42.5-102 (21) or 39-26-717, or an
13	over-the-counter medication for purposes of section 25.5-5-322. IF THE
14	CONTEXT REQUIRES, MEDICAL MARIJUANA INCLUDES MEDICAL MARIJUANA
15	CONCENTRATE AND MEDICAL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS.
16	(27) "MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS" MEANS ANY OF THE
17	FOLLOWING ENTITIES LICENSED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10: A
18	MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORE, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION
19	FACILITY, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER, A MEDICAL
20	MARIJUANA TESTING FACILITY, A MARIJUANA RESEARCH AND
21	DEVELOPMENT LICENSEE, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OPERATOR, OR
22	A MEDICAL MARIJUANA TRANSPORTER.
23	(28) [Formerly 44-11-104 (12)] "Medical marijuana business
24	operator" means an entity or person who THAT is not an owner and who
25	THAT is licensed to provide professional operational services to a medical
26	marijuana establishment BUSINESS for direct remuneration from the

medical marijuana establishment BUSINESS.

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1	(29) [Formerly 44-11-104 (19)] "Optional premises cultivation
2	operation" "MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY" means a person
3	licensed pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10 to operate a business as
4	described in section 44-11-403 SECTION 44-10-502.
5	(30) [Formerly 44-11-104 (15)] "Medical marijuana-infused
6	MARIJUANA product" means a product infused with medical marijuana
7	that is intended for use or consumption other than by smoking, including
8	but not limited to edible products, ointments, and tinctures. These
9	products, when manufactured or sold by a licensed medical marijuana
10	center or a medical marijuana-infused products manufacturer, shall not be
11	considered a food or drug for the purposes of the "Colorado Food and
12	Drug Act", part 4 of article 5 of title 25.
13	(31) [Formerly 44-11-104 (16)] "Medical marijuana-infused
14	MARIJUANA products manufacturer" means a person licensed pursuant to
15	this article 11 ARTICLE 10 to operate a business as described in section
16	44-11-404 SECTION 44-10-503.
17	(32) [Formerly 44-11-104 (13)] "Medical marijuana center
18	STORE" means a person licensed pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10 to
19	operate a business as described in section 44-11-402 SECTION 44-10-501
20	that sells medical marijuana to registered patients or primary
21	CAREGIVER as defined in section 14 of article XVIII of the state
22	constitution, but is not a primary caregiver.
23	(33) [Formerly 44-11-104 (14)] "Medical marijuana transporter"
24	means an entity or person that is licensed to transport medical marijuana
25	and medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products from one medical
26	marijuana establishment BUSINESS to another medical marijuana
27	establishment BUSINESS and to temporarily store the transported medical

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1	marijuana and medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products at its
2	licensed premises, but is not authorized to sell medical marijuana or
3	medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products under any circumstances.
4	(34) [Formerly 44-12-103 (14)] "Mobile distribution center"
5	means any vehicle other than a common passenger light-duty vehicle with
6	a short wheel base used to carry a quantity of marijuana greater than one
7	ounce.
8	(35) [Formerly 44-11-104 (17) and 44-12-103 (15)] "Opaque"
9	means that the packaging does not allow the product to be seen without
10	opening the packaging material.
11	(36) [Formerly 44-12-103 (16)] "Operating fees", as referred to
12	in section 16 (5)(f) of article XVIII of the state constitution, means fees
13	that may be charged by a local jurisdiction for costs, including but not
14	limited to inspection, administration, and enforcement of retail marijuana
15	establishments BUSINESSES authorized pursuant to this article 12 ARTICLE
16	10.
17	(37) "PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER" MEANS A PERSON THAT IS NOT
18	AN AFFILIATE OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR A RETAIL
19	MARIJUANA BUSINESS, IS NOT OTHERWISE IN A POSITION TO EXERCISE
20	CONTROL OVER THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA
21	BUSINESS, AND IS THE BENEFICIAL OWNER OF LESS THAN FIVE PERCENT OF
22	THE SECURITIES OF THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL
23	MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR IS A QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL INVESTOR.
24	(38) [Formerly 44-11-104 (20) and similar to 44-12-103
25	(17)] "Permitted economic interest" means any unsecured convertible
26	debt instrument, option agreement, warrant, or any other right to obtain
27	an ownership interest when the holder of such interest is a natural person

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1	who is a lawful United States resident and whose right to convert into an
2	ownership interest is contingent on the holder qualifying and obtaining a
3	license as an owner under this article 11 ARTICLE 10, or such other
4	agreements as may be permitted by rule of the state licensing authority.
5	(39) [Formerly 44-12-103 (18) and similar to 44-11-104
6	(21)] "Person" means a natural person, partnership, association, company,
7	corporation, limited liability company, or organization; except that
8	"person" does not include any governmental organization.
9	(40) [Formerly 44-12-103 (19) and similar to 44-11-104
10	(22)] "Premises" means a distinctly identified, as required by the state
11	licensing authority, and definite location, which may include a building,
12	a part of a building, a room, or any other definite contiguous area.
13	(41) [Similar to 44-11-307 (7) and 44-12-306 (7)] "QUALIFIED
14	INSTITUTIONAL INVESTOR" MEANS AN INSTITUTIONAL INVESTOR THAT IS
15	A PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER HOLDING NO MORE THAN THIRTY PERCENT
16	IN THE LICENSEE AND THAT IS:
17	(a) A BANK AS DEFINED IN SECTION 3 (a)(6) OF THE FEDERAL
18	"Securities Exchange Act of 1934", as amended;
19	(b) An insurance company as defined in section 2 (a)(17) of
20	THE FEDERAL "INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940", AS AMENDED;
21	(c) An investment company registered under section 8 of
22	THE FEDERAL "INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940", AS AMENDED;
23	(d) An investment adviser registered under section $203\mathrm{of}$
24	THE FEDERAL "INVESTMENT ADVISERS ACT OF 1940", AS AMENDED;
25	(e) Collective trust funds as defined in Section 3 (c)(11) of
26	THE FEDERAL "INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940", AS AMENDED;
27	(f) AN EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN OR PENSION FUND THAT IS

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1	SUBJECT TO THE FEDERAL EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT INCOME SECURITY
2	ACT OF 1974", AS AMENDED, EXCLUDING AN EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN OR
3	PENSION FUND SPONSORED BY A LICENSEE OR AN INTERMEDIARY OR
4	HOLDING COMPANY LICENSEE THAT DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY OWNS FIVE
5	PERCENT OR MORE OF A LICENSEE;
6	(g) A STATE OR FEDERAL GOVERNMENT PENSION PLAN;
7	(h) A GROUP COMPRISED ENTIRELY OF PERSONS SPECIFIED IN
8	SUBSECTIONS (38)(a) TO (38)(g) OF THIS SECTION; OR
9	(i) ANY OTHER ENTITY IDENTIFIED THROUGH RULE BY THE STATE
10	LICENSING AUTHORITY.
11	(42) "REGULATED MARIJUANA" MEANS MEDICAL MARIJUANA AND
12	RETAIL MARIJUANA. IF THE CONTEXT REQUIRES, REGULATED MARIJUANA
13	INCLUDES MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE, MEDICAL MARIJUANA
14	PRODUCTS, RETAIL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE, AND RETAIL MARIJUANA
15	PRODUCTS.
16	(43) "REGULATED MARIJUANA PRODUCTS" MEANS MEDICAL
17	MARIJUANA PRODUCTS AND RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS.
18	(44) [Formerly 44-12-103 (21) and similar to 44-11-104
19	(24)] "Resealable" means that the package continues to function within
20	effectiveness specifications, which shall be established by the state
21	licensing authority similar to the federal "Poison Prevention Packaging
22	Act of 1970", 15 U.S.C. sec. 1471 et seq., for the number of openings and
23	closings customary for its size and contents, which shall be determined
24	by the state licensing authority.
25	(45) [Formerly 44-12-103 (22)] "Retail marijuana" means
26	"marijuana" or "marihuana", as defined in section 16 (2)(f) of article
2.7	XVIII of the state constitution that is cultivated manufactured

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1	distributed, or sold by a licensed retail marijuana establishment BUSINESS.
2	IF THE CONTEXT REQUIRES, RETAIL MARIJUANA INCLUDES RETAIL
3	MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE AND RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS.
4	(46) [Formerly 44-12-103 (24)] "Retail marijuana establishment
5	BUSINESS" means a retail marijuana store, a retail marijuana cultivation
6	facility, a retail marijuana products manufacturer, or a retail marijuana
7	testing facility, A RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OPERATOR, OR A RETAIL
8	MARIJUANA TRANSPORTER LICENSED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10.
9	(47) [Formerly 44-12-103 (25)] "Retail marijuana establishment
10	BUSINESS operator" means an entity or person that is not an owner and
11	that is licensed to provide professional operational services to a retail
12	marijuana establishment BUSINESS for direct remuneration from the retail
13	marijuana establishment BUSINESS.
14	(48) [Formerly 44-12-103 (23)] "Retail marijuana cultivation
15	facility" has the same meaning as "marijuana cultivation facility" as
16	defined in section 16 (2)(h) of article XVIII of the state constitution.
17	(49) [Formerly 44-12-103 (26)] "Retail marijuana products"
18	means "marijuana products" as defined in section 16 (2)(k) of article
19	XVIII of the state constitution that are produced at a retail marijuana
20	products manufacturer.
21	(50) [Formerly 44-12-103 (27)] "Retail marijuana products
22	manufacturer" has the same meaning as "marijuana product
23	manufacturing facility" as defined in section 16 (2)(j) of article XVIII of
24	the state constitution.
25	(51) [Formerly 44-12-103 (28)] "Retail marijuana store" has the
26	same meaning as defined in section 16 (2)(n) of article XVIII of the state
27	constitution.

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1	(52) [Formerly 44-12-103 (29)] "Retail marijuana testing facility"
2	means "marijuana testing facility" as defined in section 16 (2)(1) of article
3	XVIII of the state constitution that is licensed pursuant to this article 12
4	ARTICLE 10.
5	(53) [Formerly 44-12-103 (30)] "Retail marijuana transporter"
6	means an entity or person that is licensed to transport retail marijuana and
7	retail marijuana products from one retail marijuana establishment
8	BUSINESS to another retail marijuana establishment BUSINESS and to
9	temporarily store the transported retail marijuana and retail marijuana
10	products at its licensed premises, but is not authorized to sell retail
11	marijuana or retail marijuana products under any circumstances.
12	(54) [Formerly 44-12-103 (31)] "Sale" or "sell" includes to
13	exchange, barter, or traffic in; to solicit or receive and order except
14	through a licensee licensed under this article 12 ARTICLE 10; to deliver for
15	value in any way other than gratuitously; to peddle or possess with intent
16	to sell; or to traffic in for any consideration promised or obtained directly
17	or indirectly.
18	(55) [Formerly 44-12-103 (32) and similar to 44-11-104
19	(25)] "School" means a public or private preschool or a public or private
20	elementary, middle, junior high, or high school or institution of higher
21	education.
22	(56) [Formerly 44-12-103 (33) and similar to 44-11-104
23	(26)] "State licensing authority" means the authority created for the
24	purpose of regulating and controlling the licensing of the cultivation,
25	manufacture, distribution, sale, and testing of retail REGULATED marijuana
26	in this state pursuant to section 44-12-201 SECTION 44-10-201.
27	44-10-104. Applicability - medical marijuana - retail

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marijuana. [Formerly 44-11-103 (1)] (1) (a) On July 1, 2010, a person who is operating an established, locally approved business for the purpose of cultivation, manufacture, or sale of medical marijuana or medical marijuana-infused products or a person who has applied to a local government to operate a locally approved business for the purpose of cultivation, manufacture, or sale of medical marijuana or medical marijuana-infused products that is subsequently granted may continue to operate that business in accordance with any applicable state or local laws. "Established", as used in this subsection (1)(a), shall mean owning or leasing a space with a storefront and remitting sales taxes in a timely manner on retail sales of the business as required pursuant to section 39-26-105, as well as any applicable local sales taxes.

(b) To continue operating a business or operation as described in subsection (1)(a) of this section, the owner shall, on or before August 1, 2010, complete forms as provided by the department of revenue and shall pay a fee, which shall be credited to the medical marijuana license cash fund established pursuant to section 44-11-501. The purpose of the fee shall be to pay for the direct and indirect costs of the state licensing authority and the development of application procedures and rules necessary to implement this article 11. Payment of the fee and completion of the form shall not create a local or state license or a present or future entitlement to receive a license. An owner issued a local license after August 1, 2010, shall complete the forms and pay the fee pursuant to this subsection (1)(b) within thirty days after issuance of the local license. In addition to any criminal penalties for selling without a license, it shall be unlawful to continue operating a business or operation without filing the forms and paying the fee as described in this subsection (1)(b), and any

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violation of this section shall be prima facie evidence of unsatisfactory character, record, and reputation for any future application for license under this article 11.

(c) A county, city and county, or municipality shall provide to the state licensing authority, upon request, a list that includes the name and location of each local center or operation licensed in said county, city and county, or municipality so that the state licensing authority can identify any center or operation operating unlawfully.

(2) (1) (a) [Formerly 44-11-103 (2)(a)] Prior to July 1, 2011, A county, city and county, or municipality may adopt and enforce a resolution or ordinance licensing, regulating, or prohibiting the cultivation or sale of medical marijuana. In a county, city and county, or municipality where such an ordinance or resolution has been adopted, a person who is not registered as a patient or primary caregiver pursuant to section 25-1.5-106 and who is cultivating or selling medical marijuana shall IS not be entitled to an affirmative defense to a criminal prosecution as provided for in section 14 of article XVIII of the state constitution unless the person is in compliance with the applicable county or municipal law.

[Formerly 44-11-103 (2)(b)] (b) On or before September 1, 2010, a business or operation shall certify that it is cultivating at least seventy percent of the medical marijuana necessary for its operation.

(b) [Formerly 44-11-106] The operation of this article 11 ARTICLE 10 AS IT RELATES TO MEDICAL MARIJUANA shall be statewide unless a municipality, county, city, or city and county, by either a majority of the registered electors of the municipality, county, city, or city and county voting at a regular election or special election called in accordance with the "Colorado Municipal Election Code of 1965", article 10 of title 31, or

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the "Uniform Election Code of 1992", articles 1 to 13 of title 1, as applicable, or a majority of the members of the governing board for the municipality, county, city, or city and county, vote to prohibit the operation of medical marijuana centers, optional premises cultivation operations STORES, MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITIES, and medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturers' licenses.

(c) [Formerly 44-11-103 (2)(c)] On and after July 1, 2011, All businesses for the purpose of cultivation, manufacture, or sale of medical marijuana or medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products, as defined in this article 11, shall be ARTICLE 10 ARE subject to the terms and conditions of this article 11 ARTICLE 10 and any rules promulgated pursuant to this article 11; except that a person that has met the deadlines set forth in subsections (1)(a) and (1)(b) of this section that has not had its application acted upon by the state licensing authority may continue to operate until action is taken on the application, unless the person is operating in a jurisdiction that has imposed a prohibition on licensure. While continuing to operate prior to the licensing authority acting on the application, the person shall otherwise be subject to the terms and conditions of this article 11 and all rules promulgated pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10.

[Formerly 44-11-103 (2)(d)] (d) (l) On and after July 1, 2012, persons who did not meet all requirements of subsection (1)(a) of this section as of July 1, 2010, may begin to apply for a license pursuant to this article 11. A business or operation that applies and is approved for its license after July 1, 2012, shall certify to the state licensing authority that it is cultivating at least seventy percent of the medical marijuana necessary for its operation within ninety days after being licensed.

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(II) For those persons that are licensed prior to July 1, 2012, the person may apply to the local and state licensing authorities regarding changes to its license and may apply for a new license if the license is for a business that has been licensed and the person is purchasing that business or if the business is changing license type.

(III) For a person who has met the deadlines set forth in subsections (1)(a) and (1)(b) of this section and who has lost his or her location because a city or county has voted pursuant to section 44-11-106 to ban his or her operation, the person may apply for a new license with a local licensing authority and transfer the location of its pending application with the state licensing authority.

[Formerly 44-11-103 (2)(e)] (e) This article 11 sets forth the exclusive means by which manufacture, sale, distribution, and dispensing of medical marijuana may occur in the state of Colorado. Licensees shall not be subject to the terms of section 14 of article XVIII of the state constitution, except where specifically referenced in this article 11.

[Formerly 44-12-104 (1)] (1) (a) (I) On or after October 1, 2013, a person who is operating in good standing a licensed medical marijuana center, an optional premises cultivation license, or a licensed medical marijuana-infused products business or a person who had a pending application with the state licensing authority prior to December 10, 2012, has paid all applicable licensing fees, and has not yet had that application approved may apply for a retail marijuana establishment license under this article 12.

(II) An applicant pursuant to this subsection (1)(a) shall indicate whether he or she wants to surrender the current medical marijuana license issued pursuant to part 4 of article 11 of this title 44 or intends to

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retain the license in addition to the retail marijuana establishment license.

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(III) If the applicant indicates a desire to surrender the medical marijuana license, the applicant shall continue to operate under that license so long as the license remains in effect until a retail marijuana establishment license is approved. If the retail marijuana establishment license is granted, the applicant shall have fourteen days from the effective date of the license to surrender the medical marijuana license to the state licensing authority. If the retail marijuana license is granted, on the effective date of the license, all medical marijuana plants and inventory shall become retail marijuana plants and inventory on the date of the retail marijuana establishment license; except that beginning on July 1, 2016, an applicant shall not be allowed to transfer medical marijuana plants and inventory from a medical marijuana center or from a medical marijuana-infused products manufacturer to any retail marijuana establishment. Beginning on July 1, 2016, the only transfer of medical marijuana allowed pursuant to this subsection (1)(a)(III) is the transfer of medical marijuana plants and inventory from a medical marijuana cultivation facility to a retail marijuana cultivation facility.

(IV) An applicant pursuant to this subsection (1)(a) may apply for a retail marijuana establishment license and retain the medical marijuana licensed operation and the retail marijuana establishment at the same location only if the local jurisdiction permits the medical marijuana licensed operation and the retail marijuana establishment to be operated at the same location. At the time that the retail marijuana establishment license becomes effective, the applicant shall identify the medical marijuana inventory that will become retail marijuana inventory; except that beginning on July 1,

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2016, an applicant shall not be allowed to transfer medical marijuana inventory from a medical marijuana center or from a medical marijuana-infused products manufacturer to any retail marijuana establishment. Beginning on July 1, 2016, the only transfer of medical marijuana allowed pursuant to this subsection (1)(a)(IV) is the transfer of medical marijuana inventory from a medical marijuana cultivation facility to a retail marijuana cultivation facility.

- (V) An applicant pursuant to this subsection (1)(a) who retains a medical marijuana license and obtains a retail marijuana establishment license for the two licensed premises must maintain actual physical separation between the two or only sell medical marijuana to persons twenty-one years of age or older.
- (b) On and after July 1, 2014, persons who did not meet the requirements of subsection (1)(a)(I) of this section may apply for licensure pursuant to this article 12. A license issued to a person pursuant to this subsection (1)(b) is not effective until October 1, 2014.
- (2) [Formerly 44-12-104 (2)] (a) A person applying pursuant to subsection (1) of this section shall FOR LICENSURE PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10 MUST complete forms as provided by the state licensing authority and shall MUST pay the application fee and the licensing fee, which shall MUST be credited to the marijuana cash fund established pursuant to section 44-11-501 SECTION 44-10-801. The state licensing authority shall forward, within seven days, one-half of the RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS license application fee to the local jurisdiction unless the local jurisdiction has prohibited the operation of retail marijuana establishments BUSINESSES pursuant to section 16 (5)(f) of article XVIII of the state constitution. If the license is denied, the state

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licensing authority shall refund the licensing fee to the applicant.

- (b) The state licensing authority shall act upon an A RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS LICENSE application made pursuant to subsection (1) SUBSECTION (1)(a) of this section no sooner than forty-five days and no later than ninety days after the date of the RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS LICENSE application. The state licensing authority shall process RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS LICENSE applications in the order in which complete applications are received by the state licensing authority.
- (3) [Formerly 44-12-104 (3)] As provided in section 16 (5)(f) of article XVIII of the state constitution, any local jurisdiction may enact ordinances or regulations governing the time, place, manner, and number of retail marijuana establishments BUSINESSES, which may include a local licensing requirement, or may prohibit the operation of retail marijuana establishments BUSINESSES through the enactment of an ordinance or through a referred or initiated measure. If a county acts through an initiated measure, the proponents shall submit a petition signed by not less than fifteen percent of the registered electors in the county.
- (4) [Formerly 44-12-104 (4) and similar to 44-11-103 (2)(e)] This article 12 ARTICLE 10 sets forth the exclusive means by which cultivation, manufacture, sale, distribution, dispensing, and testing of retail REGULATED marijuana and retail REGULATED marijuana products may occur in the state of Colorado.
- (5) (a) [Formerly 44-12-104 (5)] Nothing in this article 12 ARTICLE 10 is intended to require an employer to permit or accommodate the use, consumption, possession, transfer, display, transportation, sale, or cultivating of REGULATED marijuana in the workplace or to affect the ability of employers to have policies restricting the use of marijuana by

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1	employees.
2	(b) Nothing in this article 12 ARTICLE 10 prohibits a person,
3	employer, school, hospital, detention facility, corporation, or any other
4	entity who THAT occupies, owns, or controls a property from prohibiting
5	or otherwise regulating the possession, consumption, use, display,
6	transfer, distribution, sale, transportation, or cultivating of REGULATED
7	marijuana on or in that property.
8	(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this
9	SUBSECTION (5), HOLDING OR EXERCISING THE PRIVILEGES OF ANY LICENSE
10	ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10 SHALL NOT CONSTITUTE AN
11	UNSUITABLE OR UNLAWFUL ACT OR PRACTICE WITHIN THE MEANING OF
12	THE STATUTES AND RULES GOVERNING THE COLORADO LIMITED GAMING
13	CONTROL COMMISSION.
14	PART 2
15	STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY
1516	STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY 44-10-201. State licensing authority - creation.
16	44-10-201. State licensing authority - creation.
16 17	44-10-201. State licensing authority - creation. (1) (a) [Formerly 44-11-201 (1) and similar to 44-12-201] For the
16 17 18	44-10-201. State licensing authority - creation. (1) (a) [Formerly 44-11-201 (1) and similar to 44-12-201] For the purpose of regulating and controlling the licensing of the cultivation,
16 17 18 19	44-10-201. State licensing authority - creation. (1) (a) [Formerly 44-11-201 (1) and similar to 44-12-201] For the purpose of regulating and controlling the licensing of the cultivation, manufacture, distribution, and sale, AND TESTING of medical marijuana
16 17 18 19 20	44-10-201. State licensing authority - creation. (1) (a) [Formerly 44-11-201 (1) and similar to 44-12-201] For the purpose of regulating and controlling the licensing of the cultivation, manufacture, distribution, and sale, AND TESTING of medical marijuana and retail marijuana REGULATED MARIJUANA in this state, there is hereby
16 17 18 19 20 21	44-10-201. State licensing authority - creation. (1) (a) [Formerly 44-11-201 (1) and similar to 44-12-201] For the purpose of regulating and controlling the licensing of the cultivation, manufacture, distribution, and sale, AND TESTING of medical marijuana and retail marijuana REGULATED MARIJUANA in this state, there is hereby created the state licensing authority, which shall be Is the executive
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	44-10-201. State licensing authority - creation. (1) (a) [Formerly 44-11-201 (1) and similar to 44-12-201] For the purpose of regulating and controlling the licensing of the cultivation, manufacture, distribution, and sale, AND TESTING of medical marijuana and retail marijuana REGULATED MARIJUANA in this state, there is hereby created the state licensing authority, which shall be IS the executive director or the deputy director of the department if the executive director
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	44-10-201. State licensing authority - creation. (1) (a) [Formerly 44-11-201 (1) and similar to 44-12-201] For the purpose of regulating and controlling the licensing of the cultivation, manufacture, distribution, and sale, AND TESTING of medical marijuana and retail marijuana REGULATED MARIJUANA in this state, there is hereby created the state licensing authority, which shall be is the executive director or the deputy director of the department if the executive director so designates. The state licensing authority shall adopt regulations

sale, and testing of retail marijuana and retail marijuana products in this

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state, The state licensing authority ereated in section 44-11-201 shall also have ALSO HAS regulatory authority for retail marijuana and retail marijuana products as permitted in section 16 of article XVIII of the state constitution and this article 12 ARTICLE 10.

- (2) [Formerly 44-11-201 (2)] The executive director shall be IS the chief administrative officer of the state licensing authority and may employ, pursuant to section 13 of article XII of the state constitution, such officers and employees as may be determined to be necessary, which officers and employees shall be ARE part of the department.
- (3) [Formerly 44-11-201 (3)] A state licensing authority employee with regulatory oversight responsibilities for marijuana businesses licensed by the state licensing authority shall not work for, represent, or provide consulting services to or otherwise derive pecuniary gain from a MEDICAL OR RETAIL marijuana business licensed by the state licensing authority or other business entity established for the primary purpose of providing services to the marijuana industry for a period of six months following his or her last day of employment with the state licensing authority.
- (4) [Formerly 44-11-201 (4)] Any person who discloses confidential records or information in violation of the provisions of this article 11 ARTICLE 10 commits a class 1 misdemeanor and shall be punished as provided in section 18-1.3-501. Any criminal prosecution pursuant to the provisions of this section must be brought within five years from the date the violation occurred.
- 44-10-202. Powers and duties of state licensing authority rules legislative declaration. [Formerly 44-12-202 (2) introductory portion] (1) Powers and duties. The state licensing authority has the

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authority to SHALL:

- (a) DEVELOP AND MAINTAIN A SEED-TO-SALE TRACKING SYSTEM THAT TRACKS REGULATED MARIJUANA FROM EITHER THE SEED OR IMMATURE PLANT STAGE UNTIL THE REGULATED MARIJUANA OR REGULATED MARIJUANA PRODUCT IS SOLD TO A PATIENT AT A MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORE OR TO A CUSTOMER AT A RETAIL MARIJUANA STORE TO ENSURE THAT NO REGULATED MARIJUANA GROWN OR PROCESSED BY A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS IS SOLD OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED EXCEPT BY A MEDICAL OR RETAIL MARIJUANA STORE;
 - (b) [Formerly 44-12-202 (2)(a)] Grant or refuse state licenses for the cultivation, manufacture, distribution, sale, and testing of retail REGULATED marijuana and retail REGULATED marijuana products as provided by law; suspend, fine, restrict, or revoke such licenses, whether active, expired, or surrendered, upon a violation of this article 12 ARTICLE 10 or any rule promulgated pursuant to this article 12 ARTICLE 10; and impose any penalty authorized by this article 12 ARTICLE 10 or any rule promulgated pursuant to this article 12 ARTICLE 10. The state licensing authority may take any action with respect to a registration pursuant to this article 12 ARTICLE 10 as it may with respect to a license pursuant to this article 12 ARTICLE 10, in accordance with the procedures established pursuant to this article 12 ARTICLE 10.
 - (c) [Formerly 44-12-202 (2)(b)] Promulgate, on or before July 1, 2013, rules for the proper regulation and control of the cultivation, manufacture, distribution, sale, and testing of retail REGULATED marijuana and retail REGULATED marijuana products and for the enforcement of this article 12 ARTICLE 10 and promulgate amended rules and such special

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rulings and findings as necessary;

- (d) [Formerly 44-11-202 (1)(c)] Hear and determine at a public hearing any contested state license denial and any complaints against a licensee and administer oaths and issue subpoenas to require the presence of persons and the production of papers, books, and records necessary to the determination of any hearing so held, all in accordance with article 4 of title 24. The state licensing authority may, at its discretion, delegate to the department hearing officers the authority to conduct licensing, disciplinary, and rule-making hearings under PURSUANT TO section 24-4-105. When conducting the hearings, the hearing officers shall be ARE employees of the state licensing authority under the direction and supervision of the executive director and the state licensing authority.
- (e) [Formerly 44-11-202 (1)(e)] Develop such forms, licenses, identification cards, and applications as are necessary or convenient in the discretion of the state licensing authority for the administration of this article 11 ARTICLE 10 or any of the rules promulgated under PURSUANT TO this article 11 ARTICLE 10;
- (f) [Formerly 44-11-202 (1)(f)] Prepare and transmit annually, in the form and manner prescribed by the heads of the principal departments pursuant to section 24-1-136, a report accounting to the governor for the efficient discharge of all responsibilities assigned by law or directive to the state licensing authority; AND
- (g) COLLECT AND MAINTAIN DATA RELATED TO LICENSING DISQUALIFICATIONS AND ALL SANCTIONS BASED ON PAST CRIMINAL HISTORY PURSUANT TO THE REQUIREMENTS IN SECTION 24-34-104 (6)(b)(IX).
 - (2) NOTHING IN THIS ARTICLE 10 DELEGATES TO THE STATE

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1 LICENSING AUTHORITY THE POWER TO FIX PRICES FOR REGULATED
2 MARIJUANA.

- (3) NOTHING IN THIS ARTICLE 10 LIMITS A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY'S ABILITY TO INVESTIGATE UNLAWFUL ACTIVITY IN RELATION TO A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS. A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY HAS THE AUTHORITY TO RUN A COLORADO CRIME INFORMATION CENTER CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD CHECK OF A PRIMARY CAREGIVER, LICENSEE, OR EMPLOYEE OF A LICENSEE DURING AN INVESTIGATION OF UNLAWFUL ACTIVITY RELATED TO MEDICAL MARIJUANA. A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY HAS THE AUTHORITY TO RUN A COLORADO CRIME INFORMATION CENTER CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD CHECK OF A LICENSEE OR EMPLOYEE OF A LICENSEE DURING AN INVESTIGATION OF UNLAWFUL ACTIVITY RELATED TO REGULATED MARIJUANA AND REGULATED MARIJUANA PRODUCTS.
 - (4) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(a)(IV)(G)] The executive director of the department of public health and environment shall provide to the state licensing authority standards for licensing laboratories pursuant to the requirements as outlined in subsection (3)(a)(IV)(A) of this section SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(d)(II) for REGULATED marijuana and REGULATED marijuana products.

(5) (a) The state licensing authority has the authority to Petition a district court for an investigative subpoena applicable to <u>a person who is not licensed pursuant to this article 10</u> to obtain documents or information necessary to enforce the provisions of this article 10 and any rules promulgated pursuant to this article 10 after reasonable efforts have been made to obtain requested documents or

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1	INFORMATION WITHOUT A SUBPOENA.
2	(b) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY APPLY TO ANY COURT
3	OF COMPETENT JURISDICTION TO TEMPORARILY RESTRAIN OR
4	PRELIMINARILY OR PERMANENTLY ENJOIN THE ACT IN QUESTION $\underline{\text{OF A}}$
5	PERSON WHO IS NOT LICENSED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10 AND TO
6	ENFORCE COMPLIANCE WITH THIS ARTICLE 10 OR ANY RULE OR ORDER
7	ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10 WHENEVER IT APPEARS TO THE
8	STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY UPON SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE SATISFACTORY
9	TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY THAT ANY PERSON HAS BEEN OR IS
10	COMMITTING AN ACT PROHIBITED BY THIS ARTICLE 10, A RULE
11	PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10, A RULE OR AN ORDER
12	ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10, AND THE ACT:
13	(I) THREATENS PUBLIC HEALTH OR SAFETY;
14	(II) CONSTITUTES AN UNLAWFUL ACT FOR WHICH THE PERSON
15	does not hold the required license under this article 10 ; or
16	(III) CONSTITUTES A VIOLATION OF AN ORDER OF THE STATE
17	LICENSING AUTHORITY.
18	(6) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FINDS AND DECLARES THAT MATTERS
19	RELATED TO LABELING AS REGULATED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION AND
20	SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(f), PACKAGING AS REGULATED PURSUANT TO THIS
21	SECTION AND SECTION 44-10-203 (3)(b), AND TESTING AS REGULATED
22	PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION AND SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(d) ARE MATTERS
23	OF STATEWIDE CONCERN AND THE SOLE REGULATORY AUTHORITY FOR
24	LABELING, PACKAGING, AND TESTING IS SECTION 44-10-203.
25	44-10-203. State licensing authority - rules. (1) Permissive
26	rule-making. Rules promulgated pursuant to section 44-10-202
27	(1)(c) MAY INCLUDE BUT NEED NOT BE LIMITED TO THE FOLLOWING

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1	SUBJECTS:
2	(a) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(d)(V)] Labeling guidelines
3	concerning the total content of THC per unit of weight;
4	(b) [Formerly 44-11-202 (2)(a)(VII)] Control of informational
5	and product displays on licensed premises;
6	(c) [Formerly 44-11-202 (2)(a)(XVI) and 44-12-202
7	(3)(a)(XII)] Records to be kept by licensees and the required availability
8	of the records;
9	(d) [Formerly 44-11-202 (2)(a)(XX) and 44-12-202
10	(3)(a)(XV)] Rules effective on or before January 1, 2016, relating to
11	Permitted economic interests ISSUED PRIOR TO JANUARY 1, 2020,
12	including a process for a criminal history record check, a requirement that
13	a permitted economic interest applicant submit to and pass a criminal
14	history record check, a divestiture, and other agreements that would
15	qualify as permitted economic interests;
16	(e) [Formerly 44-11-202 (2)(a)(II) and 44-12-202
17	(3)(c)(I)] Specifications of duties of officers and employees of the state
18	licensing authority;
19	(f) [Formerly 44-11-202 (2)(a)(III) and similar to 44-12-202
20	(3)(c)(II)] Instructions for local licensing authorities and law enforcement
21	officers;
22	(g) [Formerly 44-11-202 (2)(a)(IV) and 44-12-202
23	(3)(c)(III)] Requirements for inspections, investigations, searches,
24	seizures, forfeitures, and such additional activities as may become
25	necessary from time to time;
26	(h) [Formerly 44-11-202 (2)(a)(VI)] Prohibition of
27	misrepresentation and unfair practices;

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(1) [Formerly 44-11-202 (2)(a)(XXVI)] Marijuana research and
development licenses, and marijuana research and development
cultivation licenses, including application requirements; renewal
requirements, including whether additional research projects may be
added or considered; conditions for license revocation; security measures
to ensure marijuana is not diverted to purposes other than research or
diverted outside of the regulated marijuana market; the amount of plants,
useable marijuana, marijuana concentrates, or marijuana-infused
MARIJUANA products a licensee may have on its premises; licensee
reporting requirements; the conditions under which marijuana possessed
by medical marijuana licensees may be donated to marijuana research and
development licensees and marijuana research and development
cultivation licensees or transferred to a nonmetric-based research facility;
provisions to prevent contamination; requirements for destruction or
transfer of marijuana after the research is concluded; and any additional
requirements; AND
(j) [Formerly 44-11-202 (2)(a)(XXIV) and similar to 44-12-202
(3)(c)(VIII)] Such other matters as are necessary for the fair, impartial,
stringent, and comprehensive administration of this article 11 ARTICLE 10.
(2) Mandatory rule-making. Rules Promulgated Pursuant
TO SECTION 44-10-202 (1)(c) MUST INCLUDE BUT NEED NOT BE LIMITED TO
THE FOLLOWING SUBJECTS:
(a) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(a)(I)] Procedures consistent with this
article 12 ARTICLE 10 for the issuance, renewal, suspension, and
revocation of licenses to operate MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESSES AND

(b) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(a)(II)] Subject to the limitations

retail marijuana establishments BUSINESSES;

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1 contained in section 16 (5)(a)(II) of article XVIII of the state constitution 2 and consistent with this article 12 ARTICLE 10, a schedule of application, 3 licensing, and renewal fees for MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESSES AND 4 retail marijuana establishments BUSINESSES; 5 (c) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(a)(III)] Qualifications for licensure under PURSUANT TO this article 12 ARTICLE 10, including but not limited 6 7 to the requirement for a fingerprint-based criminal history record check 8 for all CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL owners, officers PASSIVE BENEFICIAL 9 OWNERS, managers, contractors, employees, and other support staff of 10 entities licensed pursuant to this article 12 ARTICLE 10; 11 (d) (I) [Similar to 44-11-202 (3)(a)(I) and 44-12-202 12 (3)(a)(IV)] ESTABLISHMENT OF A MARIJUANA AND MARIJUANA PRODUCTS 13 INDEPENDENT TESTING AND CERTIFICATION PROGRAM FOR MARIJUANA 14 BUSINESS LICENSEES, WITHIN AN IMPLEMENTATION TIME FRAME 15 ESTABLISHED BY THE DEPARTMENT, REQUIRING LICENSEES TO TEST 16 MARIJUANA AND INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCTS TO ENSURE, AT A MINIMUM, 17 THAT PRODUCTS SOLD FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION BY PERSONS LICENSED 18 PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10 DO NOT CONTAIN CONTAMINANTS THAT 19 ARE INJURIOUS TO HEALTH AND TO ENSURE CORRECT LABELING. 20 (II)TESTING MAY INCLUDE ANALYSIS FOR MICROBIAL AND 21 RESIDUAL SOLVENTS AND CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL CONTAMINANTS 22 DEEMED TO BE PUBLIC HEALTH HAZARDS BY THE COLORADO DEPARTMENT 23 OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT BASED ON MEDICAL REPORTS AND 24 PUBLISHED SCIENTIFIC LITERATURE. 25 (III) (A) IF TEST RESULTS INDICATE THE PRESENCE OF QUANTITIES 26 OF ANY SUBSTANCE DETERMINED TO BE INJURIOUS TO HEALTH, THE

MEDICAL MARIJUANA OR RETAIL MARIJUANA LICENSEE SHALL

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1	IMMEDIATELY QUARANTINE THE PRODUCTS AND NOTIFY THE STATE
2	LICENSING AUTHORITY. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL GIVE THE
3	LICENSEE AN OPPORTUNITY TO REMEDIATE THE PRODUCT IF THE TEST
4	INDICATED THE PRESENCE OF A MICROBIAL. IF THE LICENSEE IS UNABLE TO
5	REMEDIATE THE PRODUCT, THE LICENSEE SHALL DOCUMENT AND
6	PROPERLY DESTROY THE ADULTERATED PRODUCT.
7	(B) IF RETAIL MARIJUANA OR RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCT TEST
8	RESULTS INDICATE THE PRESENCE OF QUANTITIES OF ANY SUBSTANCE
9	DETERMINED TO BE INJURIOUS TO HEALTH, THE STATE LICENSING
10	AUTHORITY SHALL GIVE THE LICENSEE AN OPPORTUNITY TO RETEST THE
11	RETAIL MARIJUANA OR RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCT.
12	(C) IF TWO ADDITIONAL TESTS OF THE RETAIL MARIJUANA OR
13	RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCT DO NOT INDICATE THE PRESENCE OF
14	QUANTITIES OF ANY SUBSTANCE DETERMINED TO BE INJURIOUS TO
15	HEALTH, THE PRODUCT MAY BE USED OR SOLD BY THE RETAIL MARIJUANA
16	LICENSEE.
17	(IV) (A) TESTING MUST ALSO VERIFY THC POTENCY
18	REPRESENTATIONS AND HOMOGENEITY FOR CORRECT LABELING AND
19	PROVIDE A CANNABINOID PROFILE FOR THE REGULATED MARIJUANA
20	PRODUCT.
21	(B) AN INDIVIDUAL RETAIL MARIJUANA PIECE OF TEN MILLIGRAMS
22	OR LESS THAT HAS GONE THROUGH PROCESS VALIDATION IS EXEMPT FROM
23	CONTINUED HOMOGENEITY TESTING.
24	(C) HOMOGENEITY TESTING FOR ONE HUNDRED MILLIGRAM
25	SERVINGS OF RETAIL MARIJUANA MAY UTILIZE VALIDATION MEASURES.
26	(V) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL DETERMINE AN

ACCEPTABLE VARIANCE FOR POTENCY REPRESENTATIONS AND

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1	PROCEDURES TO ADDRESS POTENCY MISREPRESENTATIONS. THE STATE					
2	LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL DETERMINE AN ACCEPTABLE VARIANCE OF					
3	AT LEAST PLUS OR MINUS FIFTEEN PERCENT FOR POTENCY					
4	REPRESENTATIONS AND PROCEDURES TO ADDRESS POTENCY					
5	MISREPRESENTATIONS.					
6	(VI) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL DETERMINE THE					
7	PROTOCOLS AND FREQUENCY OF REGULATED MARIJUANA TESTING BY					
8	LICENSEES.					
9	(VII) A STATE, LOCAL, OR MUNICIPAL AGENCY SHALL NOT EMPLOY					
10	OR USE THE RESULTS OF ANY TEST OF REGULATED MARIJUANA OR					
11	REGULATED MARIJUANA PRODUCTS CONDUCTED BY AN ANALYTICAL					
12	LABORATORY THAT IS NOT CERTIFIED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION					
13	(2)(d)(VII) FOR THE PARTICULAR TESTING CATEGORY OR THAT IS NOT					
14	ACCREDITED TO THE INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR					
15	STANDARDIZATION/INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION					
16	17025:2005 STANDARD, OR ANY SUBSEQUENT SUPERSEDING STANDARD,					
17	IN THAT FIELD OF TESTING. STARTING JANUARY 1, 2018, A STATE, LOCAL,					
18	OR MUNICIPAL AGENCY MAY USE OR EMPLOY THE RESULTS OF ANY TEST					
19	OF REGULATED MARIJUANA OR REGULATED MARIJUANA PRODUCTS					
20	CONDUCTED ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2018, BY AN ANALYTICAL					
21	LABORATORY THAT IS CERTIFIED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION					
22	(2)(d)(VII) for the particular testing category or is accredited					
23	PURSUANT TO THE INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR					
24	STANDARDIZATION/ INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION					
25	17025:2005 STANDARD, OR ANY SUBSEQUENT SUPERSEDING STANDARD,					
26	IN THAT FIELD OF TESTING.					
27	(VIII) On or before January 1, 2019, the state licensing					

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1	AUTHORITY SHALL REQUIRE A MEDICAL MARIJUANA TESTING FACILITY OR
2	RETAIL MARIJUANA TESTING FACILITY TO BE ACCREDITED BY A BODY THAT
3	is itself recognized by the International Laboratory
4	ACCREDITATION COOPERATION IN A CATEGORY OF TESTING PURSUANT TO
5	THE INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR
6	STANDARDIZATION/INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION
7	17025:2005 STANDARD, OR A SUBSEQUENT SUPERSEDING STANDARD, IN
8	ORDER TO RECEIVE CERTIFICATION OR MAINTAIN CERTIFICATION; EXCEPT
9	THAT THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY BY RULE ESTABLISH
10	CONDITIONS FOR PROVIDING EXTENSIONS TO A NEWLY LICENSED MEDICAL
11	MARIJUANA TESTING FACILITY OR RETAIL MARIJUANA TESTING FACILITY
12	FOR A PERIOD NOT TO EXCEED TWELVE MONTHS OR A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
13	TESTING FACILITY OR RETAIL MARIJUANA TESTING FACILITY FOR GOOD
14	CAUSE AS DEFINED BY RULES PROMULGATED BY THE STATE LICENSING
15	AUTHORITY, WHICH MUST INCLUDE BUT MAY NOT BE LIMITED TO WHEN AN
16	APPLICATION FOR ACCREDITATION HAS BEEN SUBMITTED AND IS PENDING
17	WITH A RECOGNIZED ACCREDITING BODY.
18	(IX) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL PROMULGATE RULES
19	THAT PREVENT OBSOLETE TESTING OF MARIJUANA AND MARIJUANA
20	PRODUCTS, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, POTENCY TESTING OF
21	MARIJUANA ALLOCATED TO EXTRACTIONS, AND CONTAMINANT TESTING
22	OF MARIJUANA PRODUCTS WHEN ALL INPUTS OF THE MARIJUANA PRODUCT
23	HAVE PASSED CONTAMINANT TESTING PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2)(d)
24	OF THIS SECTION.
25	(e) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(a)(V) and similar to 44-11-202
26	(2)(a)(X)] Security requirements for any premises licensed pursuant to
27	this article 12 ARTICLE 10, including, at a minimum, lighting, physical

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1	security, video, and alarm requirements, and other minimum procedures				
2	for internal control as deemed necessary by the state licensing authority				
3	to properly administer and enforce the provisions of this article 12				
4	ARTICLE 10, including reporting requirements for changes, alterations, or				
5	modifications to the premises;				
6	(f) [Similar to 44-11-202 (2)(a)(XIV) and 44-12-202				
7	(3)(a)(VII)] LABELING REQUIREMENTS FOR REGULATED MARIJUANA AND				
8	REGULATED MARIJUANA PRODUCTS SOLD BY A MEDICAL MARIJUANA				
9	BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS THAT ARE AT LEAST AS				
10	STRINGENT AS THOSE IMPOSED BY SECTION 25-4-1614 (3)(a) AND INCLUDE				
11	BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO:				
12	(I) WARNING LABELS;				
13	(II) AMOUNT OF THC PER SERVING AND THE NUMBER OF SERVINGS				
14	PER PACKAGE FOR REGULATED MARIJUANA PRODUCTS;				
15	(III) A UNIVERSAL SYMBOL INDICATING THAT THE PACKAGE				
16	CONTAINS MARIJUANA; AND				
17	(IV) POTENCY OF THE REGULATED MARIJUANA AND REGULATED				
18	MARIJUANA PRODUCTS;				
19	(g) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(a)(VIII)] Health and safety				
20	regulations and standards for the manufacture of retail REGULATED				
21	marijuana products and the cultivation of retail REGULATED marijuana;				
22	(h) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(a)(X) and similar to 44-11-202				
23	(2)(a)(XI)] Regulation of the storage of, warehouses for, and				
24	transportation of retail REGULATED marijuana and retail REGULATED				
25	marijuana products;				
26	(i) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(a)(XI) and similar to 44-11-202				
27	(2)(a)(XII)] Sanitary requirements for MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESSES				

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1	AND retail marijuana establishments BUSINESSES, including but not	
2	limited to sanitary requirements for the preparation of retail REGULATED	
3	marijuana products;	
4	(j) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(a)(XIII) and similar to 44-11-202	
5	(2)(a)(XVIII)] The reporting and transmittal of monthly sales tax	
6	payments by MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORES AND retail marijuana stores and	
7	any applicable excise tax payments by retail marijuana cultivation	
8	facilities;	
9	(k) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(a)(XIV) and similar to 44-11-202	
10	(2)(a)(XIX)] Authorization for the department of revenue to have access	
11	to licensing information to ensure sales, excise, and income tax payment	
12	and the effective administration of this article 12 ARTICLE 10;	
13	(l) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(a)(XVI) and similar to 44-11-202	
14	(2)(a)(l)] Compliance with, enforcement of, or violation of any provision	
15	of this article 12 ARTICLE 10, section 18-18-406.3 (7), or any rule issued	
16	PROMULGATED pursuant to this article 12 ARTICLE 10, including	
17	procedures and grounds for denying, suspending, fining, restricting, or	
18	revoking a state license issued pursuant to this article 12 ARTICLE 10;	
19	(m) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(a)(XVII)] Establishing a schedule	
20	of penalties and procedures for issuing and appealing citations for	
21	violation of statutes and rules and issuing administrative citations;	
22	(n) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(a)(XVIII) and similar to 44-11-202	
23	(2)(a)(XXI)] MEDICAL MARIJUANA TRANSPORTER LICENSED BUSINESSES	
24	AND retail marijuana transporter licensed businesses, including	
25	requirements for drivers, including obtaining and maintaining a valid	
26	Colorado driver's license; insurance requirements; acceptable time frames	
27	for transport, storage, and delivery; requirements for transport vehicles;	

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1	and requirements for licensed premises;		
2	(o) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(a)(XIX) and similar to 44-11-202		
3	(2)(a)(XXII)] MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OPERATOR LICENSES AND		
4	retail marijuana establishment BUSINESS operator licensees, including the		
5	form and structure of allowable agreements between operators and		
6	owners THE MEDICAL OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS;		
7	(p) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(a)(XX)] Nonescorted visitors in		
8	limited access areas;		
9	(q) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(a)(XXII) and similar to 44-11-202		
10	(2)(a)(XXVII)] Temporary appointee registrations issued pursuant to		
11	section 44-12-401 (1.5) SECTION 44-10-401 (2), including occupational		
12	and business registration requirements; application time frames;		
13	notification requirements; issuance, expiration, renewal, suspension, and		
14	revocation of a temporary appointee registration; and conditions of		
15	registration;		
16	(r) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(a)(XXIII) and similar to 44-11-202		
17	(2)(a)(XXVIII)] Requirements for a centralized distribution permit for		
18	MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITIES OR retail marijuana		
19	cultivation facilities issued pursuant to section 44-12-403 (7) SECTION		
20	44-10-503 (6) OR 44-10-602 (7), including but not limited to permit		
21	application requirements and privileges and restrictions of a centralized		
22	distribution permit; and		
23	(s) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(a)(XXIV) and similar to 44-11-202		
24	(2)(a)(XXIX)] Requirements for issuance of colocation permits to a		
25	marijuana research and development licensee or a marijuana research and		
26	development cultivation licensee authorizing colocation with a MEDICAL		
27	MARIJUANA PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER OR retail marijuana products		

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1	manufacturing MANUFACTURER licensed premises, including application
2	requirements, eligibility, restrictions to prevent cross-contamination and
3	to ensure physical separation of inventory and research activities, and
4	other privileges and restrictions of permits;
5	(t) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(c)(IV) and similar to 44-11-202
6	(2)(a)(VIII)] Development of individual identification cards for owners,
7	officers, NATURAL PERSONS WHO ARE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS,
8	PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS, managers, contractors, employees, and
9	other support staff of entities licensed pursuant to this article 12 ARTICLE
10	10, including a fingerprint-based criminal history record check as may be
11	required by the state licensing authority prior to issuing a card;
12	(u) [Formerly 44-11-202 (2)(a)(IX) and 44-12-202 (3)(c)(V)]
13	Identification of state licensees and their owners, officers CONTROLLING
14	BENEFICIAL OWNERS, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS, managers, and
15	employees;
16	(v) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(c)(VI) and similar to 44-11-202
17	(2)(a)(XIII)] The specification of acceptable forms of picture
18	identification that a MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORE OR retail marijuana store
19	may accept when verifying a sale, including but not limited to
20	government-issued identification cards;
21	$(w) \ [Formerly \ 44-11-202\ (2)(a)(XVII)\ and\ similar\ to\ 44-12-202$
22	(3)(c)(VII)] State licensing procedures, including procedures for
23	renewals, reinstatements, initial licenses, and the payment of licensing
24	fees;
25	(x) [Formerly 44-11-202 (3)(a)(IV) and 44-12-202 (5)] THE
26	conditions under which a licensee is authorized to transfer fibrous waste
27	to a person for the purpose of producing only industrial fiber products.

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1	The conditions must include contract requirements that stipulate that the			
2	fibrous waste will only be used to produce industrial fiber products;			
3	record-keeping requirements; security measures related to the transport			
4	and transfer of fibrous waste; REQUIREMENTS FOR handling contaminated			
5	fibrous waste; requirements; and processes associated with handling			
6	fibrous waste. The rules shall MUST not require licensees to alter fibrous			
7	waste from its natural state prior to transfer.			
8	(y) [Similar to 44-12-202 (3)(e)] REQUIRING THAT EDIBLE			
9	REGULATED MARIJUANA PRODUCTS BE CLEARLY IDENTIFIABLE, WHEN			
10	PRACTICABLE, WITH A STANDARD SYMBOL INDICATING THAT THEY			
11	CONTAIN MARIJUANA AND ARE NOT FOR CONSUMPTION BY CHILDREN. THE			
12	SYMBOLS PROMULGATED BY RULE OF THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY			
13	MUST NOT APPROPRIATE SIGNS OR SYMBOLS ASSOCIATED WITH ANOTHER			
14	COLORADO BUSINESS OR INDUSTRY;			
15	(z) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(a)(VI)] Requirements to prevent the			
16	sale or diversion of retail marijuana and retail marijuana products to			
17	persons under twenty-one years of age;			
18	(aa) THE IMPLEMENTATION OF AN ACCELERATOR PROGRAM			
19	INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO RULES TO ESTABLISH SEVERED LIABILITY			
20	FOR LICENSEES OPERATING ON THE SAME PHYSICAL PREMISES, SEVERED			
21	CUSTODIANSHIP OF REGULATED PRODUCTS, PROTECTIONS OF THE			
22	INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY OF THE ACCELERATOR LICENSEE, INCENTIVES			
23	FOR LICENSEES ENDORSED AS ACCELERATORS, AND ADDITIONAL			
24	REQUIREMENTS IF A PERSON APPLYING FOR AN ACCELERATOR			
25	ENDORSEMENT HAS LESS THAN TWO YEARS EXPERIENCE OPERATING A			
26	LICENSED FACILITY UNDER THIS TITLE 10; AND			
27	(bb) Conditions under which a licensee is authorized to			

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1	TRANSFER ELECTRONIC CANNABIS WASTE TO A PERSON FOR THE PURPOSES			
2	OF RECYCLING OR REUSE. THE CONDITIONS MUST INCLUDE CONTRACT			
3	REQUIREMENTS THAT STIPULATE WHAT THE ELECTRONIC CANNABIS WASTE			
4	WILL BE USED FOR; RECORD-KEEPING REQUIREMENTS; SECURITY			
5	MEASURES RELATED TO THE TRANSPORT AND TRANSFER OF ELECTRONIC			
6	CANNABIS WASTE; HANDLING CONTAMINATED ELECTRONIC CANNABIS			
7	WASTE REQUIREMENTS; AND PROCESSES ASSOCIATED WITH HANDLING			
8	ELECTRONIC CANNABIS WASTE. THE RULES SHALL NOT REQUIRE LICENSEES			
9	$\underline{\text{TO ALTER OR DESTROY ELECTRONIC CANNABIS WASTE PRIOR TO TRANSFER.}}$			
10	(3) IN PROMULGATING RULES PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION, THE			
11	STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY SEEK THE ASSISTANCE OF THE			
12	DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT WHEN NECESSARY			
13	BEFORE PROMULGATING RULES ON THE FOLLOWING SUBJECTS:			
14	(a) [Similar to 44-11-202 (3)(a)(II) and 44-12-202			
17	(a) [Similar to 44 11 202 (3)(a)(11) and 44 12 202			
15	(3)(d)(I)] SIGNAGE, MARKETING, AND ADVERTISING, INCLUDING BUT NOT			
	· / · · /			
15	(3)(d)(I)] SIGNAGE, MARKETING, AND ADVERTISING, INCLUDING BUT NOT			
15 16	(3)(d)(I)] SIGNAGE, MARKETING, AND ADVERTISING, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO A PROHIBITION ON MASS-MARKET CAMPAIGNS THAT HAVE A			
15 16 17	(3)(d)(I)] SIGNAGE, MARKETING, AND ADVERTISING, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO A PROHIBITION ON MASS-MARKET CAMPAIGNS THAT HAVE A HIGH LIKELIHOOD OF REACHING PERSONS UNDER EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE			
15 16 17 18	(3)(d)(I)] SIGNAGE, MARKETING, AND ADVERTISING, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO A PROHIBITION ON MASS-MARKET CAMPAIGNS THAT HAVE A HIGH LIKELIHOOD OF REACHING PERSONS UNDER EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE FOR MEDICAL MARIJUANA AND HAVE A HIGH LIKELIHOOD OF REACHING			
15 16 17 18 19	(3)(d)(I)] SIGNAGE, MARKETING, AND ADVERTISING, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO A PROHIBITION ON MASS-MARKET CAMPAIGNS THAT HAVE A HIGH LIKELIHOOD OF REACHING PERSONS UNDER EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE FOR MEDICAL MARIJUANA AND HAVE A HIGH LIKELIHOOD OF REACHING PERSONS UNDER TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE FOR RETAIL MARIJUANA AND			
15 16 17 18 19 20	(3)(d)(I)] SIGNAGE, MARKETING, AND ADVERTISING, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO A PROHIBITION ON MASS-MARKET CAMPAIGNS THAT HAVE A HIGH LIKELIHOOD OF REACHING PERSONS UNDER EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE FOR MEDICAL MARIJUANA AND HAVE A HIGH LIKELIHOOD OF REACHING PERSONS UNDER TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE FOR RETAIL MARIJUANA AND OTHER SUCH RULES THAT MAY INCLUDE:			
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(3)(d)(I)] SIGNAGE, MARKETING, AND ADVERTISING, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO A PROHIBITION ON MASS-MARKET CAMPAIGNS THAT HAVE A HIGH LIKELIHOOD OF REACHING PERSONS UNDER EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE FOR MEDICAL MARIJUANA AND HAVE A HIGH LIKELIHOOD OF REACHING PERSONS UNDER TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE FOR RETAIL MARIJUANA AND OTHER SUCH RULES THAT MAY INCLUDE: (I) ALLOWING PACKAGING AND ACCESSORY BRANDING;			
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	(3)(d)(I)] SIGNAGE, MARKETING, AND ADVERTISING, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO A PROHIBITION ON MASS-MARKET CAMPAIGNS THAT HAVE A HIGH LIKELIHOOD OF REACHING PERSONS UNDER EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE FOR MEDICAL MARIJUANA AND HAVE A HIGH LIKELIHOOD OF REACHING PERSONS UNDER TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE FOR RETAIL MARIJUANA AND OTHER SUCH RULES THAT MAY INCLUDE: (I) ALLOWING PACKAGING AND ACCESSORY BRANDING; (II) PROHIBITING HEALTH OR PHYSICAL BENEFIT CLAIMS IN			
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	(3)(d)(I)] SIGNAGE, MARKETING, AND ADVERTISING, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO A PROHIBITION ON MASS-MARKET CAMPAIGNS THAT HAVE A HIGH LIKELIHOOD OF REACHING PERSONS UNDER EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE FOR MEDICAL MARIJUANA AND HAVE A HIGH LIKELIHOOD OF REACHING PERSONS UNDER TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE FOR RETAIL MARIJUANA AND OTHER SUCH RULES THAT MAY INCLUDE: (I) ALLOWING PACKAGING AND ACCESSORY BRANDING; (II) PROHIBITING HEALTH OR PHYSICAL BENEFIT CLAIMS IN ADVERTISING, MERCHANDISING, AND PACKAGING;			
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	(3)(d)(I)] SIGNAGE, MARKETING, AND ADVERTISING, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO A PROHIBITION ON MASS-MARKET CAMPAIGNS THAT HAVE A HIGH LIKELIHOOD OF REACHING PERSONS UNDER EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE FOR MEDICAL MARIJUANA AND HAVE A HIGH LIKELIHOOD OF REACHING PERSONS UNDER TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE FOR RETAIL MARIJUANA AND OTHER SUCH RULES THAT MAY INCLUDE: (I) ALLOWING PACKAGING AND ACCESSORY BRANDING; (II) PROHIBITING HEALTH OR PHYSICAL BENEFIT CLAIMS IN ADVERTISING, MERCHANDISING, AND PACKAGING; (III) PROHIBITING UNSOLICITED POP-UP ADVERTISING ON THE			

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1	EASY AND PERMANENT OPT-OUT FEATURE, AND				
2	(VI) PROHIBITING MARKETING DIRECTED TOWARD				
3	LOCATION-BASED DEVICES, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO CELLULAR				
4	PHONES, UNLESS THE MARKETING IS A MOBILE DEVICE APPLICATION				
5	INSTALLED ON THE DEVICE BY THE OWNER OF THE DEVICE WHO IS				
6	EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER FOR MEDICAL MARIJUANA AND				
7	TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER FOR RETAIL MARIJUANA AND				
8	INCLUDES A PERMANENT AND EASY OPT-OUT FEATURE;				
9	(b) [Similar to 44-11-202 (2)(a)(XV) and 44-12-202 (3)(d)(II)] A				
10	PROHIBITION ON THE SALE OF REGULATED MARIJUANA AND REGULATED				
11	MARIJUANA PRODUCTS UNLESS THE PRODUCT IS:				
12	(I) PACKAGED IN PACKAGING MEETING REQUIREMENTS				
13	ESTABLISHED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SIMILAR TO THE				
14	FEDERAL "POISON PREVENTION PACKAGING ACT OF 1970", 15 U.S.C. SEC.				
15	1471 ET SEQ., AS AMENDED; AND				
16	(II) PLACED IN AN OPAQUE AND RESEALABLE EXIT PACKAGE OR				
17	CONTAINER MEETING REQUIREMENTS ESTABLISHED BY THE STATE				
18	LICENSING AUTHORITY AT THE POINT OF SALE PRIOR TO EXITING THE				
19	STORE;				
20	(c) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(d)(III)] The safe and lawful				
21	transport of retail REGULATED marijuana and retail REGULATED marijuana				
22	products between the licensed business and testing laboratories;				
23	(d) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(d)(IV)] A standardized marijuana				
24	serving size amount for edible retail marijuana products that does not				
25	contain more than ten milligrams of active THC, designed only to provide				
26	consumers with information about the total number of servings of active				
27	THC in a particular retail marijuana product, not as a limitation on the				

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1	total amount of THC in any particular item; labeling requirements	
2	regarding servings for edible retail marijuana products; and limitations on	
3	the total amount of active THC in a sealed internal package that is no	
4	more than one hundred milligrams of active THC;	
5	(e) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(d)(VI)] Prohibition ON or regulation	
6	of additives to any retail REGULATED marijuana product, including but not	
7	limited to those that are toxic, designed to make the product more	
8	addictive, designed to make the product more appealing to children, or	
9	misleading to consumers, but not including common baking and cooking	
10	items;	
11	(f) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(d)(VII)] Permission for a local fire	
12	department to conduct an annual fire inspection of a MEDICAL MARIJUANA	
13	CULTIVATION FACILITY OR retail marijuana cultivation facility; and	
14	(g) [Formerly 44-12-202 (3)(d)(VIII)(A) and similar to	
15	44-11-202 (3)(a)(III)(A)] A prohibition on the production and sale of	
16	edible retail REGULATED marijuana products that are in the distinct shape	
17	of a human, animal, or fruit. Geometric shapes and products that are	
18	simply fruit flavored are not considered fruit. Products in the shape of a	
19	marijuana leaf are permissible. Nothing in this subsection (3)(a)(VIII)	
20	SUBSECTION (3)(g) applies to a company logo.	
21	(h) A requirement that every medical marijuana store and	
22	RETAIL MARIJUANA STORE POST, AT ALL TIMES AND IN A PROMINENT	
23	PLACE, A WARNING THAT HAS A MINIMUM HEIGHT OF THREE INCHES AND	
24	A WIDTH OF SIX INCHES AND THAT READS:	
25	WARNING: USING MARIJUANA, IN ANY FORM, WHILE YOU	
26	ARE PREGNANT OR BREASTFEEDING PASSES THC TO YOUR	
27	BABY AND MAY BE HARMFUL TO YOUR BABY. THERE IS NO	

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1	KNOWN SAFE AMOUNT OF MARIJUANA USE DURING
2	PREGNANCY OR BREASTFEEDING.
3	(4) Equivalency. Rules promulgated pursuant to
4	SUBSECTION 44-10-202 (1)(c) MUST ALSO INCLUDE:
5	(a) ESTABLISHING THE EQUIVALENT OF ONE OUNCE OF MEDICAL
6	MARIJUANA FLOWER IN VARIOUS MEDICAL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS,
7	INCLUDING MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE, ON OR BEFORE JANUARY
8	1, 2020. When establishing equivalency standards, the state
9	LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL TAKE INTO CONSIDERATION THE MEDICAL
10	NEEDS OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA PATIENTS. PRIOR TO PROMULGATING THE
11	RULES REQUIRED BY THIS SUBSECTION (4)(a), THE STATE LICENSING
12	AUTHORITY MAY CONTRACT FOR A SCIENTIFIC STUDY TO DETERMINE THE
13	EQUIVALENCY OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA FLOWER IN MEDICAL MARIJUANA
14	PRODUCTS, INCLUDING MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE.
15	(b) [Similar to 44-12-202 (3)(b)(I)] Establishing the
16	EQUIVALENT OF ONE OUNCE OF RETAIL MARIJUANA FLOWER IN VARIOUS
17	RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS, INCLUDING RETAIL MARIJUANA
18	CONCENTRATE. PRIOR TO PROMULGATING THE RULES REQUIRED BY THIS
19	SUBSECTION (4)(b), THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY CONTRACT
20	FOR A SCIENTIFIC STUDY TO DETERMINE THE EQUIVALENCY OF MARIJUANA
21	FLOWER IN RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS, INCLUDING RETAIL MARIJUANA
22	CONCENTRATE.
23	(5) [Formerly 44-11-202 (4)] Statewide class system cultivation
24	facility rules - medical marijuana. Rules promulgated pursuant to
25	subsection (1)(b) of this section must include, but need not be limited to,
26	the following subjects:
2.7	(a) The state licensing authority shall create a statewide licensure

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class system for optional premises MEDICAL MARIJUANA cultivation facility licenses. The classifications may be based upon square footage of the facility; lights, lumens, or wattage; lit canopy; the number of cultivating plants; other reasonable metrics; or any combination thereof. The state licensing authority shall create a fee structure for the licensure class system. (b) (I) The state licensing authority may establish limitations upon ON medical marijuana production through one or more of the following

methods:

- (A) Placing or modifying a limit on the number of licenses that it issues, by class or overall, but in placing or modifying the limits, the STATE LICENSING authority shall consider the reasonable availability of new licenses after a limit is established or modified;
- (B) Placing or modifying a limit on the amount of production permitted by an optional premises A MEDICAL MARIJUANA cultivation facility license or class of licenses based upon some reasonable metric or set of metrics, including but not limited to those items detailed in subsection (4)(a) SUBSECTION (5)(a) of this section, previous months' sales, pending sales, or other reasonable metrics as determined by the state licensing authority; and
- (C) Placing or modifying a limit on the total amount of production by optional premises MEDICAL MARIJUANA cultivation facility licensees in the state collectively, based upon some reasonable metric or set of metrics including but not limited to those items detailed in subsection (4)(a) SUBSECTION (5)(a) of this section, as determined by the state licensing authority.
 - (II) When considering any such limitations, the state licensing

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1	authority shall:		
2	(A) (Cons	sid
3	marijuana	and	m
4	Colorado;		

(A) Consider the total current and anticipated demand for medical ijuana and medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products in

- (B) Consider any other relevant factors; and
- (C) Attempt to minimize the market for unlawful marijuana; and
- (c) The state licensing authority may adopt regulations RULES that limit the amount of medical marijuana inventory that a medical marijuana center STORE may have on hand. If the state licensing authority adopts a limitation, the limitation must be commercially reasonable and consider factors including a medical marijuana center's STORE'S sales history and the number of patients that WHO are registered at a medical marijuana center STORE as their primary center STORE.
- (6) [Formerly 44-12-202 (4)] Statewide class system cultivation facility rules retail marijuana. (a) The state licensing authority shall create a statewide licensure class system for retail marijuana cultivation facilities FACILITY LICENSES. The classifications may be based upon square footage of the facility; lights, lumens, or wattage; lit canopy; the number of cultivating plants; a combination of the foregoing; or other reasonable metrics; OR ANY COMBINATION THEREOF. The state licensing authority shall create a fee structure for the license LICENSURE class system.
- (b) (1) The state licensing authority may establish limitations upon ON retail marijuana production through one or more of the following methods:
- (A) (I) Placing or modifying a limit on the number of licenses that it issues, by class or overall, but in placing or modifying the limits, the

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1	authority shall consider the reasonable availability of new licenses after
2	a limit is established or modified;
3	(B) (II) Placing or modifying a limit on the amount of production
4	permitted by a retail marijuana cultivation facility license or class of
5	licenses based upon some reasonable metric or set of metrics including
6	but not limited to those items detailed in subsection (4)(a) SUBSECTION
7	(6)(a) of this section, previous months' sales, pending sales, or other
8	reasonable metrics as determined by the state licensing authority; and
9	(C) (III) Placing or modifying a limit on the total amount of
10	production by retail marijuana cultivation facility licensees in the state
11	collectively, based upon some reasonable metric or set of metrics
12	including but not limited to those items detailed in subsection (4)(a)
13	SUBSECTION (6)(a) of this section, as determined by the state licensing
14	authority.
15	(H) (c) Notwithstanding anything contained in this article 12
16	ARTICLE 10 to the contrary, in considering any such limitations, the state
17	licensing authority, in addition to any other relevant considerations, shall:
18	(A) (I) Consider the total current and anticipated demand for retail
19	marijuana and retail marijuana products in Colorado; and
20	(B) (II) Attempt to minimize the market for unlawful marijuana.
21	44-10-204. Confidentiality. (1) THE STATE LICENSING
22	AUTHORITY SHALL MAINTAIN THE CONFIDENTIALITY OF:
23	(a) REPORTS OR OTHER INFORMATION OBTAINED FROM A MEDICAL
24	MARIJUANA OR RETAIL MARIJUANA LICENSEE OR A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
25	OR RETAIL MARIJUANA LICENSE APPLICANT CONTAINING ANY
26	INDIVIDUALIZED DATA, INFORMATION, OR RECORDS RELATED TO THE
27	APPLICANT OR LICENSEE OR ITS OPERATION, INCLUDING SALES

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1	INFORMATION, LEASES, BUSINESS ORGANIZATION RECORDS, FINANCIAL
2	RECORDS, TAX RETURNS, CREDIT REPORTS, CULTIVATION INFORMATION,
3	TESTING RESULTS, AND SECURITY INFORMATION AND PLANS, OR
4	REVEALING ANY CUSTOMER INFORMATION, OR ANY OTHER RECORDS THAT
5	ARE EXEMPT FROM PUBLIC INSPECTION PURSUANT TO STATE LAW. SUCH
6	REPORTS OR OTHER INFORMATION MAY BE USED ONLY FOR A PURPOSE
7	AUTHORIZED BY THIS ARTICLE 10 OR FOR ANY OTHER STATE OR LOCAL
8	LAW ENFORCEMENT PURPOSE. ANY INFORMATION RELEASED RELATED TO
9	PATIENTS MAY BE USED ONLY FOR A PURPOSE AUTHORIZED BY THIS
10	ARTICLE 10, OR TO VERIFY THAT A PERSON WHO PRESENTED A REGISTRY
11	IDENTIFICATION CARD ISSUED PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-1.5-106 (9) TO A
12	STATE OR LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICIAL IS LAWFULLY IN
13	POSSESSION OF SUCH CARD. ANY CUSTOMER INFORMATION MAY BE USED
14	ONLY FOR A PURPOSE AUTHORIZED BY THIS ARTICLE 10.
15	(b) INVESTIGATIVE RECORDS AND DOCUMENTS RELATED TO
16	ONGOING INVESTIGATIONS. THOSE RECORDS AND DOCUMENTS MAY BE
17	USED ONLY FOR A PURPOSE AUTHORIZED BY THIS ARTICLE 10, OR FOR ANY
18	OTHER STATE OR LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT PURPOSE.
19	(c) Computer systems maintained by the state licensing
20	AUTHORITY AND THE VENDORS WITH WHICH THE STATE LICENSING

- AUTHORITY HAS CONTRACTED.
- 22 (2) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL MAKE AVAILABLE 23 FOR PUBLIC INSPECTION:

21

- 24 (a) DOCUMENTS RELATED TO FINAL AGENCY ACTIONS AND 25 ORDERS;
- 26 (b) RECORDS RELATED TO TESTING ON AN AGGREGATED AND 27 DE-IDENTIFIED BASIS;

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2	LICENSEES AVAILABLE ON AN AGGREGATED AND DE-IDENTIFIED BASIS;
3	AND
4	(d) ENFORCEMENT FORMS AND COMPLIANCE CHECKLISTS.
5	PART 3
6	LICENSING PROCEDURES
7	44-10-301. [Formerly 44-11-301] Local licensing authority -
8	applications - licenses. (1) A local licensing authority may issue only the
9	following medical marijuana licenses upon payment of the fee and
10	compliance with all local licensing requirements to be determined by the
11	local licensing authority:
12	(a) A medical marijuana center STORE license;
13	(b) An optional premises cultivation A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
14	CULTIVATION FACILITY license;
15	(c) A medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products
16	manufacturing MANUFACTURER license;
17	(d) A medical marijuana testing facility license;
18	(e) A medical marijuana transporter license;
19	(f) A medical marijuana business operator license; AND
20	(g) A marijuana research and development license. and
21	(h) A marijuana research and development cultivation license.
22	(2) (a) (I) A local licensing authority shall not issue a local license
23	TO A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS within a municipality, city and
24	county, or the unincorporated portion of a county unless the governing
25	body of the municipality or city and county has adopted an ordinance, or
26	the governing body of the county has adopted a resolution, containing
27	specific standards for license issuance, or if no such ordinance or

(c) Demographic information related to applicants and

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1 resolution is adopted prior to July 1, 2012, then a local licensing authority 2 shall consider the minimum licensing requirements of this part 3 when 3 issuing a license. 4 (b) (II) In addition to all other standards applicable to the issuance 5 of licenses under this article 11 ARTICLE 10, the local governing body may 6 adopt additional standards for the issuance of medical marijuana center 7 STORE, optional premises cultivation MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION 8 FACILITY, or medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products 9 manufacturer licenses consistent with the intent of this article 11 ARTICLE 10 10 that may include, but need not be limited to: 11 (H) (A) Distance restrictions between premises for which local 12 licenses are issued; 13 (H) (B) Reasonable restrictions on the size of an applicant's 14 licensed premises; and 15 (HI) (C) Any other requirements necessary to ensure the control 16 of the premises and the ease of enforcement of the terms and conditions 17 of the license. 18 (3) (b) An application for a license specified in subsection (1) of 19 this section shall MUST be filed with the state licensing authority and the 20 appropriate local licensing authority on forms provided by the state 21 licensing authority and shall MUST contain such information as the state 22 licensing authority may require and any forms as the local licensing 23 authority may require. Each application shall MUST be verified by the oath 24 or affirmation of the persons prescribed by the state licensing authority. 25 (4) (c) An applicant shall file, at the time of application for a 26 license, plans and specifications for the interior of the building if the 27 building to be occupied is in existence at the time. If the building is not

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in existence, the applicant shall file a plot plan and a detailed sketch for the interior and submit an architect's drawing of the building to be constructed. In its discretion, the local or state licensing authority may impose additional requirements necessary for the approval of the application.

(3) [Formerly 44-12-301 (1)] Retail marijuana businesses.

(a) When the state licensing authority receives an application for original licensing or renewal of an existing license for any RETAIL marijuana establishment BUSINESS, the state licensing authority shall provide, within seven days, a copy of the application to the local jurisdiction in which the establishment BUSINESS is to be located unless the local jurisdiction has prohibited the operation of retail marijuana establishments BUSINESSES pursuant to section 16 (5)(f) of article XVIII of the state constitution. The local jurisdiction shall determine whether the application complies with local restrictions on time, place, manner, and the number of RETAIL marijuana businesses. The local jurisdiction shall inform the state licensing authority whether the application complies with local restrictions on time, place, manner, and the number of RETAIL marijuana businesses.

(b) [Formerly 44-12-301 (2)] A local jurisdiction may impose a separate local licensing requirement FOR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESSES as a part of its restrictions on time, place, manner, and the number of marijuana businesses. A local jurisdiction may decline to impose any local licensing requirements, but a local jurisdiction shall notify the state licensing authority that it either approves or denies each application forwarded to it.

44-10-302. [Formerly 44-11-503] Local license fees - medical

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marijuana. (1) Each application for a local license FOR A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS provided for in this article 11 SECTION 44-10-301 (1) filed with a local licensing authority shall MUST be accompanied by an application fee in an amount determined by the local licensing authority.

(2) License fees as determined by the local licensing authority shall MUST be paid to the treasurer of the municipality, city and county, or county where the licensed premises is located in advance of the approval, denial, or renewal of the license.

44-10-303. [Formerly 44-11-302] Public hearing notice - posting and publication. (1) Medical marijuana business licenses.

(a) Upon receipt of an application for a local license FOR A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS, except an application for renewal or for transfer of ownership, a local licensing authority may schedule a public hearing upon the application to be held not less than thirty days after the date of the application. If the local licensing authority schedules a hearing for a MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS license application, it shall post and publish public notice thereof not less than ten days prior to the hearing. The local licensing authority shall give public notice by posting a sign in a conspicuous place on the license applicant's premises for which license application has been made and by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the applicant's premises are located.

(2) (b) Public notice given by posting shall MUST include a sign of suitable material, not less than twenty-two inches wide and twenty-six inches high, composed of letters not less than one inch in height and stating the type of license applied for, the date of the application, the date of the hearing, the name and address of the applicant, and such other

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information as may be required to fully apprise the public of the nature of the application. The sign shall MUST contain the names and addresses of the officers, directors, or manager of the facility to be licensed.

- (3) (c) Public notice given by publication shall MUST contain the same information as that required for signs.
- (4) (d) If the building in which medical marijuana is to be cultivated, manufactured, or distributed is in existence at the time of the application, a sign posted as required in subsections (1) and (2) of this section shall MUST be placed so as to be conspicuous and plainly visible to the general public. If the building is not constructed at the time of the application, the applicant shall post a sign at the premises upon which the building is to be constructed in such a manner that the notice shall be IS conspicuous and plainly visible to the general public.
- (5) (2) **Medical marijuana application review.** (a) When conducting its application review, the state licensing authority may advise the local licensing authority of any items that it finds that could result in the denial of the license application. Upon correction of the noted discrepancies, if the correction is permitted by the state licensing authority, the state licensing authority shall notify the local licensing authority of its conditional approval of the license application amendments. The state licensing authority shall then issue the applicant's state license, which shall remain IS conditioned upon local authority approval.
- (b) All applications submitted for review shall MUST be accompanied by all applicable state and local license and application fees. Any applications that are later denied or withdrawn may allow for a refund of license fees only. All application fees provided by an applicant

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shall MUST be retained by the respective licensing authority.

(3) [Formerly 44-12-302 (1)] Retail marijuana business licenses. (a) If a local jurisdiction issues local licenses for a retail marijuana establishment BUSINESS, a local jurisdiction may schedule a public hearing on the application. If the local jurisdiction schedules a hearing, it shall post and publish public notice thereof not less than ten days prior to the hearing. The local jurisdiction shall give public notice by posting a sign in a conspicuous place on the license applicant's premises for which a local license application has been made and by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the applicant's premises are located.

(b) [Formerly 44-12-302 (2)] If a local jurisdiction does not issue local RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS licenses, the local jurisdiction may give public notice of the state license application by posting a sign in a conspicuous place on the state license applicant's premises for which a state license application has been made and by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the applicant's premises are located.

44-10-304. [Formerly 44-11-303] Results of investigation - decision of authorities - medical marijuana. (1) Not less than five days prior to the date of the public hearing authorized in section 44-11-302 SECTION 44-10-303, the local licensing authority shall make known its findings, based on its investigation, in writing to the applicant and other parties of interest. The local licensing authority has authority to refuse to issue a license provided for in this section for good cause, subject to judicial review.

(2) Before entering a decision approving or denying the

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application for a local MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS license, the local licensing authority may consider, except where this article 11 ARTICLE 10 specifically provides otherwise, the facts and evidence adduced as a result of its investigation, as well as any other facts pertinent to the type of license for which application has been made, including the number, type, and availability of medical marijuana centers, optional premises cultivation operations STORES, MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITIES, or medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturers located in or near the premises under consideration, and any other pertinent matters affecting the qualifications of the applicant for the conduct of the type of business proposed.

- (3) Within thirty days after the public hearing or completion of the application investigation, a local licensing authority shall issue its decision approving or denying an application for local licensure. The decision shall MUST be in writing and shall MUST state the reasons for the decision. The local licensing authority shall send a copy of the decision by certified mail to the applicant at the address shown in the application.
- (4) After approval of an application, the local licensing authority shall not issue a local license until the building in which the business to be conducted is ready for occupancy with such furniture, fixtures, and equipment in place as are necessary to comply with the applicable provisions of this article 11 ARTICLE 10, and then only after the state or local licensing authority has inspected the premises to determine that the applicant has complied with the architect's drawing and the plot plan and detailed sketch for the interior of the building submitted with the application PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-10-301 (4).
 - (5) After approval of an application for conditional state licensure,

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the state licensing authority shall notify the local licensing authority of such approval. After approval of an application for local licensure, the local licensing authority shall notify the state licensing authority of such approval, who AND THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY shall investigate and either approve or disapprove the application for state licensure.

44-10-305. [Formerly 44-11-304 (1)] State licensing authority - application and issuance procedures. (1) Applications for a state MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS license under the provisions of this article 11 shall ARTICLE 10 MUST be made to the state licensing authority on forms prepared and furnished by the state licensing authority and shall MUST set forth such information as the state licensing authority may require to enable the state licensing authority to determine whether a state MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS license should be granted. The information shall MUST include the name and address of the applicant, the names and addresses of the officers, directors, CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS or managers, and all other information deemed necessary by the state licensing authority. Each application shall MUST be verified by the oath or affirmation of such person or persons as the state licensing authority may prescribe.

(2) (a) [Formerly 44-11-304 (2)] The state licensing authority shall issue a state license to a medical marijuana center, an optional premises cultivation operation STORE, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY, or a medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA TESTING FACILITY, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA TRANSPORTER, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OPERATOR, OR A MARIJUANA RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT FACILITY

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pursuant to this section upon satisfactory completion of the applicable criminal history background check associated with the application, and the state license is conditioned upon local licensing authority approval. A license applicant is prohibited from operating a licensed medical marijuana business without both state and local licensing authority approval. The denial of an application by the local licensing authority shall be is considered as a basis for the state licensing authority to revoke the state-issued license.

(b) [Similar to 44-12-303 (1)] THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY ISSUE A STATE LICENSE TO AN APPLICANT PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION FOR A RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS UPON COMPLETION OF THE APPLICABLE CRIMINAL HISTORY BACKGROUND CHECK ASSOCIATED WITH THE APPLICATION, AND THE STATE LICENSE IS CONDITIONED UPON LOCAL JURISDICTION APPROVAL. A LICENSE APPLICANT IS PROHIBITED FROM OPERATING A LICENSED RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS WITHOUT STATE AND LOCAL JURISDICTION APPROVAL. IF THE APPLICANT DOES NOT RECEIVE LOCAL JURISDICTION APPROVAL WITHIN ONE YEAR FROM THE DATE OF STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY APPROVAL, THE STATE LICENSE EXPIRES AND MAY NOT BE RENEWED. IF AN APPLICATION IS DENIED BY THE LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL REVOKE THE STATE-ISSUED LICENSE.

[Formerly 44-11-304 (3)] (3) An applicant that has been permitted to operate a medical marijuana business under the provisions of section 44-11-103 (1)(b) and has been issued a conditional license by the state licensing authority pursuant to subsection (2) of this section may continue to operate the business while an application is pending with the local licensing authority. If the local licensing authority denies the license

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1	application, the medical marijuana business shall cease operations upon
2	receiving the denial. The denial of an application by the local licensing
3	authority shall be considered as a basis for the state licensing authority to
4	revoke the state-issued license.
5	(4) (3) [Formerly 44-11-304 (4)] Nothing in this article 11 shall
6	preempt ARTICLE 10 PREEMPTS or otherwise impair IMPAIRS the power of
7	a local government to enact ordinances or resolutions concerning matters
8	authorized to local governments.
9	44-10-306. [Formerly 44-11-305 and similar to
10	44-12-304] Denial of application. (1) The state licensing authority shall
11	deny a state license if the premises on which the applicant proposes to
12	conduct its business does not meet the requirements of this article 11
13	ARTICLE 10 or for reasons set forth in section 44-11-104 (2)(c) or
14	44-11-304 SECTION 44-10-103 (13)(c) OR 44-10-305, and the state
15	licensing authority may REFUSE OR deny a license, RENEWAL,
16	REINSTATEMENT, OR INITIAL LICENSE for good cause as defined by section
17	44-11-104 (2)(a) or (2)(b) SECTION 44-10-103 (13)(a) OR (13)(b).
18	(2) If the state licensing authority denies a state license pursuant
19	to subsection (1) of this section, the applicant shall be IS entitled to a
20	hearing pursuant to section 24-4-104 (9) and judicial review pursuant to
21	section 24-4-106. The state licensing authority shall provide written
22	notice of the grounds for denial of the state license to the applicant and
23	to the local licensing authority at least fifteen days prior to the hearing.
24	44-10-307. [Formerly 44-11-306 and similar to
25	44-12-305] Persons prohibited as licensees - definition. (1) A license
26	provided by this article 11 ARTICLE 10 shall not be issued to or held by:
27	(a) A person until the fee therefore has been paid;

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1	(b) A person AN INDIVIDUAL whose criminal history indicates that
2	he or she is not of good moral character AFTER CONSIDERING THE
3	FACTORS IN SECTION 24-5-101 (2);
4	(c) A corporation, PERSON OTHER THAN AN INDIVIDUAL if the
5	criminal history of any of its officers, directors, or stockholders
6	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS OR PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS
7	indicates that the officer, director, or stockholder A CONTROLLING
8	BENEFICIAL OWNER OR PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER is not of good moral
9	character AFTER CONSIDERING THE FACTORS IN SECTION 24-5-101 (2);
10	(d) A licensed physician making patient recommendations;
11	(e) (d) A person employing, assisted by, or financed in whole or
12	in part by any other person whose criminal history indicates he or she is
13	not of good character and reputation satisfactory to the respective
14	licensing authority;
15	(f) (e) A person under twenty-one years of age;
16	(g) (f) A person licensed pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10
17	who, during a period of licensure, or who, at the time of application, has
18	failed to:
19	(I) File any tax return with a taxing agency related to a medical
20	marijuana business or retail marijuana establishment BUSINESS;
21	(II) Pay any taxes, interest, or penalties due AS DETERMINED BY
22	FINAL AGENCY ACTION related to a medical marijuana business or retail
23	marijuana establishment BUSINESS;
24	$\frac{h}{g}$ (g) A person who fails to meet qualifications for licensure that
25	directly and demonstrably relate to the operation of a medical marijuana
26	establishment BUSINESS;
27	(i) (h) (I) A person who has discharged a sentence for a conviction

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1	WAS CONVICTED of a felony in the five THREE years immediately
2	preceding his or her application date OR WHO IS CURRENTLY SUBJECT TO
3	A SENTENCE FOR A FELONY CONVICTION; EXCEPT FOR AN ACCELERATOR
4	LICENSE, A MARIJUANA CONVICTION IS NOT THE SOLE BASIS FOR LICENSE
5	<u>DENIAL;</u> or
6	(II) A person who has discharged a sentence for a conviction of
7	a felony pursuant to any state or federal law regarding the possession,
8	distribution, manufacturing, cultivation, or use of a controlled substance
9	in the ten years immediately preceding his or her application date or five
10	years from May 28, 2013, whichever is longer; except that the licensing
11	authority may grant a license to a person if the person has a state felony
12	conviction based on possession or use of marijuana or marijuana
13	concentrate that would not be a felony if the person were convicted of the
14	offense on the date he or she applied for licensure IS CURRENTLY SUBJECT
15	TO A DEFERRED JUDGMENT OR SENTENCE FOR A FELONY;
16	(j) (i) A person who employs another person at a medical
17	marijuana facility who has not passed a criminal history record check A
18	PERSON WHO EMPLOYS ANOTHER PERSON AT A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
19	BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS WHO HAS NOT SUBMITTED
20	FINGERPRINTS FOR A CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD CHECK OR WHOSE
21	CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD CHECK REVEALS THAT THE PERSON IS
22	INELIGIBLE;
23	(k) (j) A sheriff, deputy sheriff, police officer, or prosecuting
24	officer, or an officer or employee of the state licensing authority or a local
25	licensing authority;
26	(1) A person whose authority to be a primary caregiver as defined
27	in section 25-1.5-106 (2) has been revoked by the state health agency;

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1	(m) (k) A person APPLYING for a license for a location that is
2	currently licensed as a retail food establishment; or wholesale food
3	registrant; or
4	(n) (l) A publicly traded company.
5	(2) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY DENY OR REVOKE A
6	LICENSE IF THE APPLICANT OR LICENSEE'S CRIMINAL CHARACTER OR
7	CRIMINAL RECORD POSES A THREAT TO THE REGULATION OR CONTROL OF
8	MARIJUANA.
9	(3) A MEDICAL MARIJUANA LICENSE PROVIDED BY THIS ARTICLE 10
10	SHALL NOT BE ISSUED TO OR HELD BY:
11	(a) A LICENSED PHYSICIAN MAKING PATIENT RECOMMENDATIONS;
12	OR
13	(b) A PERSON WHOSE AUTHORITY TO BE A PRIMARY CAREGIVER AS
14	DEFINED IN SECTION 25-1.5-106 (2) HAS BEEN REVOKED BY THE STATE
15	HEALTH AGENCY.
16	(2) (4) (a) In investigating the qualifications of an applicant or a
17	licensee, the state and local licensing authorities may have access to
18	criminal history record information furnished by a criminal justice agency
19	subject to any restrictions imposed by such agency. In the event the state
20	or local licensing authority considers the applicant's criminal history
21	record, the state or local licensing authority shall also consider any
22	information provided by the applicant regarding such criminal history
23	record, including but not limited to evidence of rehabilitation, character
24	references, and educational achievements, especially those items
25	pertaining to the period of time between the applicant's last criminal
26	conviction and the consideration of the application for a state license.
27	(b) As used in subsection (2)(a) SUBSECTION (4)(a) of this section,

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"criminal justice agency" means any federal, state, or municipal court or any governmental agency or subunit of such agency that administers criminal justice pursuant to a statute or executive order and that allocates a substantial part of its annual budget to the administration of criminal justice.

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(c) At the time of filing an application for issuance or renewal of a state medical marijuana center BUSINESS license medical marijuana-infused product manufacturer license, or optional premises cultivation OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS license, an applicant shall submit a set of his or her fingerprints and file personal history information concerning the applicant's qualifications for a state license on forms prepared by the state licensing authority. The state or local licensing authority OR LOCAL JURISDICTION shall submit the fingerprints to the Colorado bureau of investigation for the purpose of conducting fingerprint-based criminal history record checks. The Colorado bureau of investigation shall forward the fingerprints to the federal bureau of investigation for the purpose of conducting fingerprint-based criminal history record checks. The state or local licensing authority OR LOCAL JURISDICTION may acquire a name-based criminal history record check for an applicant or a license holder who has twice submitted to a fingerprint-based criminal history record check and whose fingerprints are unclassifiable. An applicant who has previously submitted fingerprints for state OR LOCAL licensing purposes may request that the fingerprints on file be used. The state or local licensing authority OR LOCAL JURISDICTION shall use the information resulting from the fingerprint-based criminal history record check to investigate and determine whether an applicant is qualified to hold a state OR LOCAL

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2	authority OR LOCAL JURISDICTION may verify any of the information an
3	applicant is required to submit.
4	44-10-308. [Formerly 44-11-307 and similar to
5	44-12-306] Business and owner requirements - legislative declaration
6	- definition. (1) (a) The general assembly hereby finds and declares that:
7	(I) Medical marijuana businesses AND RETAIL MARIJUANA
8	BUSINESSES need to be able to access capital in order to effectively grow
9	their businesses and remain competitive in the marketplace;
10	(II) The current regulatory structure for medical REGULATED
11	marijuana AND REGULATED MARIJUANA PRODUCTS creates a substantial
12	barrier to investment from out-of-state interests;
13	(III) There is insufficient capital in the state to properly fund the
14	capital needs of Colorado medical marijuana businesses AND RETAIL
15	MARIJUANA BUSINESSES;
16	(IV) Colorado medical marijuana businesses AND RETAIL
17	MARIJUANA BUSINESSES need to have ready access to capital from
18	investors in states outside of Colorado; and
19	(V) Providing access to legitimate sources of capital helps prevent
20	the opportunity for those who engage in illegal activity to gain entry into
21	the state's regulated medical AND RETAIL marijuana market.
22	(b) Therefore, the general assembly is providing a mechanism for
23	Colorado medical marijuana businesses AND RETAIL MARIJUANA
24	BUSINESSES to access capital from investors in other states.
25	(2) A direct beneficial interest owner CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL
26	OWNER OR PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER who is a natural person must
27	either:

license pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10. The state or local licensing

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(a) Have been a resident of Colorado for at least one year prior to the date of the application; or

- (b) Be a United States citizen prior to the date of the application.
- (3) (a) A medical marijuana business OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS may be comprised of an unlimited number of direct beneficial interest—owners—CONTROLLING—BENEFICIAL OWNERS—OR—PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS that have been residents of Colorado for at least one year prior to the date of the application.
- (b) On and after January 1, 2017, a medical marijuana business or RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS that is composed of one or more direct beneficial interest owners CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS OR PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS who have not been Colorado residents for at least one year prior to application shall have at least one officer who has been a Colorado resident for at least one year prior to application, and all officers with day-to-day operational control over the business must be Colorado residents for at least one year prior to application. A medical marijuana business OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS under this subsection (3)(b) is limited to no more than fifteen direct beneficial interest owners CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS, including all parent and subsidiary entities, all of whom are natural persons.
- (c) Notwithstanding the requirements of subsection (3)(b) of this section, the state licensing authority may review the limitation on the number of direct beneficial interest owners CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS and may increase the number of allowable interests above fifteen based on reasonable considerations such as developments in state and federal financial regulations, market

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conditions, and the licensee's ability to access legitimate sources of capital.

- (d) A direct beneficial interest owner CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER OR PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER that is a closely held business entity must consist entirely of natural persons who are United States citizens prior to the date of the application, including all parent and subsidiary entities.
- (4) A medical marijuana business OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS may include qualified institutional investors that own thirty percent or less of the medical marijuana business OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS.
- (5) PRIOR TO SUBMITTING AN INITIAL APPLICATION AND AT ANY TIME THEREAFTER WHEN REQUESTED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY IN ITS REASONABLE DISCRETION, A PERSON THAT IS OR INTENDS TO BECOME A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS LICENSEE SHALL DISCLOSE TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY A COMPLETE AND ACCURATE LIST OF THE FOLLOWING:
- (a) ALL OF THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS'S OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS'S OFFICERS, DIRECTORS, AND AFFILIATES;
- (b) ALL OF THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS'S OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS'S CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS, AND IF THE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER IS NOT AN INDIVIDUAL, ALL OFFICERS, DIRECTORS, BENEFICIAL OWNERS, AND AFFILIATES OF THE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER; AND
- (c) ALL OF THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS'S OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS'S PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND, IF THE PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER IS NOT AN INDIVIDUAL, ALL OFFICERS, DIRECTORS, BENEFICIAL OWNERS, AND AFFILIATES OF THE PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER.

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(5) (6) (a) A person who THAT intends to apply as a direct beneficial interest owner TO BECOME A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER OR PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER and is not a Colorado resident for at least one year prior to the date of application shall first submit a request to the state licensing authority for a finding of suitability. as a direct beneficial interest owner. The person shall FAILURE TO PROVIDE ALL REQUESTED INFORMATION IN CONNECTION WITH A REQUEST FOR A FINDING OF SUITABILITY IS GROUNDS FOR DENIAL OF THAT FINDING OF SUITABILITY. EVERY PROPOSED CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER OR PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER MUST receive a finding of suitability OR AN EXEMPTION FROM A FINDING OF SUITABILITY BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY prior to submitting an A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS application to the state licensing authority. to be a direct beneficial interest owner. Failure to receive a finding ALL REQUIRED FINDINGS of suitability prior to application is grounds for denial OF AN APPLICATION OR FOR SUSPENSION, REVOCATION, OR OTHER SANCTION AGAINST THE LICENSEE by the state licensing authority.

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(b) The state licensing authority shall perform a limited initial background check on qualified limited passive investors. If the initial background check provides reasonable cause for additional investigation, the state licensing authority may require a full background check The STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY REQUIRE ANY PERSON THAT WAS DISCLOSED OR SHOULD HAVE BEEN DISCLOSED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (5) OF THIS SECTION TO OBTAIN A FINDING OF SUITABILITY PRIOR TO SUBMISSION OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS APPLICATION. FAILURE TO PROVIDE ANY INFORMATION REQUESTED IN CONNECTION WITH A FINDING OF SUITABILITY IS GROUNDS

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1	FOR DENIAL OF THAT REQUEST FOR A FINDING OF SUITABILITY. ALL
2	INDIVIDUALS WHO ARE NOT COLORADO RESIDENTS FOR AT LEAST ONE
3	YEAR PRIOR TO THE DATE OF APPLICATION SHALL OBTAIN ANY REQUIRED
4	FINDING OF SUITABILITY PRIOR TO SUBMITTING A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
5	BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS APPLICATION TO THE STATE
6	LICENSING AUTHORITY. FAILURE OF A PERSON TO OBTAIN ANY REQUIRED
7	FINDING OF SUITABILITY PRIOR TO APPLICATION IS GROUNDS FOR DENIAL
8	OF AN APPLICATION OR FOR SUSPENSION, REVOCATION, OR OTHER
9	SANCTION AGAINST THE LICENSEE BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY.
10	(6) The state licensing authority shall review the medical
11	marijuana business's operating documents to ensure compliance with this
12	section.
13	(7) In its reasonable discretion, at any time, the state
14	LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY REQUIRE ANY PERSON THAT WAS DISCLOSED
15	OR SHOULD HAVE BEEN DISCLOSED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION TO OBTAIN
16	A FINDING OF SUITABILITY. FAILURE TO PROVIDE ANY INFORMATION
17	REQUESTED IN CONNECTION WITH A FINDING OF SUITABILITY IS GROUNDS
18	FOR DENIAL OF THAT REQUEST FOR A FINDING OF SUITABILITY. FAILURE OF
19	A PERSON TO OBTAIN ANY REQUIRED FINDING OF SUITABILITY MAY BE
20	GROUNDS FOR DENIAL OF AN APPLICATION OR FOR SUSPENSION,
21	REVOCATION, OR OTHER SANCTION AGAINST THE LICENSE BY THE STATE
22	LICENSING AUTHORITY.
23	(8) A PERSON, OTHER THAN AN INDIVIDUAL, THAT IS A
24	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER SHALL APPOINT AND CONTINUOUSLY
25	MAINTAIN A REGISTERED AGENT THAT SATISFIES THE REQUIREMENTS OF

MAINTAIN A REGISTERED AGENT THAT SATISFIES THE REQUIREMENTS OF

SECTION 7-90-701. THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL

MARIJUANA BUSINESS SHALL INFORM THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY OF

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1	A CHANGE IN THE REGISTERED AGENT WITHIN TEN DAYS AFTER THE
2	CHANGE.
3	(7) For purposes of this section, unless the context otherwise
4	requires, "institutional investor" means:
5	(a) A bank as defined in section 3 (a)(6) of the federal "Securities
6	Exchange Act of 1934", as amended;
7	(b) An insurance company as defined in section 2 (a)(17) of the
8	federal "Investment Company Act of 1940", as amended;
9	(c) An investment company registered under section 8 of the
10	federal "Investment Company Act of 1940", as amended;
11	(d) An investment adviser registered under section 203 of the
12	federal "Investment Advisers Act of 1940", as amended;
13	(e) Collective trust funds as defined in section 3 (c)(11) of the
14	federal "Investment Company Act of 1940", as amended;
15	(f) An employee benefit plan or pension fund that is subject to the
16	federal "Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974", as
17	amended, excluding an employee benefit plan or pension fund sponsored
18	by a licensee or an intermediary or holding company licensee that directly
19	or indirectly owns five percent or more of a licensee;
20	(g) A state or federal government pension plan;
21	(h) A group comprised entirely of persons specified in subsections
22	(7)(a) to (7)(g) of this section; or
23	(i) Any other entity identified through rule by the state licensing
24	authority.
25	44-10-309. [Formerly 44-11-308] Restrictions for applications
26	for new licenses. (1) The state or a local licensing authority shall not
27	receive or act upon an application for the issuance of a state or local

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MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS license pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE
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- (a) If the application for a state or local license concerns a particular location that is the same as or within one thousand feet of a location for which, within the two years immediately preceding the date of the application, the state or a local licensing authority denied an application for the same class of license due to the nature of the use or other concern related to the location;
- (b) Until it is established that the applicant is, or will be, entitled to possession of the premises for which application is made under a lease, rental agreement, or other arrangement for possession of the premises or by virtue of ownership of the premises;
- (c) For a location in an area where the cultivation, manufacture, and sale of medical marijuana as contemplated is not permitted under the applicable zoning laws of the municipality, city and county, or county;
- (d) (I) If the building in which medical marijuana is to be sold is located within one thousand feet of a school; an alcohol or drug treatment facility; the principal campus of a college, university, or seminary; or a residential child care facility. The provisions of this section shall DO not affect the renewal or reissuance of a license once granted or apply to licensed premises located or to be located on land owned by a municipality, nor shall DO the provisions of this section apply to an existing licensed premises on land owned by the state or apply to a license in effect and actively doing business before said principal campus was constructed. The local licensing authority of a city and county, by rule or regulation; the governing body of a municipality, by ordinance; and the governing body of a county, by resolution, may vary the distance

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restrictions imposed by this subsection (1)(d)(I) for a license or may eliminate one or more types of schools, campuses, or facilities from the application of a distance restriction established by or pursuant to this subsection (1)(d)(I).

- (II) The distances referred to in this subsection (1)(d) are to be computed by direct measurement from the nearest property line of the land used for a school or campus to the nearest portion of the building in which medical marijuana is to be sold, using a route of direct pedestrian access.
- (III) In addition to the requirements of section 44-11-303 (2) SECTION 44-10-304 (2), the local licensing authority shall consider the evidence and make a specific finding of fact as to whether the building in which the medical marijuana is to be sold is located within any distance restrictions established by or pursuant to this subsection (1)(d).
- (2) [Formerly 44-12-307] The state licensing authority shall not approve an application for the issuance of a state RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS license pursuant to this article 12 ARTICLE 10 until it is established that the applicant is, or will be, entitled to possession of the premises for which application is made under a lease, rental agreement, or other arrangement for possession of the premises or by virtue of ownership of the premises.
- **44-10-310.** [Formerly 44-11-309 and similar to 44-12-308] Transfer of ownership. (1) A state or local license granted under the provisions of this article 11 shall not be ARTICLE 10 ARE NOT transferable except as provided in this section, but this section shall DOES not prevent a change of location as provided in section 44-11-310 (13) SECTION 44-10-311 (13).

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(2) For a transfer of ownership, a license holder shall apply to the state and local licensing authorities on forms prepared and furnished by the state licensing authority. In determining whether to permit a transfer of ownership, the state and local licensing authorities shall consider only the requirements of this article 11 ARTICLE 10, any rules promulgated by the state licensing authority, and any other local restrictions. The local licensing authority OR LOCAL JURISDICTION may hold a hearing on the application for transfer of ownership. The local licensing authority OR LOCAL JURISDICTION shall not hold a hearing pursuant to this subsection (2) until the local licensing authority OR LOCAL JURISDICTION has posted a notice of hearing in the manner described in section 44-11-302 (2) SECTION 44-10-303 (2) on the licensed medical marijuana center premises for a period of ten days and has provided notice of the hearing to the applicant at least ten days prior to the hearing. Any transfer of ownership hearing by the state licensing authority shall MUST be held in compliance with the requirements specified in section 44-11-302 SECTION 44-10-303. 44-10-311. [Formerly 44-11-310 and similar **44-12-309** Licensing in general. (1) (a) This article 11 ARTICLE 10 authorizes a county, municipality, or city and county to prohibit the operation of medical marijuana centers, optional premises cultivation operations, and medical marijuana-infused products manufacturers' licenses A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS and to enact reasonable regulations or other restrictions applicable to medical marijuana centers, optional premises cultivation licenses, and medical marijuana-infused products manufacturers' licenses BUSINESSES based on local government zoning, health, safety, and public welfare laws for the distribution of

medical marijuana that are more restrictive than this article 11 ARTICLE

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2 (b) LOCAL JURISDICTIONS ARE AUTHORIZED TO ADOPT AND
3 ENFORCE REGULATIONS FOR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESSES THAT ARE AT
4 LEAST AS RESTRICTIVE AS THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ARTICLE 10 AND ANY
5 RULE PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10.

- (2) (a) A medical marijuana center, optional premises cultivation operation, or medical marijuana-infused products manufacturer BUSINESS may not operate until it has been licensed by the local licensing authority and the state licensing authority pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10. If the state licensing authority issues the applicant a state license and the local licensing authority subsequently denies the applicant a license, the state licensing authority shall consider the local licensing authority denial as a basis for the revocation of the state-issued license. In connection with a license, the applicant shall provide a complete and accurate list of all CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL owners, officers, and employees who manage, own, or are otherwise substantially associated with the operation and shall provide a complete and accurate application as required by the state licensing authority.
- (b) A RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS MAY NOT OPERATE UNTIL IT IS LICENSED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10 AND APPROVED BY THE LOCAL JURISDICTION. IF AN APPLICATION IS DENIED BY THE LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL REVOKE THE STATE-ISSUED LICENSE. IN CONNECTION WITH A LICENSE, THE APPLICANT SHALL PROVIDE A COMPLETE AND ACCURATE APPLICATION AS REQUIRED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY.
 - (3) A medical marijuana center, optional premises cultivation

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operation, or medical marijuana-infused products manufacturer BUSINESS shall notify the state licensing authority in writing within ten days after an A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL owner, officer PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, or manager ceases to work at, manage, own, or otherwise be associated with the operation. The CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL owner, officer PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, or manager shall surrender to the state licensing authority any identification card that may have been issued by the state licensing authority on or before the date of the notification.

- (4) A medical marijuana center, optional premises cultivation operation, or medical marijuana-infused products manufacturer BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS shall notify the state licensing authority in writing of the name, address, and date of birth of an A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL owner, officer PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, or manager before the new CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL owner, officer PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, or manager begins managing owning, or associating with the operation. Any CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL owner, officer PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, manager, or employee shall MUST pass a fingerprint-based criminal history record check as required by the state licensing authority and obtain the required identification prior to being associated with, managing, owning, or working at the operation.
- (5) (a) A medical marijuana center, optional premises cultivation operation, or medical marijuana-infused products manufacturer BUSINESS shall not acquire, possess, cultivate, deliver, transfer, transport, supply, or dispense marijuana for any purpose except to assist patients, as defined by section 14 (1) of article XVIII of the state constitution.
- (b) A RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS SHALL NOT ACQUIRE, POSSESS, CULTIVATE, DELIVER, TRANSFER, TRANSPORT, SUPPLY, OR DISPENSE

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MARIJUANA FOR ANY PURPOSE EXCEPT AS AUTHORIZED BY SECTION 16 OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE STATE CONSTITUTION AND THIS ARTICLE 10.

- (6) (a) All managers and employees of a medical marijuana center, optional premises cultivation operation, or medical marijuana-infused products manufacturer BUSINESS shall be residents of Colorado upon the date of their license application. All licenses granted pursuant to this article 11 shall be ARTICLE 10 ARE valid for a period not to exceed two years after the date of issuance unless revoked or suspended pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10 or the rules promulgated pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10.
- (b) All managers and employees of a retail marijuana business shall be residents of Colorado upon the date of their license application. All licenses granted pursuant to this article 10 are valid for a period of one year after the date of issuance unless revoked or suspended pursuant to this article 10 or the rules promulgated pursuant to this article 10.
- (7) Before granting a local or state license, the respective licensing authority may consider, except where this article 11 ARTICLE 10 specifically provides otherwise, the requirements of this article 11 ARTICLE 10 and any rules promulgated pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10, and all other reasonable restrictions that are or may be placed upon the licensee by the licensing authority. With respect to a second or additional license for the same MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS licensee or the same owner of another licensed MEDICAL MARIJUANA business pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10, each licensing authority shall consider the effect on competition of granting or denying the additional licenses to such licensee and shall not approve an application for a second

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or additional license that would have the effect of restraining competition.

- (8) (a) Each license issued under this article 11 ARTICLE 10 is separate and distinct. It is unlawful for a person to exercise any of the privileges granted under a license other than the license that the person holds or for a licensee to allow any other person to exercise the privileges granted under the licensee's license. A separate license shall be IS required for each specific business or business entity and each geographical location.
- (b) At all times, a licensee shall possess and maintain possession of the premises or optional premises for which the license is issued by ownership, lease, rental, or other arrangement for possession of the premises.
- (9) (a) The licenses provided pursuant to this article 11 shall ARTICLE 10 MUST specify the date of issuance, the period of licensure, the name of the licensee, and the premises or optional premises licensed. The licensee shall conspicuously place the license at all times on the licensed premises. or optional premises.
- (b) A local licensing authority shall not transfer location of or renew a license to sell medical marijuana until the applicant for the license provides verification that a license was issued and granted by the state licensing authority for the previous license term. The state licensing authority shall not transfer location of or renew a state license until the applicant provides verification that a license was issued and granted by the local licensing authority for the previous license term.
- (10) In computing any period of time prescribed by this article 11 ARTICLE 10, the day of the act, event, or default from which the designated period of time begins to run shall IS not be included.

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Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays shall be ARE counted as any other day.

- (11) (a) A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS licensee shall report each transfer or change of financial interest in the license to the state and local licensing authorities thirty days prior to any transfer or change pursuant to section 44-11-309 SECTION 44-10-310. A report shall be IS required for transfers of capital stock of any corporation regardless of size.
- (b) A RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS LICENSEE SHALL REPORT EACH TRANSFER OR CHANGE OF FINANCIAL INTEREST IN THE LICENSE TO THE STATE AND LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITIES AND RECEIVE APPROVAL PRIOR TO ANY TRANSFER OR CHANGE PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-10-310. A REPORT IS REQUIRED FOR TRANSFERS OF CAPITAL STOCK OF ANY CORPORATION REGARDLESS OF SIZE.
- (12) Each licensee shall manage the licensed premises himself or herself or employ a separate and distinct manager on the premises and shall report the name of the manager to the state and local licensing authorities. The licensee shall report any change in manager to the state and local licensing authorities prior to the change pursuant to subsection (4) of this section.
- (13) (a) A licensee may move his or her THE permanent location to any other place in Colorado once permission to do so is granted by the state and local licensing authorities OR LOCAL JURISDICTION provided for in this article 11 ARTICLE 10. Upon receipt of an application for change of location, the state licensing authority shall, within seven days, submit a copy of the application to the local licensing authority OR LOCAL JURISDICTION to determine whether the transfer complies with all local

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1	restrictions on change of location.
2	(b) In permitting a change of location, the state and local licensing
3	authorities OR LOCAL JURISDICTION shall consider all reasonable
4	restrictions that are or may be placed upon the new location by the
5	governing board or local licensing authority of the municipality, city and
6	county, or county, and any such change in location shall MUST be in
7	accordance with all requirements of this article 11 ARTICLE 10 and rules
8	promulgated pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10.
9	(c) (I) A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY OR RETAIL
10	MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY THAT HAS OBTAINED AN APPROVED
11	CHANGE OF LOCATION FROM THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY
12	OPERATE ONE LICENSE AT TWO GEOGRAPHICAL LOCATIONS FOR THE
13	PURPOSE OF TRANSITIONING OPERATIONS FROM ONE LOCATION TO
14	ANOTHER IF:
15	(A) THE TOTAL PLANTS CULTIVATED AT BOTH LOCATIONS DO NOT
16	EXCEED ANY PLANT COUNT LIMIT IMPOSED ON THE LICENSE BY THIS
17	ARTICLE 10 AND ANY RULES PROMULGATED BY THE STATE LICENSING
18	<u>AUTHORITY;</u>
19	(B) THE LICENSED PREMISES OF BOTH GEOGRAPHICAL LOCATIONS
20	COMPLY WITH ALL SURVEILLANCE, SECURITY, AND INVENTORY TRACKING
21	REQUIREMENTS IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE 10 AND ANY RULES
22	PROMULGATED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY;
23	(C) Both the transferring location and the receiving
24	LOCATION TRACK ALL PLANTS VIRTUALLY IN TRANSITION IN THE
25	SEED-TO-SALE TRACKING SYSTEM TO ENSURE PROPER TRACKING FOR
26	TAXATION AND TRACKING PURPOSES;
27	(D) OPERATION AT BOTH GEOGRAPHICAL LOCATIONS DOES NOT

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1	EXCEED ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY DAYS, UNLESS FOR GOOD CAUSE SHOWN,
2	THE ONE-HUNDRED-EIGHTY-DAY DEADLINE MAY BE EXTENDED FOR AN
3	ADDITIONAL ONE HUNDRED TWENTY DAYS; AND
4	(E) THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY OR RETAIL
5	MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY LICENSEE OBTAINS THE PROPER STATE
6	PERMIT AND LOCAL PERMIT OR LICENSE. IF THE CHANGE OF LOCATION IS
7	WITHIN THE SAME LOCAL JURISDICTION, THE LICENSEE MUST FIRST OBTAIN
8	A TRANSITION PERMIT FROM THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY AND, IF
9	REQUIRED BY THE LOCAL JURISDICTION, A TRANSITION PERMIT OR OTHER
10	FORM OF APPROVAL FROM THE LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY OR LOCAL
11	JURISDICTION. IF THE CHANGE OF LOCATION IS TO A DIFFERENT LOCAL
12	JURISDICTION, THE LICENSEE MUST FIRST OBTAIN A LICENSE FROM THE
13	LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY OR LOCAL JURISDICTION WHERE IT INTENDS
14	TO LOCATE, A TRANSITION PERMIT FROM THE STATE LICENSING
15	AUTHORITY, AND, IF REQUIRED BY THE LOCAL JURISDICTION, A TRANSITION
16	PERMIT OR OTHER FORM OF APPROVAL FROM THE LOCAL LICENSING
17	AUTHORITY OR LOCAL JURISDICTION FOR THE LOCAL JURISDICTION WHERE
18	IT INTENDS TO LOCATE.
19	(II) CONDUCT AT EITHER LOCATION MAY BE BASIS FOR FINE,
20	SUSPENSION, REVOCATION, OR OTHER SANCTION AGAINST THE LICENSE.
21	44-10-312. License renewal. (1) [Formerly 44-11-311
22	(1)] Ninety days prior to the expiration date of an existing MEDICAL
23	MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS license, the state
24	licensing authority shall notify the licensee of the expiration date by
25	first-class mail at the licensee's address of record with the state licensing
26	authority. A licensee shall MUST apply for the renewal of an existing
27	license to the local licensing authority not less than forty-five days and to

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the state licensing authority not less than thirty days prior to the date of expiration. A local licensing authority shall not accept an application for renewal of a license after the date of expiration, except as provided in subsection (3) of this section. The state licensing authority may extend the expiration date of the license and accept a late application for renewal of a license provided that the applicant has filed a timely renewal application with the local licensing authority. All renewals filed with the local licensing authority and subsequently approved by the local licensing authority shall next be processed by the state licensing authority. The state licensing authority may administratively continue the license and accept a later application for renewal of a license at the discretion of the state licensing authority WITHIN THE TIME FRAME REQUIRED BY LOCAL ORDINANCE OR REGULATION AND TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY PRIOR TO THE EXPIRATION OF THE LICENSE. THE LICENSEE SHALL PROVIDE THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY WITH INFORMATION ESTABLISHING THAT THE APPLICATION COMPLIES WITH ALL LOCAL REQUIREMENTS FOR THE RENEWAL OF A LICENSE. IF A LICENSEE SUBMITS A TIMELY AND SUFFICIENT RENEWAL APPLICATION, THE LICENSEE MAY CONTINUE TO OPERATE UNTIL THE APPLICATION IS FINALLY ACTED UPON BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY. The local licensing authority may hold a hearing on the application for renewal OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS LICENSE only if the licensee has had complaints filed against it, has a history of violations, or there are allegations against the licensee that would constitute good cause. The local licensing authority shall not hold a renewal hearing provided for by this subsection (1) for a medical marijuana center STORE until it has posted a notice of hearing on the licensed medical marijuana center STORE premises in the manner

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described in section 44-11-302. (2) SECTION 44-10-303 (2) for a period of ten days and provided notice to the applicant at least ten days prior to the hearing. The local licensing authority may refuse to renew any license for good cause, subject to judicial review.

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[Formerly 44-12-310 (1)] Ninety days prior to the expiration date of an existing license, the state licensing authority shall notify the licensee of the expiration date by first-class mail at the licensee's address of record with the state licensing authority. A licensee may apply for the renewal of an existing license to the state licensing authority not less than thirty days prior to the date of expiration. Upon receipt of an application for renewal of an existing license and any applicable fees, the state licensing authority shall submit, within seven days, a copy of the application to the local jurisdiction to determine whether the application complies with all local restrictions on renewal of licenses. The state licensing authority shall not accept an application for renewal of a license after the date of expiration, except as provided in subsection (3) of this section. The state licensing authority may extend the expiration date of the license and accept a late application for renewal of a license if the applicant has filed a timely renewal application with the local licensing authority. The state or the local licensing authority, in its discretion, subject to the requirements of this subsection (1) and subsection (3) of this section and based upon reasonable grounds, may waive the thirty-day time requirements set forth in this subsection (1).

(2) [Formerly 44-11-311 (2)] The state licensing authority may require an additional fingerprint request when there is a demonstrated investigative need.

44-10-313. [Formerly 44-11-312 and similar to

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1	44-12-311] Inactive licenses. The state or local licensing authority, in its
2	discretion, may revoke or elect not to renew any license if it determines
3	that the licensed premises have been inactive, without good cause, for at
4	least one year.
5	44-10-314. [Formerly 44-11-313 and similar to
6	44-12-312] Unlawful financial assistance. (1) The state licensing
7	authority, by rule, shall require a complete disclosure of all persons
8	having a direct or indirect financial interest, and the extent of such
9	interest, in each license issued under this article 11 THAT ARE
10	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS, AND
11	INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDERS OF THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA
12	BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS.
13	(2) A person shall not have an unreported financial interest in a
14	license pursuant to this article 11 unless that person has undergone a
15	fingerprint-based criminal history record check as provided for by the
16	state licensing authority in its rules; except that this subsection (2) does
17	not apply to banks or savings and loan associations supervised and
18	regulated by an agency of the state or federal government, or to
19	FHA-approved mortgagees, or to stockholders, directors, or officers
20	thereof.
21	(3) (2) This section is intended to prohibit and prevent the control
22	of the outlets for the sale of medical REGULATED marijuana AND
23	REGULATED MARIJUANA PRODUCTS by a person or party other than the
24	persons licensed pursuant to the provisions of this article 11 ARTICLE 10.
25	PART 4
26	LICENSE TYPES
27	44-10-401. [Formerly 44-11-401 and similar to

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44-12-401 Classes of licenses. (1) For the purpose of regulating the cultivation, manufacture, distribution, and sale of medical REGULATED marijuana AND REGULATED MARIJUANA PRODUCTS, the state licensing authority in its discretion, upon application in the prescribed form made to it, may issue and grant to the applicant a license from any of the following classes, subject to the provisions and restrictions provided by this article 11 ARTICLE 10. (2) (a) THE FOLLOWING ARE MEDICAL MARIJUANA LICENSES: (a) (I) Medical marijuana center STORE license; (b) (II) Optional premises cultivation MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY license; (c) (III) Medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturing MANUFACTURER license; (d) (IV) Medical marijuana testing facility license; (e) Occupational licenses and registrations for owners, managers, operators, employees, contractors, and other support staff employed by, working in, or having access to restricted areas of the licensed premises, as determined by the state licensing authority. Upon receipt of an affirmation under penalty of perjury that the applicant is enrolled in a marijuana-based workforce development or training program operated by

an entity licensed under this article 11 or by a school that is authorized by

the private occupational school division in Colorado that will require

access or employment within a premises licensed pursuant to this article

11 or article 12 of this title 44, the state licensing authority may exempt

for up to two years based on the length of the program the residency

requirement in section 44-11-310 (6) for a person applying for an

occupational license for participation in a marijuana-based workforce

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1	development of training program. The state needsing authority may take
2	any action with respect to a registration pursuant to this article 11 as it
3	may with respect to a license pursuant to this article 11, in accordance
4	with the procedures established pursuant to this article 11.
5	(f) (V) Medical marijuana transporter license;
6	(g) (VI) Medical marijuana business operator license; AND
7	(h) (VII) Marijuana research and development license. and
8	(i) Marijuana research and development cultivation license.
9	(b) THE FOLLOWING ARE RETAIL MARIJUANA LICENSES:
10	(I) RETAIL MARIJUANA STORE LICENSE;
11	(II) RETAIL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY LICENSE;
12	(III) RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER LICENSE;
13	(IV) RETAIL MARIJUANA TESTING FACILITY LICENSE;
14	(V) RETAIL MARIJUANA TRANSPORTER LICENSE;
15	(VI) RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OPERATOR <u>LICENSE</u> ;
16	(VII) RETAIL MARIJUANA ACCELERATOR CULTIVATOR LICENSE:
17	<u>AND</u>
18	(VIII) RETAIL MARIJUANA ACCELERATOR MANUFACTURER
19	<u>LICENSE;</u>
20	(c) OCCUPATIONAL LICENSES AND REGISTRATIONS FOR OWNERS.
21	MANAGERS, OPERATORS, EMPLOYEES, CONTRACTORS, AND OTHER
22	SUPPORT STAFF EMPLOYED BY, WORKING IN, OR HAVING ACCESS TO
23	RESTRICTED AREAS OF THE LICENSED PREMISES, AS DETERMINED BY THE
24	STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY. UPON RECEIPT OF AN AFFIRMATION UNDER
25	PENALTY OF PERJURY THAT THE APPLICANT IS ENROLLED IN A
26	MARIJUANA-BASED WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT OR TRAINING PROGRAM
2.7	OPERATED BY AN ENTITY LICENSED UNDER THIS ARTICLE 10 OR BY A

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1 SCHOOL THAT IS AUTHORIZED BY THE PRIVATE OCCUPATIONAL SCHOOL 2 DIVISION IN COLORADO THAT WILL REQUIRE ACCESS OR EMPLOYMENT 3 WITHIN A PREMISES LICENSED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10, THE STATE 4 LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY EXEMPT FOR UP TO TWO YEARS BASED ON THE 5 LENGTH OF THE PROGRAM THE RESIDENCY REQUIREMENT IN SECTION 6 44-10-311 (6) FOR A PERSON APPLYING FOR AN OCCUPATIONAL LICENSE 7 FOR PARTICIPATION IN A MARIJUANA-BASED WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT 8 OR TRAINING PROGRAM. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY TAKE ANY 9 ACTION WITH RESPECT TO A REGISTRATION PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10 10 AS IT MAY WITH RESPECT TO A LICENSE PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10, IN 11 ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROCEDURES ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO THIS 12 ARTICLE 10. 13 (1.5) (3) (a) Prior to accepting a court appointment as a receiver, 14 personal representative, executor, administrator, guardian, conservator, 15 trustee, or any other similarly situated person to take possession of, operate, manage, or control a licensed medical marijuana business, the 16 17 proposed appointee shall certify to the court that the proposed appointee 18 is not prohibited from being issued a medical marijuana license pursuant 19 to section 44-11-306 (1) SECTION 44-10-307 (1). Within the time frame 20 established by rules promulgated by the state licensing authority pursuant 21 to section 44-11-202 (2)(a)(XXVII) SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(q), an 22 appointee shall notify the state and local licensing authorities of the 23 appointment and shall apply to the state licensing authority for a finding 24 of suitability. 25 (b) Upon notification of an appointment required by subsection 26 (1.5)(a) SUBSECTION (3)(a) of this section, the state licensing authority 27 shall issue a temporary appointee registration to the appointee effective

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as of the date of the appointment. Pursuant to sections 44-11-202 (1)(a), 44-11-601, and 24-4-104 SECTIONS 24-4-104, 44-10-202 (1)(b), AND 44-10-901, the appointee's temporary appointee registration may be suspended, revoked, or subject to other sanction if the state licensing authority finds the appointee to be unsuitable or if the appointee fails to comply with this article 11 or article 12 of this title 44 ARTICLE 10, the rules promulgated pursuant thereto, or any order of the state licensing authority. If an appointee's temporary appointee registration is suspended or revoked, the appointee shall immediately cease performing all activities for which a license is required by this article 11 ARTICLE 10. For purposes of section 44-11-601 (1) SECTION 44-10-901 (1), the appointee is deemed an agent of the licensed medical marijuana business.

- (c) The appointee shall inform the court of any action taken against the temporary appointee registration by the state licensing authority pursuant to section 44-11-601 or 24-4-104 SECTION 24-4-104 OR 44-10-901 within two business days of any such action.
- (d) Unless otherwise permitted by this article 11 ARTICLE 10 and rules promulgated pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10, a person shall not take possession of, operate, manage, or control a medical marijuana business on behalf of another except by court appointment and in accordance with this subsection (1.5) SUBSECTION (3) and rules promulgated pursuant thereto.
- (2) (4) All persons licensed pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10 shall collect sales tax on all sales made pursuant to the licensing activities.
- (3) (5) A state chartered bank or a credit union may loan money to any person licensed pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10 for the

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1	operation of a licensed MEDICAL OR RETAIL MARIJUANA business. A
2	marijuana financial services cooperative organized pursuant to article 33
3	of title 11 may accept as a member, loan money to, and accept deposits
4	from any entity licensed pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10 for the
5	operation of a licensed MEDICAL OR RETAIL MARIJUANA business.
6	(6) FOR A PERSON APPLYING FOR AN ACCELERATOR LICENSE, THE
7	STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL NOT DENY AN APPLICATION ON THE
8	SOLE BASIS OF THE PRIOR MARIJUANA CONVICTION OF THE APPLICANT AND
9	AT ITS DISCRETION MAY WAIVE OTHER REQUIREMENTS.
10	PART 5
11	MEDICAL MARIJUANA LICENSE TYPES
12	44-10-501. [Formerly 44-11-402] Medical marijuana store
13	license. (1) (a) A medical marijuana center STORE license shall MAY be
14	issued only to a person selling medical marijuana pursuant to the terms
15	and conditions of this article 11 ARTICLE 10.
16	(b) The medical marijuana center STORE shall track all of its
17	medical marijuana and medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products
18	from the point that they are transferred from a medical marijuana optional
19	premises cultivation facility MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY
20	or medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer to the
21	point of sale.
22	(2) (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, a medical
23	marijuana center STORE licensee may also sell medical marijuana-infused
24	MARIJUANA products that are prepackaged and labeled so as to clearly
25	indicate all of the following:
26	(I) That the product contains medical marijuana;
27	(II) That the product is manufactured without any regulatory

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oversight for health, safety, or efficacy; and

- (III) That there may be health risks associated with the consumption or use of the product.
- (b) A medical marijuana STORE licensee may contract with a medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturing MANUFACTURER licensee for the manufacture of medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products upon a medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturing MANUFACTURER licensee's licensed premises.
- (3) (a) Every person selling medical marijuana as provided for in this article 11 ARTICLE 10 shall sell only medical marijuana acquired from an optional premises cultivation facility A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY licensee, medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer licensee, or another medical marijuana center STORE.
- (b) A medical marijuana center STORE may not sell more than two ounces of medical marijuana to a patient or caregiver; except that a medical marijuana center STORE may sell more than two ounces to a patient or caregiver who has been recommended an extended ounce count by his or her recommending physician in accordance with regulations adopted by the state licensing authority.
- (c) In addition to medical marijuana, a medical marijuana center STORE may sell no more than six immature plants to a patient; except that a medical marijuana center STORE may sell more than six immature plants, but may not exceed half the recommended plant count, to a patient who has been recommended an expanded plant count by his or her recommending physician in accordance with regulations adopted by the

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state licensing authority. A medical marijuana center STORE may sell immature plants to a primary caregiver, another medical marijuana center STORE, or a medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer pursuant to rules promulgated by the state licensing authority.

- (d) A medical marijuana center STORE may sell medical marijuana to another medical marijuana center, an optional premises cultivation facility STORE, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY, or a medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer pursuant to rules promulgated by the state licensing authority.
- (e) (I) A MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORE THAT SELLS AN INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT SHALL ENSURE THAT THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT HAS PASSED ALL TESTING REQUIRED BY RULES PROMULGATED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(d). PRIOR TO TAKING POSSESSION OF THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORE SHALL VERIFY THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT PASSED ALL TESTING REQUIRED FOR MEDICAL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS AT A LICENSED MEDICAL MARIJUANA TESTING FACILITY AND THAT THE PERSON TRANSFERRING THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT HAS RECEIVED A REGISTRATION FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-5-426.
- (II) ABSENT SAMPLING AND TESTING STANDARDS ESTABLISHED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT FOR THE SAMPLING AND TESTING OF AN INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT, A PERSON TRANSFERRING AN INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT TO A MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORE PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL COMPLY WITH SAMPLING AND TESTING STANDARDS CONSISTENT WITH THOSE ESTABLISHED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10. THE STATE

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- 1 LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL REPORT TO THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC
- 2 HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT ANY INVESTIGATIONS OR FINDINGS OF
- 3 VIOLATIONS OF THIS SECTION BY A PERSON REGISTERED PURSUANT TO
- 4 SECTION 25-5-426.

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(e) (f) The provisions of this subsection (3) do not apply to medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products.

(4) Repealed.

(5) (4) Prior to initiating a sale, the employee of the medical marijuana center STORE making the sale shall verify that the purchaser has a valid registry identification card issued pursuant to section 25-1.5-106 or a copy of a current and complete new application for the medical marijuana registry administered by the department of public health and environment that is documented by a certified mail return receipt PROOF as having been submitted to the department of public health and environment within the preceding thirty-five days, and a valid picture identification card that matches the name on the registry identification card. A purchaser may not provide a copy of a renewal application in order to make a purchase at a medical marijuana center STORE. A purchaser may only make a purchase using a copy of his or her application from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m., Monday through Friday. If the purchaser presents a copy of his or her application at the time of purchase, the employee must contact the department of public health and environment to determine whether the purchaser's application has been denied. The employee shall not complete the transaction if the purchaser's application has been denied. If the purchaser's application has been denied, the employee shall be IS authorized to confiscate the purchaser's copy of the application and the documentation of the certified mail return

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receipt PROOF OF SUBMITTAL, if possible, and shall, within seventy-two hours after the confiscation, turn it over to the department of public health and environment or a local law enforcement agency. The failure to confiscate the copy of the application and document of the certified mail return receipt PROOF OF SUBMITTAL or to turn it over to the state health department or a state or local law enforcement agency within seventy-two hours after the confiscation shall not constitute IS NOT a criminal offense.

(6) (5) Transactions for the sale of medical marijuana or a medical

(6) (5) Transactions for the sale of medical marijuana or a medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA product at a medical marijuana center STORE may be completed by using an automated machine that is in a restricted access area of the center STORE if the machine complies with the rules promulgated by the state licensing authority regarding the transaction of sale of product at a medical marijuana center STORE and the transaction complies with subsection (5) SUBSECTION (4) of this section.

(7) (6) A medical marijuana center STORE may provide, except as required by section 44-11-202 (3)(a)(I) SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(d), a sample of its products to a facility that has a medical marijuana testing facility license from the state licensing authority for testing and research purposes. A medical marijuana center STORE shall maintain a record of what was provided to the testing facility, the identity of the testing facility, and the results of the testing.

(8) (7) All medical marijuana sold at a licensed medical marijuana center shall be labeled with a list of all chemical additives, including but not limited to nonorganic pesticides, herbicides, and fertilizers, that were used in the cultivation and the production of the medical marijuana.

(9) (8) A licensed medical marijuana center STORE shall comply with all provisions of article 34 of title 24, as the provisions relate to

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persons with disabilities.

(4)(1) SECTION 44-10-701 (3)(g), a medical marijuana center STORE may sell below cost or donate to a patient who has been designated indigent by the state health agency or who is in hospice care:

- (a) Medical marijuana; or
- (b) No more than six immature plants; except that a medical marijuana center STORE may sell or donate more than six immature plants, but may not exceed half the recommended plant count, to a patient who has been recommended an expanded plant count by his or her recommending physician; or
 - (c) Medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products to patients.
 - 44-10-502. [Formerly 44-11-403] Medical marijuana cultivation facility license rules definitions. (1) An optional premises cultivation facility license A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY may be issued only to a person who cultivates medical marijuana for sale and distribution to licensed medical marijuana centers STORES, medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer licensees, or other optional premises cultivation facilities MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITIES.
 - (2) An optional premises cultivation facility A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY shall track the marijuana it cultivates from seed or immature plant to wholesale purchase.
 - (3) An optional premises cultivation facility A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY may provide, except as required by section 44-11-202 (3)(a)(I) SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(d), a sample of its products to a facility that has a MEDICAL marijuana testing facility license

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from the state licensing authority for testing and research purposes. An optional premises cultivation facility A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY shall maintain a record of what was provided to the testing facility, the identity of the testing facility, and the testing results.

- (4) Medical marijuana or medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products may not be consumed on the premises of an optional premises cultivation facility A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY.
- (5) (a) A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY LICENSEE MAY PROVIDE A MEDICAL MARIJUANA SAMPLE AND A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE SAMPLE TO NO MORE THAN FIVE MANAGERS EMPLOYED BY THE LICENSEE FOR PURPOSES OF QUALITY CONTROL AND PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT. A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY LICENSEE MAY DESIGNATE NO MORE THAN FIVE MANAGERS PER CALENDAR MONTH AS RECIPIENTS OF QUALITY CONTROL AND PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT SAMPLES AUTHORIZED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (5)(a).
- (b) Managers who receive a sample pursuant to subsection (5)(a) of this section must have a valid registry identification card issued pursuant to section 25-1.5-106 (9).
- (c) A SAMPLE AUTHORIZED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (5)(a) OF THIS SECTION IS LIMITED TO ONE GRAM OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA PER BATCH AS DEFINED IN RULES PROMULGATED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY AND ONE-QUARTER GRAM OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE PER BATCH AS DEFINED IN RULES PROMULGATED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY; EXCEPT THAT THE LIMIT IS ONE-HALF GRAM OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE IF THE INTENDED USE OF THE FINAL MEDICAL MARIJUANA PRODUCT IS TO BE USED IN A DEVICE THAT

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1	CAN DELIVER MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE IN A VAPORIZED FORM
2	TO THE PERSON INHALING FROM THE DEVICE.
3	(d) A SAMPLE AUTHORIZED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (5)(a) OF
4	THIS SECTION MUST BE LABELED AND PACKAGED PURSUANT TO THE RULES
5	PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(f) AND (3)(b).
6	(e) A sample provided pursuant to subsection (5)(a) of this
7	SECTION MUST BE TRACKED WITH THE SEED-TO-SALE TRACKING SYSTEM.
8	PRIOR TO A MANAGER RECEIVING A SAMPLE, A MANAGER MUST BE
9	DESIGNATED IN THE SEED-TO-SALE TRACKING SYSTEM AS A RECIPIENT OF
10	QUALITY CONTROL AND PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT SAMPLES. A MANAGER
11	RECEIVING A SAMPLE MUST MAKE A VOLUNTARY DECISION TO BE TRACKED
12	IN THE SEED-TO-SALE TRACKING SYSTEM AND IS NOT A CONSUMER
13	PURSUANT TO SECTION 16 (5)(c) OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE STATE
14	CONSTITUTION. THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY
15	LICENSEE SHALL MAINTAIN DOCUMENTATION OF ALL SAMPLES AND SHALL
16	MAKE THE DOCUMENTATION AVAILABLE TO THE STATE LICENSING
17	AUTHORITY.
18	(f) PRIOR TO A MANAGER RECEIVING A SAMPLE PURSUANT TO
19	SUBSECTION (5)(a) OF THIS SECTION, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION
20	FACILITY LICENSEE SHALL PROVIDE A STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURE
21	TO THE MANAGER EXPLAINING REQUIREMENTS PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION
22	AND PERSONAL POSSESSION LIMITS PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-406.
23	(g) A MANAGER SHALL NOT:
24	(I) RECEIVE MORE THAN ONE OUNCE TOTAL OF MEDICAL
25	MARIJUANA SAMPLES OR FIFTEEN GRAMS OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA
26	CONCENTRATE SAMPLES PER CALENDAR MONTH, REGARDLESS OF THE
27	NUMBER OF LICENSES THAT THE MANAGER IS ASSOCIATED WITH; OR

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1	(II) PROVIDE OR RESELL THE SAMPLE TO ANOTHER LICENSED
2	EMPLOYEE, A CUSTOMER, OR ANY OTHER INDIVIDUAL.
3	(h) A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY LICENSEE
4	SHALL NOT:
5	(I) ALLOW A MANAGER TO CONSUME THE SAMPLE ON THE
6	LICENSED PREMISES; OR
7	(II) USE THE SAMPLE AS A MEANS OF COMPENSATION TO A
8	MANAGER.
9	(i) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY ESTABLISH ADDITIONAL
10	INVENTORY TRACKING AND RECORD KEEPING, INCLUDING ADDITIONAL
11	REPORTING REQUIRED FOR IMPLEMENTATION. THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA
12	CULTIVATION FACILITY LICENSEE SHALL MAINTAIN THE INFORMATION
13	REQUIRED BY THIS SUBSECTION (5)(i) ON THE LICENSED PREMISES FOR
14	INSPECTION BY THE STATE AND LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITIES.
15	(j) For purposes of this subsection (5) only, "manager"
16	MEANS AN EMPLOYEE OF THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS WHO HOLDS
17	A VALID KEY LICENSE OR ASSOCIATED KEY LICENSE AND IS CURRENTLY
18	DESIGNATED PURSUANT TO STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY RULES AS THE
19	MANAGER OF THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS.
20	(6) (a) The state licensing authority may issue a
21	CENTRALIZED DISTRIBUTION PERMIT TO A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
22	CULTIVATION FACILITY AUTHORIZING TEMPORARY STORAGE ON ITS
23	LICENSED PREMISES OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE AND MEDICAL
24	MARIJUANA PRODUCTS RECEIVED FROM A MEDICAL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS
25	MANUFACTURER FOR THE SOLE PURPOSE OF TRANSFER TO THE PERMIT
26	HOLDER'S COMMONLY OWNED MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORES. PRIOR TO
27	EXERCISING THE PRIVILEGES OF A CENTRALIZED DISTRIBUTION PERMIT, A

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l	MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY LICENSED PURSUANT TO THIS

- 2 SECTION SHALL, AT THE TIME OF APPLICATION TO THE STATE LICENSING
- 3 AUTHORITY, SEND A COPY OF THE APPLICATION OR SUPPLEMENTAL
- 4 APPLICATION FOR A CENTRALIZED DISTRIBUTION PERMIT TO THE LOCAL
- 5 LICENSING AUTHORITY IN THE JURISDICTION IN WHICH THE CENTRALIZED
- 6 DISTRIBUTION PERMIT IS PROPOSED. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY
- 7 SHALL NOTIFY THE LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY OF ITS DECISION
- 8 REGARDING THE CENTRALIZED DISTRIBUTION PERMIT.

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- 9 (b) A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY SHALL NOT
 10 STORE MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE OR MEDICAL MARIJUANA
 11 PRODUCTS PURSUANT TO A CENTRALIZED DISTRIBUTION PERMIT FOR MORE
 12 THAN NINETY DAYS.
 - (c) A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY SHALL NOT ACCEPT ANY MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE OR MEDICAL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS PURSUANT TO A CENTRALIZED DISTRIBUTION PERMIT UNLESS THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE AND MEDICAL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS ARE PACKAGED AND LABELED FOR SALE TO A PATIENT AS REQUIRED BY RULES PROMULGATED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(f) AND (3)(b).
 - (d) ALL MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE AND MEDICAL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS STORED AND PREPARED FOR TRANSPORT ON A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY'S LICENSED PREMISES PURSUANT TO A CENTRALIZED DISTRIBUTION PERMIT MUST ONLY BE TRANSFERRED TO A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY LICENSEE'S COMMONLY OWNED MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORES. ALL TRANSFERS OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE AND MEDICAL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS BY A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY

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1	PURSUANT TO A CENTRALIZED DISTRIBUTION PERMIT ARE WITHOUT
2	CONSIDERATION.
3	(e) ALL SECURITY AND SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS THAT APPLY
4	TO A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY APPLY TO ACTIVITIES
5	CONDUCTED PURSUANT TO THE PRIVILEGES OF A CENTRALIZED
6	DISTRIBUTION PERMIT.
7	(f) A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY SHALL TRACK
8	ALL MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONCENTRATE AND MEDICAL MARIJUANA
9	PRODUCTS POSSESSED PURSUANT TO A CENTRALIZED DISTRIBUTION PERMIT
10	IN THE SEED-TO-SALE TRACKING SYSTEM FROM THE POINT THEY ARE
11	RECEIVED FROM A MEDICAL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER TO
12	THE POINT OF TRANSFER TO A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY
13	LICENSEE'S COMMONLY OWNED MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORES.
14	(g) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION (6) ONLY, "COMMONLY
15	OWNED" MEANS LICENSES THAT HAVE AN OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE WITH AT
16	LEAST ONE NATURAL PERSON WITH A MINIMUM OF FIVE PERCENT
17	OWNERSHIP IN EACH LICENSE.
18	44-10-503. [Formerly 44-11-404] Medical marijuana products
19	manufacturer license - rules - definition. (1) (a) A medical
20	marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturing MANUFACTURER
21	license may be issued to a person who THAT manufactures medical
22	marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products, pursuant to the terms and
23	conditions of this article 11 ARTICLE 10.
24	(b) A medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products
25	manufacturer may cultivate its own medical marijuana if it obtains a
26	medical marijuana optional premises cultivation facility MEDICAL
27	MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY license, it may purchase medical

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marijuana from a medical marijuana center STORE pursuant to subsection (3) of this section, it may purchase medical marijuana from an optional premises cultivation facility A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY licensee, or it may purchase medical marijuana from another medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer. A medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer shall track all of its medical marijuana from the point it is either transferred from its medical marijuana optional premises cultivation facility MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY or the point when it is delivered to the medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer from a medical marijuana center, a medical marijuana optional premises cultivation facility STORE, MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY licensee, OR a medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer or one of their medical marijuana optional premises cultivation facilities to the point of transfer to a medical marijuana center STORE or a medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer OR A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY THAT HAS OBTAINED A CENTRALIZED DISTRIBUTION PERMIT.

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(2) Medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products shall MUST be prepared on a licensed premises that is used exclusively for the manufacture and preparation of medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products and using equipment that is used exclusively for the manufacture and preparation of medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products; except that, subject to rules of the state licensing authority, a medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturing MANUFACTURER licensee may share the same premises as a commonly owned marijuana research and development licensee or marijuana research and

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development cultivation licensee so long as virtual or physical separation of inventory and research activity is maintained.

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- A medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products (3) manufacturer shall have a written agreement or contract with a medical marijuana center STORE or a medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer, which contract shall MUST at a minimum set forth the total amount of medical marijuana obtained from the medical marijuana center STORE or the medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer to be used in the manufacturing process, and the total amount of medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products to be manufactured from the medical marijuana obtained from the medical marijuana center STORE or the medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer. A medical marijuana-infused products manufacturer shall not use medical marijuana from more than five different medical marijuana centers or medical marijuana-infused products manufacturers in total in the production of one medical marijuana-infused product. The medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer may sell its products to any medical marijuana center STORE or to any medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer.
- (4) All licensed premises on which medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products are manufactured shall MUST meet the sanitary standards for medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA product preparation promulgated pursuant to section 44-11-202 (2)(a)(XII) SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(i).
- (5) (a) The medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA product shall MUST be sealed and conspicuously labeled in compliance with this article

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11 ARTICLE 10 and any rules promulgated pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10. The labeling of medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products is a matter of statewide concern.

- (b) (I) A MEDICAL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER THAT USES AN INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT AS AN INGREDIENT IN A MEDICAL MARIJUANA PRODUCT SHALL ENSURE THAT THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT HAS PASSED ALL TESTING REQUIRED BY RULES PROMULGATED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(d). PRIOR TO TAKING POSSESSION OF THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER SHALL VERIFY THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT PASSED ALL TESTING REQUIRED FOR MEDICAL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS AT A LICENSED MEDICAL MARIJUANA TESTING FACILITY AND THAT THE PERSON TRANSFERRING THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT HAS RECEIVED A REGISTRATION FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-5-426.
- (II) ABSENT SAMPLING AND TESTING STANDARDS ESTABLISHED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT FOR THE SAMPLING AND TESTING OF AN INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT, A PERSON TRANSFERRING AN INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT TO A MEDICAL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL COMPLY WITH SAMPLING AND TESTING STANDARDS CONSISTENT WITH THOSE ESTABLISHED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL REPORT TO THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT ANY INVESTIGATIONS OR FINDINGS OF VIOLATIONS OF THIS SECTION BY A PERSON REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-5-426.
 - (6) MEDICAL MARIJUANA OR medical marijuana-infused

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1	MARIJUANA products may not be consumed on a premises licensed
2	pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10.
3	(7) Notwithstanding any other provision of state law, sales of
4	medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products shall not be exempt from
5	state or local sales tax.
6	(8) Repealed.
7	(9) (a) A medical marijuana-infused products manufacturer may
8	not have more than five hundred medical marijuana plants on its premises
9	or at its optional premises cultivation operation; except that the director
10	of the division that regulates medical marijuana may grant a waiver in
11	excess of five hundred marijuana plants based on the consideration of the
12	factors in subsection (9)(b) of this section.
13	(b) The director of the division that regulates medical marijuana
14	shall consider the following factors in determining whether to grant the
15	waiver described in subsection (9)(a) of this section:
16	(I) The nature of the products manufactured;
17	(II) The business need;
18	(III) Existing business contracts with licensed medical marijuana
19	centers for the production of medical marijuana-infused products; and
20	(IV) The ability to contract with licensed medical marijuana
21	centers for the production of medical marijuana-infused products.
22	(10) (8) A medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products
23	manufacturer may provide, except as required by section 44-11-202
24	(3)(a)(I) SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(d), a sample of its products to a facility
25	that has a medical marijuana testing facility license from the state
26	licensing authority for testing and research purposes. A medical
27	marijuana products manufacturer shall maintain a record of what was

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provided to the testing facility, the identity of the testing facility, and the results of the testing.

- (11) (9) A medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer shall not:
- (a) Add any medical marijuana to a food product where the manufacturer of the food product holds a trademark to the food product's name; except that a MEDICAL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS manufacturer may use a trademarked food product if the manufacturer uses the product as a component or as part of a recipe and where the medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer does not state or advertise to the consumer PATIENT that the final medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA product contains a trademarked food product;
- (b) Intentionally or knowingly label or package a medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA product in a manner that would cause a reasonable consumer PATIENT confusion as to whether the medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA product was a trademarked food product; or
- (c) Label or package a medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA product in a manner that violates any federal trademark law or regulation.
- (12) (10) (a) A medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturing MANUFACTURER licensee may provide a medical marijuana concentrate and a medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA product sample to no more than five managers employed by the licensee for purposes of quality control and product development. A medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturing MANUFACTURER licensee may designate no more than five managers per calendar month as recipients

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of quality control and product development samples authorized pursuant to this subsection (12)(a) SUBSECTION (10)(a).

- (b) Managers who receive a sample pursuant to subsection (12)(a) SUBSECTION (10)(a) of this section must have a valid registry identification card issued pursuant to section 25-1.5-106 (9).
- (c) A sample authorized pursuant to subsection (12)(a) SUBSECTION (10)(a) of this section is limited to one serving size of edible medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA product and its applicable equivalent serving size of nonedible medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA product per batch as defined in rules promulgated by the state licensing authority and one-quarter gram of medical marijuana concentrate per batch as defined in rules promulgated by the state licensing authority; except that the limit is one-half gram of medical marijuana concentrate if the intended use of the final product is to be used in a device that can be used to deliver medical marijuana concentrate in a vaporized form to the person inhaling from the device.
- (d) A sample authorized pursuant to subsection (12)(a) SUBSECTION (10)(a) of this section must be labeled and packaged pursuant to the rules promulgated pursuant to section 44-11-202 (2)(a)(XIV) and (2)(a)(XV) SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(f) AND (3)(b).
- (e) A sample provided pursuant to subsection (12)(a) SUBSECTION (10)(a) of this section must be tracked with the seed-to-sale tracking system. Prior to a manager receiving a sample, a manager must be designated in the seed-to-sale tracking system as a recipient of quality control and product development samples. A manager receiving a sample must make a voluntary decision to be tracked in the seed-to-sale tracking system and is not a consumer pursuant to section 16 (5)(c) of article

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- XVIII of the state constitution. The medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturing MANUFACTURER licensee shall maintain documentation of all samples and shall make the documentation available to the state licensing authority.
 - (f) Prior to a manager receiving a sample pursuant to subsection (12)(a) SUBSECTION (10)(a) of this section, a medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturing MANUFACTURER licensee shall provide a standard operating procedure to the manager explaining requirements pursuant to this section and personal possession limits pursuant to section 18-18-406.
 - (g) A manager shall not:

- (I) Receive more than a total of fifteen grams of medical marijuana concentrate or fourteen individual serving-size edibles or its applicable equivalent in nonedible medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products per calendar month, regardless of the number of licenses that the manager is associated with; or
- (II) Provide to or resell the sample to another licensed employee, a customer, or any other individual.
- (h) A medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturing MANUFACTURER licensee shall not:
- (I) Allow a manager to consume the sample on the licensed premises; or
 - (II) Use the sample as a means of compensation to a manager.
 - (i) The state licensing authority may establish additional inventory tracking and record keeping, including additional reporting required for implementation. The medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturing MANUFACTURER licensee shall maintain the information

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required by this subsection (12)(i) SUBSECTION (10)(i) on the licensed premises for inspection by the state and local licensing authorities.

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(j) For purposes of this subsection (12) SUBSECTION (10) only, "manager" means an employee of the medical marijuana business MARIJUANA PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER who holds a valid key license or associated key license and is currently designated pursuant to state licensing authority rules as the manager of the medical marijuana business MARIJUANA PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER.

44-10-504. [Formerly 44-11-405] Medical marijuana testing facility license - rules. (1) (a) A medical marijuana testing facility license may be issued to a person who performs testing and research on medical marijuana, INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCTS AS REGULATED BY PART 4 OF ARTICLE 5 OF TITLE 25, for medical marijuana licensees, medical marijuana and medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products for marijuana and research development licensees, and marijuana research and development cultivation licensees, and marijuana or marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products grown or produced by a registered patient or registered primary caregiver on behalf of a registered patient, upon verification of registration pursuant to section 25-1.5-106 (7)(e) and verification that the patient is a participant in a clinical or observational study conducted by a marijuana research and development licensee, AND INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCTS AS REGULATED BY PART 4 OF ARTICLE 5 OF TITLE 25. or marijuana research and development cultivation licensee. The facility may develop and test medical marijuana products.

(b) The testing of medical marijuana, medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products, and medical marijuana concentrate, and the associated standards, is a matter of statewide concern.

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(2) The state licensing authority shall promulgate rules pursuant to its authority in section 44-11-202 (1)(b) SECTION 44-10-202 (1)(c) related to acceptable testing and research practices, including but not limited to testing, standards, quality control analysis, equipment certification and calibration, and chemical identification and other substances used in bona fide research methods.

(3) A person who has an interest in a medical marijuana testing facility license from the state licensing authority for testing purposes shall not have any interest in a licensed medical marijuana center STORE, a licensed optional premises cultivation operation MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY, a licensed medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer, a licensed retail marijuana store, a licensed retail marijuana products manufacturer. A person that has an interest in a licensed medical marijuana center STORE, a licensed optional premises cultivation operation MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY, a licensed medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer, a licensed retail marijuana store, a licensed retail marijuana cultivation facility, or a licensed retail marijuana products manufacturer shall not have an interest in a facility that has a medical marijuana testing facility license.

44-10-505. [Formerly 44-11-406] Medical marijuana transporter license. (1) (a) A medical marijuana transporter license may be issued to a person to provide logistics, distribution, and storage of medical marijuana and medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, a medical marijuana transporter license is valid for two years but cannot be transferred with a change of ownership. A licensed medical marijuana transporter is

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responsible for the medical marijuana and medical marijuana-infused

MARIJUANA products once it takes control of the product.

- (b) A licensed medical marijuana transporter may contract with multiple licensed medical marijuana businesses.
- (c) On and after July 1, 2017, all medical marijuana transporters shall hold a valid medical marijuana transporter license; except that an entity licensed pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10 that provides its own distribution is not required to have a medical marijuana transporter license to transport and distribute its products. The state licensing authority shall begin accepting applications after January 1, 2017.
- (2) A medical marijuana transporter licensee may maintain a licensed premises to temporarily store medical marijuana and medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products and to use as a centralized distribution point. The licensed premises must be located in a jurisdiction that permits the operation of medical marijuana centers STORES. A licensed medical marijuana transporter may store and distribute medical marijuana and medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products from this location. A storage facility must meet the same security requirements that are required to obtain a medical marijuana optional premise cultivation CULTIVATION FACILITY license.
- (3) A medical marijuana transporter licensee shall use the seed-to-sale tracking system developed pursuant to section 44-12-202 (1) SECTION 44-10-202 (1)(a) to create shipping manifests documenting the transport of medical marijuana and medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products throughout the state.
 - (4) A medical marijuana transporter licensee may:
 - (a) Maintain and operate one or more warehouses in the state to

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I	handle medical marijuana and medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA
2	products; and
3	(b) Deliver medical marijuana and medical marijuana-infused
4	MARIJUANA products on orders previously taken if the place where orders
5	are taken and delivered is licensed.
6	44-10-506. [Formerly 44-11-407] Medical marijuana business
7	operator license. A medical marijuana business operator license may be
8	issued to an entity or person who operates a medical marijuana
9	establishment BUSINESS licensed pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10,
10	for an owner licensed pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10, and who may
11	receive a portion of the profits as compensation.
12	44-10-507. [Formerly 44-11-408] Marijuana research and
13	development license. (1) (a) A marijuana research and development
14	license may be issued to a person to possess marijuana for the limited
15	research purposes identified in subsection (2) of this section GROW,
16	CULTIVATE, POSSESS, AND TRANSFER, BY SALE OR DONATION, MARIJUANA
17	PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-10-203 (1)(i) OR SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS
18	SECTION FOR THE LIMITED RESEARCH PURPOSES IDENTIFIED IN SUBSECTION
19	(2) OF THIS SECTION.
20	(b) A marijuana research and development cultivation license may
21	be issued to a person to grow, cultivate, possess, and transfer, by sale or
22	donation, marijuana pursuant to section 44-11-202 (2)(a)(XXVI) or
23	subsection (4) of this section for the limited research purposes identified
24	in subsection (2) of this section.
25	(2) A license identified in subsection (1) of this section may be
26	issued for the following limited research purposes:
27	(a) To test chemical potency and composition levels;

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1	(b) To conduct clinical investigations of marijuana-derived
2	medicinal products;
3	(c) To conduct research on the efficacy and safety of
4	administering marijuana as part of medical treatment;
5	(d) To conduct genomic, horticultural, or agricultural research;
6	and
7	(e) To conduct research on marijuana-affiliated products or
8	systems.
9	(3) (a) As part of the application process for a marijuana research
10	and development license, or marijuana research and development
11	cultivation license, an applicant shall submit to the state licensing
12	authority a description of the research that the applicant intends to
13	conduct and whether the research will be conducted with a public
14	institution or using public money. If the research will not be conducted
15	with a public institution or with public money, the state licensing
16	authority shall grant the application if it determines that the application
17	meets the criteria in subsection (2) of this section.
18	(b) If the research will be conducted with a public institution or
19	public money, the scientific advisory council established in section
20	25-1.5-106.5 (3) shall review an applicant's research project to determine
21	that it meets the requirements of subsection (2) of this section and to
22	assess the following:
23	(I) The project's quality, study design, value, or impact;
24	(II) Whether the applicant has the appropriate personnel;
25	expertise; facilities; infrastructure; funding; and human, animal, or other
26	approvals in place to successfully conduct the project; and
27	(III) Whether the amount of marijuana to be grown by the

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applicant is consistent with the project's scope and goals.

- (c) If the scientific advisory council determines that the research project does not meet the requirements of subsection (2) of this section or assesses the criteria in this subsection (3) to be inadequate, the application must be denied.
- (4) A marijuana research and development cultivation licensee may only transfer, by sale or donation, marijuana grown within its operation to other marijuana research and development licensees. or marijuana research and development cultivation licensees. The state licensing authority may revoke IMPOSE SANCTIONS ON a marijuana research and development cultivation license for violations of this subsection (4) and any other violation of this article 11 ARTICLE 10.
- (5) A marijuana research and development licensee or marijuana research and development cultivation licensee may contract to perform research in conjunction with a public higher education research institution or another marijuana research and development licensee. or marijuana research and development cultivation licensee.
- or donation, of marijuana in accordance with this section and the rules adopted pursuant to it, by a marijuana research and development licensee, or marijuana research and development cultivation licensee, is not a criminal or civil offense under state law. A marijuana research and development license or marijuana research and development cultivation license must be issued in the name of the applicant and must specify the location in Colorado at which the marijuana research and development licensee or marijuana research and development cultivation licensee intends to operate. A marijuana research and development licensee or

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marijuana research and development cultivation licensee shall not allow any other person to exercise the privilege of the license.

(7) If the research conducted includes a public institution or public money, the scientific advisory council shall review any reports made by marijuana research and development licensees and marijuana research and development cultivation licensees under state licensing authority rule and provide the state licensing authority with its determination on whether the research project continues to meet research qualifications pursuant to this section.

10 PART 6

RETAIL MARIJUANA LICENSE TYPES

44-10-601. [Formerly 44-12-402] Retail marijuana store license - rules - definition. (1) (a) A retail marijuana store license shall MAY be issued only to a person selling retail marijuana or retail marijuana products pursuant to the terms and conditions of this article 12 ARTICLE 10.

- (b) A retail marijuana store may cultivate its own retail marijuana if it obtains a retail marijuana cultivation facility license, or it may purchase retail marijuana from a licensed retail marijuana cultivation facility.
- (c) A retail marijuana store shall not accept any retail marijuana purchased from a retail marijuana cultivation facility unless the retail marijuana store is provided with evidence that any applicable excise tax due, pursuant to article 28.8 of title 39, was paid.
- (d) The retail marijuana store shall track all of its retail marijuana and retail marijuana products from the point that they are transferred from a retail marijuana cultivation facility or retail marijuana products

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manufacturer to the point of sale.

- (2) (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, a retail marijuana store licensee may also sell retail marijuana products that are prepackaged and labeled as required by rules of the state licensing authority pursuant to section 44-12-202 SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(f) AND (3)(b).
- (b) A retail marijuana store licensee may transact with a retail marijuana products manufacturing MANUFACTURER licensee for the purchase of retail marijuana products upon a retail marijuana products manufacturing MANUFACTURER licensee's licensed premises or a retail marijuana store's licensed premises.
- (3) (a) (I) A retail marijuana store may not sell more than one ounce of retail marijuana or its equivalent in retail marijuana products, including retail marijuana concentrate, except for nonedible, nonpsychoactive retail marijuana products, including ointments, lotions, balms, and other nontransdermal topical products, during a single transaction to a person.
- (II) As used in this subsection (3)(a), "equivalent in retail marijuana products" has the same meaning as established by the state licensing authority by rule pursuant to section 44-12-202 (3)(b) SECTION 44-10-203 (4).
- (b) (I) Prior to initiating a sale, the employee of the retail marijuana store making the sale shall verify that the purchaser has a valid identification card showing the purchaser is twenty-one years of age or older. If a person under twenty-one years of age presents a fraudulent proof of age, any action relying on the fraudulent proof of age shall not be grounds for the revocation or suspension of any license issued under

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this article 12 ARTICLE 10.

(II) (A) If a retail marijuana store licensee or employee has reasonable cause to believe that a person is under twenty-one years of age and is exhibiting fraudulent proof of age in an attempt to obtain any retail marijuana or marijuana-infused MARIJUANA product, the licensee or employee is authorized to confiscate such fraudulent proof of age, if possible, and shall, within seventy-two hours after the confiscation, remit to a state or local law enforcement agency. The failure to confiscate such fraudulent proof of age or to remit to a state or local law enforcement agency within seventy-two hours after the confiscation does not constitute a criminal offense.

(B) If a retail marijuana store licensee or employee believes that a person is under twenty-one years of age and is exhibiting fraudulent proof of age in an attempt to obtain any retail marijuana or retail marijuana-infused MARIJUANA product, the licensee or employee or any peace or police officer, acting in good faith and upon probable cause based upon reasonable grounds therefor, may detain and question such person in a reasonable manner for the purpose of ascertaining whether the person is guilty of any unlawful act regarding the purchase of retail marijuana. The questioning of a person by an employee or a peace or police officer does not render the licensee, the employee, or the peace or police officer civilly or criminally liable for slander, false arrest, false imprisonment, malicious prosecution, or unlawful detention.

(c) (I) A RETAIL MARIJUANA STORE THAT SELLS AN INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT SHALL ENSURE THAT THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT HAS PASSED ALL TESTING REQUIRED BY RULES PROMULGATED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(d). PRIOR TO

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1	TAKING POSSESSION OF THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT, A RETAIL
2	MARIJUANA STORE SHALL VERIFY THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT PASSED
3	ALL TESTING REQUIRED FOR RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS AT A LICENSED
4	RETAIL MARIJUANA TESTING FACILITY AND THAT THE PERSON
5	TRANSFERRING THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT HAS RECEIVED A
6	REGISTRATION FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND
7	ENVIRONMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-5-426.
8	(II) ABSENT SAMPLING AND TESTING STANDARDS ESTABLISHED BY

- THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT FOR THE SAMPLING AND TESTING OF AN INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT, A PERSON TRANSFERRING AN INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT TO A RETAIL MARIJUANA STORE PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL COMPLY WITH SAMPLING AND TESTING STANDARDS CONSISTENT WITH THOSE ESTABLISHED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL REPORT TO THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT ANY INVESTIGATIONS OR FINDINGS OF VIOLATIONS OF THIS SECTION BY A PERSON REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-5-426.
- (4) A retail marijuana store may provide, except as required by section 44-12-202 (3)(a)(IV) SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(d), a sample of its products to a facility that has a marijuana testing facility license from the state licensing authority for testing and research purposes. A retail marijuana store shall maintain a record of what was provided to the testing facility, the identity of the testing facility, and the results of the testing.
- (5) All retail marijuana and retail marijuana products sold at a licensed retail marijuana store shall be packaged and labeled as required

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by rules of the state licensing authority pursuant to section 44-12-202
 SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(f) AND (3)(b).

- (6) A licensed retail marijuana store shall comply with all provisions of article 34 of title 24, as the provisions relate to persons with disabilities.
- (7) (a) A licensed retail marijuana store may only sell retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, marijuana accessories, nonconsumable products such as apparel, and marijuana related products such as childproof packaging containers, but shall be IS prohibited from selling or giving away any consumable product, including but not limited to cigarettes or alcohol, or edible product that does not contain marijuana, including but not limited to sodas, candies, or baked goods; EXCEPT THAT A RETAIL MARIJUANA STORE MAY SELL INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCTS.
- (b) A licensed retail marijuana store may not sell any retail marijuana or retail marijuana products that contain nicotine or alcohol, if the sale of the alcohol would require a license pursuant to article 3 or 4 of this title 44.
- (c) A licensed retail marijuana store shall not sell retail marijuana or retail marijuana products over the internet nor deliver retail marijuana or retail marijuana products to a person not physically present in the retail marijuana store's licensed premises.
- (8) The premises of a licensed retail marijuana store is the only place where an automatic dispensing machine that contains retail marijuana or retail marijuana products may be located. If a licensed retail marijuana store uses an automatic dispensing machine that contains retail marijuana and retail marijuana products, it must comply with the regulations promulgated by the state licensing authority for its use.

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1	(9) Retail marijuana or retail marijuana products may not be
2	consumed on the premises of a retail marijuana store.
3	(10) Notwithstanding any other provision of state law, sales of
4	retail marijuana and retail marijuana products are not exempt from state
5	or local sales tax.
6	(11) A display case containing marijuana concentrate must include
7	the potency of the marijuana concentrate next to the name of the product.
8	(12) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF LAW TO THE
9	CONTRARY, A LICENSED RETAIL MARIJUANA STORE MAY COMPENSATE ITS
10	EMPLOYEES USING PERFORMANCE-BASED INCENTIVES, INCLUDING
11	SALES-BASED PERFORMANCE-BASED INCENTIVES.
12	44-10-602. [Formerly 44-12-403] Retail marijuana cultivation
13	facility license - rules - definitions. (1) A retail marijuana cultivation
14	facility license may be issued only to a person who cultivates retail
15	marijuana for sale and distribution to licensed retail marijuana stores,
16	retail marijuana products manufacturing MANUFACTURER licensees, or
17	other retail marijuana cultivation facilities.
18	(2) A retail marijuana cultivation facility shall remit any
19	applicable excise tax due in accordance with article 28.8 of title 39, based
20	on the average wholesale prices set by the state licensing authority.
21	(3) A retail marijuana cultivation facility shall track the marijuana
22	it cultivates from seed or immature plant to wholesale purchase. Prior to
23	delivery of any sold retail marijuana, the retail marijuana cultivation
24	facility shall provide evidence that it paid any applicable excise tax on the
25	retail marijuana due pursuant to article 28.8 of title 39.
26	(4) A retail marijuana cultivation facility may provide, except as
27	required by section 44-12-202 (3)(a)(IV) SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(d), a

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sample of its products to a facility that has a RETAIL marijuana testing facility license from the state licensing authority for testing and research purposes. A retail marijuana cultivation facility shall maintain a record of what was provided to the testing facility, the identity of the testing facility, and the testing results.

- (5) Retail marijuana or retail marijuana products may not be consumed on the premises of a retail marijuana cultivation facility.
- (6) (a) A retail marijuana cultivation facility licensee may provide a retail marijuana sample and a retail marijuana concentrate sample to no more than five managers employed by the licensee for purposes of quality control and product development. A retail marijuana cultivation facility licensee may designate no more than five managers per calendar month as recipients of quality control and product development samples authorized pursuant to this subsection (6)(a).
- (b) An excise tax shall be levied and collected on the sample of unprocessed retail marijuana by a retail marijuana cultivation facility. The excise tax must be calculated based on the average market rate of the unprocessed retail marijuana.
- (c) A sample authorized pursuant to subsection (6)(a) of this section is limited to one gram of retail marijuana per batch as defined in rules promulgated by the state licensing authority, and one-quarter gram of a retail marijuana concentrate per batch as defined in rules promulgated by the state licensing authority; except that the limit is one-half gram of retail marijuana concentrate if the intended use of the final product is to be used in a device that can be used to deliver retail marijuana concentrate in a vaporized form to the person inhaling from the device.

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- (d) A sample authorized pursuant to subsection (6)(a) of this section must be labeled and packaged pursuant to the rules promulgated pursuant to section 44-12-202 (3)(a)(VII) and (3)(d)(II) SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(f) AND (3)(b).
- (e) A sample provided pursuant to subsection (6)(a) of this section must be tracked with the seed-to-sale tracking system. Prior to a manager receiving a sample, a manager must be designated in the seed-to-sale tracking system as a recipient of quality control and product development samples. A manager receiving a sample must make a voluntary decision to be tracked in the seed-to-sale tracking system and is not a consumer pursuant to section 16 (5)(c) of article XVIII of the state constitution. The retail marijuana cultivation facility licensee shall maintain documentation of all samples and shall make the documentation available to the state licensing authority.
- (f) Prior to a manager receiving a sample pursuant to subsection (6)(a) of this section, a retail marijuana cultivation facility licensee shall provide a standard operating procedure to the manager explaining requirements pursuant to this section and personal possession limits pursuant to section 18-18-406.
 - (g) A manager shall not:

- (I) Receive more than one ounce total of retail marijuana or eight grams of retail marijuana concentrate samples per calendar month, regardless of the number of licenses that the manager is associated with; or
- (II) Provide to or resell the sample to another licensed employee, a customer, or any other individual.
 - (h) A retail marijuana cultivation facility licensee shall not:

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(I) Allow a manager to consume the sample on the licensed premises; or

- (II) Use the sample as a means of compensation to a manager.
- (i) The state licensing authority may establish additional inventory tracking and record keeping, including additional reporting required for implementation. The retail marijuana cultivation facility licensee shall maintain the information required by this subsection (6)(i) on the licensed premises for inspection by the state and local licensing authorities.
- (j) For purposes of this subsection (6) only, "manager" means an employee of the retail marijuana business CULTIVATION FACILITY who holds a valid key license or associated key license and is currently designated pursuant to state licensing authority rules as the manager of the retail marijuana business CULTIVATION FACILITY.
- (7) (a) The state licensing authority may issue a centralized distribution permit to a retail marijuana cultivation facility authorizing temporary storage on its licensed premises of retail marijuana concentrate and retail marijuana products received from a retail marijuana establishment BUSINESS for the sole purpose of transfer to the permit holder's commonly owned retail marijuana stores. Prior to exercising the privileges of a centralized distribution permit, a retail marijuana cultivation facility licensed pursuant to this section shall, at the time of application to the state licensing authority, send a copy of the application or supplemental application for a centralized distribution permit to the local jurisdiction in which the centralized distribution permit is proposed. The state licensing authority shall notify the local jurisdiction of its decision regarding the centralized distribution permit.
 - (b) A retail marijuana cultivation facility shall not store retail

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marijuana concentrate or retail marijuana products pursuant to a centralized distribution permit for more than ninety days.

- (c) A retail marijuana cultivation facility shall not accept any retail marijuana concentrate or retail marijuana products pursuant to a centralized distribution permit unless the retail marijuana concentrate and retail marijuana products are packaged and labeled for sale to a consumer as required by rules promulgated by the state licensing authority pursuant to section 44-12-202 SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(f) AND (3)(b).
- (d) All retail marijuana concentrate and retail marijuana products stored and prepared for transport on a retail marijuana cultivation facility's licensed premises pursuant to a centralized distribution permit must only be transferred to a retail marijuana cultivation facility licensee's commonly owned retail marijuana stores. All transfers of retail marijuana concentrate and retail marijuana products by a retail marijuana cultivation facility pursuant to a centralized distribution permit are without consideration.
- (e) All security and surveillance requirements that apply to a retail marijuana cultivation facility apply to activities conducted pursuant to the privileges of a centralized distribution permit.
- (f) A retail marijuana cultivation facility shall track all retail marijuana concentrate and retail marijuana products possessed pursuant to a centralized distribution permit in the seed-to-sale tracking system from the point it is received from a retail marijuana establishment BUSINESS to the point of transfer to a retail marijuana cultivation facility licensee's commonly owned retail marijuana stores.
- (g) For purposes of this section only, "commonly owned" means licenses that have an ownership structure with at least one natural person

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1	with a minimum of five percent ownership in each license.
2	(8) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF LAW TO THE
3	CONTRARY, A LICENSED RETAIL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY MAY
4	COMPENSATE ITS EMPLOYEES USING PERFORMANCE-BASED <u>INCENTIVES</u> ,
5	INCLUDING SALES-BASED PERFORMANCE-BASED INCENTIVES.
6	(9) An accelerator cultivator licensee may operate on
7	THE PREMISES OF A RETAIL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY LICENSEE
8	IF BEFORE EACH ACCELERATOR LICENSEE OPERATES, THE RETAIL
9	MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY LICENSEE HAS ITS PREMISES ENDORSED
10	PURSUANT TO RULE AND EACH ACCELERATOR LICENSEE IS LICENSED TO
11	OPERATE ON THAT PREMISES.
12	(10) A RETAIL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY LICENSEE THAT
13	HOSTS AN ACCELERATOR LICENSEE MAY, PURSUANT TO RULE, PROVIDE
14	TECHNICAL AND COMPLIANCE ASSISTANCE TO AN ACCELERATOR LICENSEE
15	OPERATING ON ITS PREMISES. A RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS
16	MANUFACTURER LICENSEE THAT HOSTS A CANNABIS OPPORTUNITY
17	MANUFACTURER LICENSEE MAY, PURSUANT TO RULE, PROVIDE CAPITAL
18	ASSISTANCE TO A CANNABIS OPPORTUNITY MANUFACTURER LICENSEE
19	OPERATING ON ITS PREMISES.
20	(11) A RETAIL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY LICENSEE THAT
21	HOSTS AN ACCELERATOR LICENSEE, PURSUANT TO RULE AND AGENCY
22	DISCRETION, MAY BE ELIGIBLE FOR REDUCTION IN LICENSE FEES OR OTHER
23	INCENTIVES AVAILABLE THROUGH THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE OR THE
24	OFFICE OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND INTERNATIONAL TRADE.
25	44-10-603. [Formerly 44-12-404] Retail marijuana products
26	manufacturer license - rules - definition. (1) (a) A retail marijuana
27	products manufacturing MANUFACTURER license may be issued to a

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person who manufactures retail marijuana products pursuant to the terms and conditions of this article 12 ARTICLE 10.

- (b) A retail marijuana products manufacturer may cultivate its own retail marijuana if it obtains a retail marijuana cultivation facility license, or it may purchase retail marijuana from a licensed retail marijuana cultivation facility. A retail marijuana products manufacturer shall track all of its retail marijuana from the point it is either transferred from its retail marijuana cultivation facility or the point when it is delivered to the retail marijuana products manufacturer from a licensed retail marijuana cultivation facility to the point of transfer to a licensed retail marijuana store, a licensed retail marijuana products manufacturer, a retail marijuana testing facility, or a licensed retail marijuana cultivation facility with a centralized distribution permit pursuant to section 44-12-403 (7) SECTION 44-10-602 (7).
- (c) A retail marijuana products manufacturer shall not accept any retail marijuana purchased from a retail marijuana cultivation facility unless the retail marijuana products manufacturer is provided with evidence that any applicable excise tax due pursuant to article 28.8 of title 39 was paid.
 - (d) A retail marijuana products manufacturer shall not:
- (I) Add any marijuana to a food product where the manufacturer of the food product holds a trademark to the food product's name; except that a RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS manufacturer may use a trademarked food product if the manufacturer uses the product as a component or as part of a recipe and where the RETAIL marijuana product PRODUCTS manufacturer does not state or advertise to the consumer that the final retail marijuana product contains a trademarked food product;

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1	(II) Intentionally or knowingly label or package a retail marijuana
2	product in a manner that would cause a reasonable consumer confusion
3	as to whether the retail marijuana product was a trademarked food
4	product; or
5	(III) Label or package a product in a manner that violates any
6	federal trademark law or regulation.
7	(2) Retail marijuana products shall MUST be prepared on a
8	licensed premises that is used exclusively for the manufacture and
9	preparation of retail marijuana or retail marijuana products and using
10	equipment that is used exclusively for the manufacture and preparation
11	of retail marijuana products; except that, if permitted by the local
12	jurisdiction and subject to rules of the state licensing authority, a retail
13	marijuana products manufacturing MANUFACTURER licensee may share
14	the same premises as a:
15	(a) Medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products
16	manufacturing MANUFACTURER licensee so long as a virtual or physical
17	separation of inventory is maintained; or
18	(b) Commonly owned marijuana research and development
19	licensee or marijuana research and development cultivation licensee so
20	long as virtual or physical separation of inventory and research activity
21	is <u>maintained; OR</u>
22	(c) ACCELERATOR MANUFACTURER LICENSEE SO LONG AS BEFORE
23	EACH ACCELERATOR MANUFACTURER LICENSEE OPERATES, THE
24	MANUFACTURER LICENSEE HAS ITS PREMISES ENDORSED PURSUANT TO
25	RULE AND EACH ACCELERATOR LICENSEE IS LICENSED TO OPERATE ON
26	THAT PREMISES.
27	(3) All licensed premises on which retail marijuana products are

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manufactured shall MUST meet the sanitary standards for retail marijuana product preparation promulgated pursuant to section 44-12-202 (3)(a)(XI) SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(i).

- (4) (a) The retail marijuana product shall MUST be sealed and conspicuously labeled in compliance with this article 12 ARTICLE 10 and any rules promulgated pursuant to this article 12 ARTICLE 10. The labeling of retail marijuana products is a matter of statewide concern.
- (b) The standard symbol requirements as promulgated pursuant to section 44-12-202 (3)(e) SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(y) do not apply to a multi-serving liquid retail marijuana product, which is impracticable to mark, if the product complies with all statutory and rule packaging requirements for multi-serving edibles and complies with the following enhanced requirements to reduce the risk of accidental ingestion. A multi-serving liquid must:
- (I) Be packaged in a structure that uses a single mechanism to achieve both child-resistance and accurate pouring measurement of each liquid serving in increments equal to or less than ten milligrams of active THC per serving, with no more than one hundred milligrams of active THC total per package; and
- (II) The measurement component is within the child-resistant cap or closure of the bottle and is not a separate component.
- (5) Retail marijuana or retail marijuana products may not be consumed on the premises of a retail marijuana products manufacturing facility MANUFACTURER.
- (6) A retail marijuana products manufacturer may provide, except as required by section 44-12-202 (3)(a)(IV) SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(d), a sample of its products to a facility that has a retail marijuana testing

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facility license from the state licensing authority for testing and research purposes. A retail marijuana products manufacturer shall maintain a record of what was provided to the testing facility, the identity of the testing facility, and the results of the testing.

- (7) An edible retail marijuana product may list its ingredients and compatibility with dietary practices.
- (8) A licensed retail marijuana products manufacturer shall package and label each product manufactured as required by rules of the state licensing authority pursuant to section 44-12-202 SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(f) AND (3)(b).
- (9) All retail marijuana products that require refrigeration to prevent spoilage must be stored and transported in a refrigerated environment.
- (10) (a) A retail marijuana products manufacturing MANUFACTURER licensee may provide a retail marijuana product sample and a retail marijuana concentrate sample to no more than five managers employed by the licensee for purposes of quality control and product development. A retail marijuana products manufacturing MANUFACTURER licensee may designate no more than five managers per calendar month as recipients of quality control and product development samples authorized pursuant to this subsection (10)(a).
- (b) A sample authorized pursuant to subsection (10)(a) of this section is limited to one serving size of an edible retail marijuana product not exceeding ten milligrams of THC and its applicable equivalent serving size of nonedible retail marijuana product per batch as defined in rules promulgated by the state licensing authority and one-quarter gram of retail marijuana concentrate per batch as defined in rules promulgated

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by the state licensing authority; except that the limit is one-half gram of retail marijuana concentrate if the intended use of the final product is to be used in a device that can be used to deliver retail marijuana concentrate in a vaporized form to the person inhaling from the device.

- (c) A sample authorized pursuant to subsection (10)(a) of this section must be labeled and packaged pursuant to the rules promulgated pursuant to section 44-12-202 (3)(a)(VII) and (3)(d)(II) SECTION 44-10-203 (2)(f) AND (3)(b).
- (d) A sample provided pursuant to subsection (10)(a) of this section must be tracked with the seed-to-sale tracking system. Prior to a manager receiving a sample, a manager must be designated in the seed-to-sale tracking system as a recipient of quality control and product development samples. A manager receiving a sample must make a voluntary decision to be tracked in the seed-to-sale tracking system and is not a consumer pursuant to section 16 (5)(c) of article XVIII of the state constitution. The retail marijuana products manufacturing MANUFACTURER licensee shall maintain documentation of all samples and shall make the documentation available to the state licensing authority.
- (e) Prior to a manager receiving a sample pursuant to subsection (10)(a) of this section, a retail marijuana products manufacturing MANUFACTURER licensee shall provide a standard operating procedure to the manager explaining requirements pursuant to this section and personal possession limits pursuant to section 18-18-406.
 - (f) A manager shall not:
- (I) Receive more than a total of eight grams of retail marijuana concentrate or fourteen individual serving-size edibles or its applicable equivalent in nonedible retail marijuana products per calendar month,

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1	regardless of the number of licenses that the manager is associated with;
2	or
3	(II) Provide to or resell the sample to another licensed employee,
4	a customer, or any other individual.
5	(g) A retail marijuana products manufacturing licensee shall not:
6	(I) Allow a manager to consume the sample on the licensed
7	premises; or
8	(II) Use the sample as a means of compensation to a manager.
9	(h) The state licensing authority may establish additional
10	inventory tracking and record keeping, including additional reporting
11	required for implementation. The retail marijuana products manufacturing
12	MANUFACTURER licensee shall maintain the information required by this
13	subsection (10)(h) on the licensed premises for inspection by the state and
14	local licensing authorities.
15	(i) For purposes of this subsection (10) only, "manager" means an
16	employee of the retail marijuana business PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER
17	who holds a valid key license or associated key license and is currently
18	designated pursuant to state licensing authority rules as the manager of
19	the retail marijuana business PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER.
20	(11) (a) A RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER THAT
21	USES AN INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT AS AN INGREDIENT IN A RETAIL
22	MARIJUANA PRODUCT SHALL ENSURE THAT THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP
23	PRODUCT HAS PASSED ALL TESTING REQUIRED BY RULES PROMULGATED BY
24	THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-10-203
25	$(2) (d). \ Prior\ to\ taking\ possession\ of\ the\ industrial\ hemp\ product,$
26	A RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER SHALL VERIFY THAT THE
27	INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT PASSED ALL TESTING REQUIRED FOR RETAIL

INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT PASSED ALL TESTING REQUIRED FOR RETAIL

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2	FACILITY AND THAT THE PERSON TRANSFERRING THE INDUSTRIAL HEMP
3	PRODUCT HAS RECEIVED A REGISTRATION FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF
4	PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-5-426.
5	(b) ABSENT SAMPLING AND TESTING STANDARDS ESTABLISHED BY
6	THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT FOR THE
7	SAMPLING AND TESTING OF AN INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT, A PERSON
8	TRANSFERRING INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCT TO A RETAIL MARIJUANA
9	PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL COMPLY
10	WITH SAMPLING AND TESTING STANDARDS CONSISTENT WITH THOSE
11	ESTABLISHED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY PURSUANT TO THIS
12	ARTICLE 10. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL REPORT TO THE
13	DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT ANY INVESTIGATIONS
14	OR FINDINGS IN VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION BY A PERSON REGISTERED
15	PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-5-426.
16	(12) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF LAW TO THE
17	CONTRARY, A LICENSED RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER
18	MAY COMPENSATE ITS EMPLOYEES USING PERFORMANCE-BASED
19	INCENTIVES, INCLUDING SALES-BASED PERFORMANCE-BASED INCENTIVES.
20	(13) A RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER LICENSEE
21	THAT HOSTS AN ACCELERATOR MANUFACTURER LICENSEE MAY, PURSUANT
22	TO RULE, PROVIDE TECHNICAL AND COMPLIANCE ASSISTANCE TO AN
23	ACCELERATOR LICENSEE OPERATING ON ITS PREMISES. A RETAIL
24	MARIJUANA PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER LICENSEE THAT HOSTS A
25	CANNABIS OPPORTUNITY MANUFACTURER LICENSEE MAY, PURSUANT TO
26	RULE, PROVIDE CAPITAL ASSISTANCE TO A CANNABIS OPPORTUNITY
27	MANUFACTURER LICENSEE OPERATING ON ITS PREMISES.

MARIJUANA PRODUCTS AT A LICENSED RETAIL MARIJUANA TESTING

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1	(14) A RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER LICENSEE,
2	PURSUANT TO RULE AND AGENCY DISCRETION, MAY BE ELIGIBLE FOR
3	REDUCTION IN LICENSE FEES AND FOR GRANTS THROUGH THE OFFICE OF
4	ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND INTERNATIONAL TRADE.
5	44-10-604. [Formerly 44-12-405] Retail marijuana testing
6	facility license - rules. (1) (a) A retail marijuana testing facility license
7	may be issued to a person who performs testing and research on retail
8	marijuana and industrial hemp as regulated by article 61 of title 35 AND
9	INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCTS AS REGULATED BY PART 4 OF ARTICLE 5 OF
10	TITLE 25. The facility may develop and test retail marijuana products, and
11	industrial hemp as regulated by article 61 of title 35, AND INDUSTRIAL
12	HEMP PRODUCTS AS REGULATED BY PART 4 OF ARTICLE 5 OF TITLE 25.
13	Prior to performing testing on industrial hemp, a facility shall verify that
14	the person requesting the testing has received a registration from the
15	commissioner as required by section 35-61-104. PRIOR TO PERFORM
16	TESTING ON INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCTS, A FACILITY SHALL VERIFY THAT
17	THE PERSON REQUESTING THE TESTING HAS RECEIVED A REGISTRATION AS
18	REQUIRED BY SECTION 25-5-426.
19	(b) The testing of retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, and
20	retail marijuana concentrate, and the associated standards, is a matter of
21	statewide concern.
22	(2) The state licensing authority shall promulgate rules pursuant
23	to its authority in section 44-12-202 (1)(b) SECTION 44-10-202 (1)(c)
24	related to acceptable testing and research practices, including but not
25	limited to testing, standards, quality control analysis, equipment
26	certification and calibration, and chemical identification and other
27	substances used in bona fide research methods.

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(3) A person who has an interest in a retail marijuana testing facility license from the state licensing authority for testing purposes shall not have any interest in a licensed medical marijuana center STORE, a licensed optional premises cultivation operation MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY, a licensed medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer, a licensed retail marijuana store, a licensed retail marijuana cultivation facility, or a licensed retail marijuana products manufacturer. A person that has an interest in a licensed medical marijuana center STORE, a licensed optional premises cultivation operation MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY, a licensed medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products manufacturer, a licensed retail marijuana store, a licensed retail marijuana cultivation facility, or a licensed retail marijuana products manufacturer shall not have an interest in a facility that has a retail marijuana testing facility license.

44-10-605. [Formerly 44-12-406] Retail marijuana transporter license. (1) (a) A retail marijuana transporter license may be issued to a person to provide logistics, distribution, and storage of retail marijuana and retail marijuana products. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, a retail marijuana transporter license is valid for two years but cannot be transferred with a change of ownership. A licensed retail marijuana transporter is responsible for the retail marijuana and retail marijuana products once it takes control of the product.

- (b) A licensed retail marijuana transporter may contract with multiple licensed retail marijuana businesses.
- (c) On and after July 1, 2017, all retail marijuana transporters shall hold a valid retail marijuana transporter license; except that an entity licensed pursuant to this article 12 ARTICLE 10 that provides its own

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distribution is not required to have a retail marijuana transporter license to transport and distribute its products. The state licensing authority shall begin accepting applications after January 1, 2017.

- (2) A retail marijuana transporter licensee may maintain a licensed premises to temporarily store retail marijuana and retail marijuana products and to use as a centralized distribution point. The licensed premises must be located in a jurisdiction that permits the operation of retail marijuana stores. A licensed retail marijuana transporter may store and distribute retail marijuana and retail marijuana products from this location. A storage facility must meet the same security requirements that are required to obtain a retail marijuana cultivation FACILITY license.
- (3) A retail marijuana transporter licensee shall use the seed-to-sale tracking system developed pursuant to section 44-12-202 (1) SECTION 44-10-202 (1)(a) to create shipping manifests documenting the transport of retail marijuana and retail marijuana products throughout the state.
 - (4) A retail marijuana transporter licensee may:
- (a) Maintain and operate one or more warehouses in the state to handle retail marijuana and retail marijuana products; and
- (b) Deliver retail marijuana products on orders previously taken if the place where orders are taken and delivered is licensed.

44-10-606. [Formerly 44-12-407] Retail marijuana business operator license. A retail marijuana business operator license may be issued to a person who operates a retail marijuana establishment BUSINESS licensed pursuant to this article 12 ARTICLE 10, for an owner licensed pursuant to this article 12 ARTICLE 10, and who may receive a portion of the profits as compensation.

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1	44-10-607. Retail marijuana accelerator cultivator license. A
2	RETAIL MARIJUANA ACCELERATOR CULTIVATOR LICENSE MAY BE ISSUED
3	TO A PERSON TO OPERATE A CULTIVATION OPERATION ON THE SITE OF
4	RETAIL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY WITH AN ACCELERATOR
5	ENDORSEMENT. THE RETAIL MARIJUANA ACCELERATOR CULTIVATOR MAY
6	RECEIVE TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE AND FINANCIAL SUPPORT FROM THE
7	RETAIL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY LICENSEE WITH AN
8	ACCELERATOR ENDORSEMENT.
9	44-10-608. Retail marijuana accelerator manufacturer
10	license. A RETAIL MARIJUANA ACCELERATOR MANUFACTURER LICENSE
11	MAY BE ISSUED TO A PERSON TO OPERATE A RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS
12	MANUFACTURING OPERATION ON THE SITE OF RETAIL MARIJUANA
13	PRODUCTS MANUFACTURING FACILITY WITH AN ACCELERATOR
14	ENDORSEMENT. THE RETAIL MARIJUANA ACCELERATOR MANUFACTURER
15	MAY RECEIVE TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE AND FINANCIAL SUPPORT FROM THE
16	RETAIL MARIJUANA PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER WITH AN ACCELERATOR
17	ENDORSEMENT.
18	PART 7
19	UNLAWFUL ACTS
20	44-10-701. [Similar to 44-11-901 and 44-12-901] Unlawful acts
21	- exceptions. (1) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS ARTICLE 10,
22	IT IS UNLAWFUL FOR A PERSON:
23	(a) TO CONSUME REGULATED MARIJUANA OR REGULATED
24	MARIJUANA PRODUCTS IN A LICENSED MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR
25	RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS, AND IT SHALL BE UNLAWFUL FOR A MEDICAL
26	MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS TO ALLOW
2.7	REGULATED MARIIIJANA OR REGULATED MARIIIJANA PRODUCTS TO BE

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1	CONSUMED UPON ITS LICENSED PREMISES;
2	(b) WITH KNOWLEDGE, TO PERMIT OR FAIL TO PREVENT THE USE OF
3	HIS OR HER MEDICAL MARIJUANA PATIENT REGISTRY IDENTIFICATION BY
4	ANY OTHER PERSON FOR THE UNLAWFUL PURCHASING OF MEDICAL
5	MARIJUANA.
6	(2) It is unlawful for a person to:
7	(a) Buy, sell, transfer, give away, or acquire regulated
8	MARIJUANA OR REGULATED MARIJUANA PRODUCTS EXCEPT AS ALLOWED
9	PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10 OR SECTION 14 OR SECTION 16 OF ARTICLE
10	XVIII OF THE STATE CONSTITUTION;
11	(b) HAVE AN UNREPORTED CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP
12	PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP, OR INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST IN A
13	LICENSE PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10; EXCEPT THAT THIS SUBSECTION
14	(2)(b) DOES NOT APPLY TO BANKS OR SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS
15	SUPERVISED AND REGULATED BY AN AGENCY OF THE STATE OR FEDERAL
16	GOVERNMENT, OR TO FHA-APPROVED MORTGAGEES, OR TO
17	STOCKHOLDERS, DIRECTORS, OR OFFICERS THEREOF;
18	(c) EXERCISE ANY PRIVILEGE OF A LICENSE ISSUED PURSUANT TO
19	THIS ARTICLE 10 THAT THE PERSON DOES NOT HOLD;
20	(d) EXERCISE ANY PRIVILEGE ASSOCIATED WITH HOLDING A
21	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP,
22	OR INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST IN A LICENSE WITHOUT PRIOR APPROVAL
23	FROM THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY; OR
24	(e) Engage in transfer of ownership without prior
25	APPROVAL AS REQUIRED BY THIS ARTICLE 10, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED
26	TO:
27	(I) A PROPOSED TRANSFEREE OPERATING A MEDICAL MARIJUANA

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1	BUSINESS OR RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS BEFORE A TRANSFER OF
2	OWNERSHIP REQUEST FOR THAT BUSINESS IS APPROVED IN WRITING BY THE
3	STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY; OR
4	(II) A CURRENT CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER, PASSIVE
5	BENEFICIAL OWNER, OR PROPOSED TRANSFEROR FAILING TO RETAIN FULL
6	RESPONSIBILITY FOR A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR RETAIL
7	MARIJUANA BUSINESS IDENTIFIED IN THE TRANSFER OF OWNERSHIP
8	APPLICATION UNTIL THE TRANSFER REQUEST IS APPROVED IN WRITING BY
9	THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY.
10	(3) It is unlawful for a person licensed pursuant to this
11	ARTICLE 10:
12	(a) TO FAIL TO REPORT A TRANSFER REQUIRED BY SECTION
13	44-10-311 (11);
14	(b) TO KNOWINGLY ADULTERATE OR ALTER, OR TO ATTEMPT TO
15	ADULTERATE OR ALTER, ANY SAMPLES OF REGULATED MARIJUANA OR
16	REGULATED MARIJUANA PRODUCTS FOR THE PURPOSE OF CIRCUMVENTING
17	CONTAMINANT TESTING DETECTION LIMITS OR POTENCY TESTING
18	REQUIREMENTS;
19	(c) To use advertising material that is misleading,
20	DECEPTIVE, OR FALSE, OR THAT IS DESIGNED TO APPEAL TO MINORS;
21	(d) TO PROVIDE PUBLIC PREMISES, OR ANY PORTION THEREOF, FOR
22	THE PURPOSE OF CONSUMPTION OF REGULATED MARIJUANA IN ANY FORM;
23	(e) TO HAVE IN POSSESSION OR UPON THE LICENSED PREMISES ANY
24	REGULATED MARIJUANA, THE SALE OF WHICH IS NOT PERMITTED BY THE
25	LICENSE; EXCEPT IF IT IS FOR PURPOSES OF RECYCLING;
26	(f) TO HAVE ON THE LICENSED PREMISES ANY REGULATED
27	MARIJUANA OR MARIJUANA PARAPHERNALIA THAT SHOWS EVIDENCE OF

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1	THE REGULATED MARIJUANA HAVING BEEN CONSUMED OR PARTIALLY
2	CONSUMED; EXCEPT IF IT IS FOR PURPOSES OF RECYCLING;
3	(g) To violate the provisions of section $6-2-103$ or $6-2-105$;
4	(h) TO ABANDON A LICENSED PREMISES OR OTHERWISE CEASE
5	OPERATION WITHOUT NOTIFYING THE STATE AND LOCAL LICENSING
6	AUTHORITIES AT LEAST FORTY-EIGHT HOURS IN ADVANCE AND WITHOUT
7	ACCOUNTING FOR AND FORFEITING TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY
8	FOR DESTRUCTION ALL REGULATED MARIJUANA OR REGULATED
9	MARIJUANA PRODUCTS;
10	(i) To offer for sale or solicit an order for regulated
11	MARIJUANA IN PERSON EXCEPT WITHIN THE LICENSED PREMISES;
12	(j) TO BUY REGULATED MARIJUANA FROM A PERSON NOT LICENSED
13	TO SELL AS PROVIDED BY THIS ARTICLE 10;
14	(k) TO SELL REGULATED MARIJUANA EXCEPT IN THE PERMANENT
15	LOCATION SPECIFICALLY DESIGNATED IN THE LICENSE FOR SALE; OR
16	(1) TO BURN OR OTHERWISE DESTROY REGULATED MARIJUANA OR
17	ANY SUBSTANCE CONTAINING REGULATED MARIJUANA FOR THE PURPOSE
18	OF EVADING AN INVESTIGATION OR PREVENTING SEIZURE.
19	(4) IT IS UNLAWFUL FOR ANY PERSON LICENSED TO SELL MEDICAL
20	MARIJUANA PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10:
21	(a) (I) TO SELL MEDICAL MARIJUANA TO A PERSON NOT LICENSED
22	PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE $10\mathrm{OR}$ to a person not able to produce a
23	VALID PATIENT REGISTRY IDENTIFICATION CARD, UNLESS THE PERSON HAS
24	A COPY OF A CURRENT AND COMPLETE NEW APPLICATION FOR THE
25	MEDICAL MARIJUANA REGISTRY ADMINISTERED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF
26	PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT THAT IS DOCUMENTED BY A CERTIFIED
27	MAIL RETURN RECEIPT AS HAVING BEEN SUBMITTED TO THE DEPARTMENT

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1	OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT WITHIN THE PRECEDING
2	THIRTY-FIVE DAYS AND THE EMPLOYEE ASSISTING THE PERSON HAS
3	CONTACTED THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT
4	AND, AS A RESULT, DETERMINED THE PERSON'S APPLICATION HAS NOT
5	BEEN DENIED. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION IN THIS SUBSECTION
6	$(4)(a)(I) \ \text{TO THE CONTRARY, A PERSON UNDER TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE} \\$
7	SHALL NOT BE EMPLOYED TO SELL OR DISPENSE MEDICAL MARIJUANA AT
8	A MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORE OR GROW OR CULTIVATE MEDICAL
9	MARIJUANA AT A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY.

- (II) IF A LICENSEE OR A LICENSEE'S EMPLOYEE HAS REASONABLE CAUSE TO BELIEVE THAT A PERSON IS EXHIBITING A FRAUDULENT PATIENT REGISTRY IDENTIFICATION CARD IN AN ATTEMPT TO OBTAIN MEDICAL MARIJUANA, THE LICENSEE OR EMPLOYEE IS AUTHORIZED TO CONFISCATE THE FRAUDULENT PATIENT REGISTRY IDENTIFICATION CARD, IF POSSIBLE, AND SHALL, WITHIN SEVENTY-TWO HOURS AFTER THE CONFISCATION, TURN IT OVER TO THE STATE HEALTH DEPARTMENT OR LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY. THE FAILURE TO CONFISCATE THE FRAUDULENT PATIENT REGISTRY IDENTIFICATION CARD OR TO TURN IT OVER TO THE STATE HEALTH DEPARTMENT OR A STATE OR LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY WITHIN SEVENTY-TWO HOURS AFTER THE CONFISCATION DOES NOT CONSTITUTE A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.
- (b) TO REQUIRE A MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORE OR MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORE WITH A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CULTIVATION FACILITY LICENSE TO MAKE DELIVERY TO ANY PREMISES OTHER THAN THE SPECIFIC LICENSED PREMISES WHERE THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA IS TO BE SOLD.
- (5) [Formerly 44-12-901 (4)] It is unlawful for any person licensed to sell retail marijuana or retail marijuana products pursuant to

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1	this article 12 ARTICLE 10.
2	(a) To display any signs that are inconsistent with local laws or
3	regulations;
4	(b) To use advertising material that is misleading, deceptive, or
5	false, or that is designed to appeal to minors;
6	(c) To provide public premises, or any portion thereof, for the
7	purpose of consumption of retail marijuana or retail marijuana products
8	in any form;
9	(d) To have in possession or upon the licensed premises any
10	marijuana, the sale of which is not permitted by the license;
11	(e) (a) To sell or permit the sale of retail marijuana or retail
12	marijuana products to a person under twenty-one years of age; OR
13	(f) To sell more than a quarter of an ounce of retail marijuana and
14	no more than a quarter of an ounce equivalent of a retail marijuana
15	product during a single transaction to a nonresident of the state;
16	(g) To have on the licensed premises any retail marijuana, retail
17	marijuana products, or marijuana paraphernalia that shows evidence of
18	the retail marijuana having been consumed or partially consumed;
19	(h) (b) To distribute marijuana or marijuana products, with or
20	without remuneration, directly to another person using a mobile
21	distribution center STORE.
22	(i) To violate the provisions of section 6-2-103 or 6-2-105; or
23	(j) To abandon a licensed premises or otherwise cease operation
24	without notifying the state and local licensing authorities at least
25	forty-eight hours in advance and without accounting for and forfeiting to
26	the state licensing authority for destruction all marijuana or products
27	containing marijuana;

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1	(6) [Formerly 44-11-901 (6)] It shall be unlawful for a physician
2	who makes patient referrals to a licensed medical marijuana center STORE
3	to receive anything of value from the medical marijuana center STORE
4	licensee or its agents, servants, officers, or owners or anyone financially
5	interested in the licensee, and it shall be unlawful for a licensee licensed
6	pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10 to offer anything of value to a
7	physician for making patient referrals to the licensed medical marijuana
8	center STORE.
9	(7) [Formerly 44-11-901 (7)] A peace officer or a law
10	enforcement agency shall not use any patient information to make traffic
11	stops pursuant to section 42-4-1302.
12	(8) [Formerly 44-11-901 (8)] A person who commits any acts that
13	are unlawful pursuant to this article 11 or the rules authorized and
14	adopted pursuant to this article 11 ARTICLE 10 commits a class 2
15	misdemeanor and shall be punished as provided in section 18-1.3-501;
16	except for; THAT A VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION (5)(a) OF THIS SECTION IS
17	A CLASS 1 MISDEMEANOR AND SHALL BE PUNISHED AS PROVIDED IN
18	SECTION 18-1.3-501. For violations that would also constitute a violation
19	of title 18, which THE violation shall be charged and prosecuted pursuant
20	to title 18.
21	44-10-702. Unlawful open and public consumption. (1) THE
22	OPEN AND PUBLIC, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 18-18-102 (20.3),
23	CONSUMPTION OF MARIJUANA IS PROHIBITED.
24	(2) THE GOVERNING BODY OF A COUNTY, CITY, CITY AND COUNTY,
25	OR MUNICIPALITY MAY ADOPT AN ORDINANCE OR RESOLUTION
26	AUTHORIZING MARIJUANA CONSUMPTION LOCATIONS OR CIRCUMSTANCES
27	THAT ARE EXCEPTIONS TO THE PROHIBITION DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1)

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1	OF THIS SECTION IF THE LOCATIONS ARE NOT ACCESSIBLE TO THE PUBLIC
2	OR A SUBSTANTIAL NUMBER OF THE PUBLIC WITHOUT RESTRICTION,
3	INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO RESTRICTIONS ON THE AGE OF THE
4	MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC WHO ARE ALLOWED ACCESS TO SUCH LOCATION.
5	(3) THE PROHIBITION IN SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION DOES
6	NOT APPLY TO ANY BUSINESS LICENSED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10
7	THAT PERMITS CONSUMPTION ON ITS PREMISES IF THE BUSINESS IS
8	OPERATING WITHIN THE CONDITIONS OF LICENSURE.
9	PART 8
10	FEES
11	44-10-801. [Formerly 44-11-501] Marijuana cash fund.
12	(1) (a) All <u>money</u> collected by the state licensing authority pursuant to
13	this article 11 and article 12 of this title 44 shall ARTICLE 10 MUST be
14	transmitted to the state treasurer, who shall credit the same to the
15	marijuana cash fund, which fund is hereby created and referred to in this
16	section as the "fund". The fund consists of:
17	(I) The money collected by the state licensing authority; and
18	(II) Any additional general fund money appropriated to the fund
19	that is necessary for the operation of the state licensing authority.
20	(b) Money in the fund is subject to annual appropriation by the
21	general assembly to the department for the direct and indirect costs
22	associated with implementing this article 11, article 12 of this title 44
23	ARTICLE 10 and article 28.8 of title 39.
24	(c) Any money in the fund not expended for these purposes may
25	be invested by the state treasurer as provided by law. All interest and
26	income derived from the investment and deposit of money in the fund
27	shall be credited to the fund. Any unexpended and unencumbered money

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remaining in the fund at the end of a fiscal year shall remain REMAINS in the fund and shall not be credited or transferred to the general fund or another fund.

- (d) (I) On July 1, 2014, the state treasurer shall transfer to the marijuana tax cash fund created in section 39-28.8-501 any money in the fund that is attributable to the retail marijuana excise tax transferred pursuant to section 39-28.8-305 (1)(b), the retail marijuana sales tax transferred pursuant to section 39-28.8-203 (1)(b), or the sales tax imposed pursuant to section 39-26-106, on the retail sale of marijuana products under this article 11 and article 12 of this title 44 PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 10.
- (II) On the date on which the state controller publishes the comprehensive annual financial report of the state for the 2013-14 state fiscal year, the state treasurer shall transfer to the marijuana tax cash fund created in section 39-28.8-501 any remaining money in the fund that is attributable to the retail marijuana excise tax transferred pursuant to section 39-28.8-305 (1)(b), the retail marijuana sales tax transferred pursuant to section 39-28.8-203 (1)(b), or the sales tax imposed pursuant to section 39-26-106, on the retail sale of marijuana products under this article 11 and article 12 of this title 44 ARTICLE 10.
- (2) The executive director by rule or as otherwise provided by law may reduce the amount of one or more of the fees if necessary pursuant to section 24-75-402 (3) to reduce the uncommitted reserves of the fund to which all or any portion of one or more of the fees is credited. After the uncommitted reserves of the fund are sufficiently reduced, the executive director by rule or as otherwise provided by law may increase the amount of one or more of the fees as provided in section 24-75-402 (4).

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1	(3) (a) The state licensing authority shall establish fees for
2	processing the following types of applications, licenses, notices, or
3	reports required to be submitted to the state licensing authority:
4	(I) Applications for licenses listed in section 44-11-401 SECTION
5	44-10-401 and rules promulgated pursuant to that section;
6	(II) Applications to change location pursuant to section 44-11-310
7	SECTIONS 44-10-311 (13) and rules promulgated pursuant to that section;
8	(III) Applications for transfer of ownership pursuant to section
9	44-11-310 SECTION 44-10-310 and rules promulgated pursuant to that
10	section;
11	(IV) License renewal and expired license renewal applications
12	pursuant to section 44-11-311 SECTION 44-10-312; and
13	(V) Licenses as listed in section 44-11-401 SECTION 44-10-401.
14	(b) The amounts of such fees, when added to the other fees
15	transferred to the fund pursuant to this section, shall MUST reflect the
16	actual direct and indirect costs of the state licensing authority in the
17	administration and enforcement of this article 11 ARTICLE 10 so that the
18	fees avoid exceeding the statutory limit on uncommitted reserves in
19	administrative agency cash funds as set forth in section 24-75-402 (3).
20	(c) The state licensing authority may charge applicants licensed
21	under this article 11 ARTICLE 10 a fee for the cost of each fingerprint
22	analysis and background investigation undertaken to qualify new officers,
23	directors, managers, or employees.
24	(d) At least annually, the state licensing authority shall review the
25	amounts of the fees and, if necessary, adjust the amounts to reflect the
26	direct and indirect costs of the state licensing authority.
27	(4) Except as provided in subsection (5) of this section, the state

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licensing authority shall establish a basic fee that shall be paid at the time of service of any subpoena upon the state licensing authority, plus a fee for meals and a fee for mileage at the rate prescribed for state officers and employees in section 24-9-104 for each mile actually and necessarily traveled in going to and returning from the place named in the subpoena. If the person named in the subpoena is required to attend the place named in the subpoena for more than one day, there shall MUST be paid, in advance, a sum to be established by the state licensing authority for each day of attendance to cover the expenses of the person named in the subpoena. (5) The subpoena fee established pursuant to subsection (4) of this section shall IS not be applicable to any federal, state or local governmental agency. **44-10-802.** [Formerly **44-11-502**] Fees - allocation. (1) Except as otherwise provided, all fees and fines provided for by this article 11 and article 12 of this title 44 ARTICLE 10 shall be paid to the department, which shall transmit the fees to the state treasurer. The state treasurer shall credit the fees to the marijuana cash fund created in section 44-11-501 SECTION 44-10-801.____ (2) The expenditures of the state licensing authority shall be ARE

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- paid out of appropriations from the marijuana cash fund created in section 44-11-501 SECTION 44-10-801.
- **44-10-803.** [Formerly **44-12-501**] Fees. (1) The state licensing authority may charge and collect fees under PURSUANT TO this article 12. The application fee for a person applying pursuant to section 44-12-104 (1)(a) shall be five hundred dollars ARTICLE 10. FOR A PERSON LICENSED TO CULTIVATE OR SELL MEDICAL MARIJUANA OR TO MANUFACTURE

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1	${\tt MEDICALMARIJUANAPRODUCTSONORBEFOReDecember10,2012, The}$
2	APPLICATION FEE FOR A RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS IS FIVE HUNDRED
3	DOLLARS. The state licensing authority shall transfer two hundred fifty
4	dollars of the fee to the marijuana cash fund and submit two hundred fifty
5	dollars to the local jurisdiction in which the license is proposed to be
6	issued.
7	(2) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION, the
8	application fee for a person applying pursuant to section 44-12-104 (1)(b)
9	shall be RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS IS five thousand dollars. The state
10	licensing authority shall transfer two thousand five hundred dollars of the
11	fee to the marijuana cash fund and remit two thousand five hundred
12	dollars to the local jurisdiction in which the license is proposed to be
13	issued. If the state licensing authority is considering raising the
14	five-thousand-dollar application fee, it shall confer with each local
15	jurisdiction in which a license under PURSUANT TO this article 12 ARTICLE
16	10 is issued prior to raising the application fee. If the application fee
17	amount is changed, it must be split evenly between the marijuana cash
18	fund and the local jurisdiction in which the license is proposed to be
19	issued.
20	(3) A local jurisdiction in which a license under this article 12
21	ARTICLE 10 may be permitted may adopt and impose operating fees in an
22	amount determined by the local jurisdiction on marijuana BUSINESSES
23	AND establishments located within the local jurisdiction.
24	PART 9
25	DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS
26	44-10-901. [Formerly 44-12-601 and similar to
27	44-11-601] Suspension - revocation - fines. (1) In addition to any other

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sanctions prescribed by this article 12 ARTICLE 10 or rules promulgated pursuant to this article 12 ARTICLE 10, the state licensing authority OR LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY has the power, on its own motion or on complaint, after investigation and opportunity for a public hearing at which the licensee must be afforded an opportunity to be heard, to fine a licensee or to suspend or revoke a license issued by the authority for a violation by the licensee or by any of the agents or employees of the licensee of the provisions of this article 12 ARTICLE 10, or any of the rules promulgated pursuant to this article 12 ARTICLE 10, or of any of the terms, conditions, or provisions of the license issued by the state OR LOCAL licensing authority. The state OR LOCAL licensing authority has the power to administer oaths and issue subpoenas to require the presence of persons and the production of papers, books, and records necessary to the determination of a hearing that the state OR LOCAL LICENSING authority is authorized to conduct.

(2) The state OR LOCAL licensing authority shall provide notice of suspension, revocation, fine, or other sanction, as well as the required notice of the hearing pursuant to subsection (1) of this section, by mailing the same in writing to the licensee at the address contained in the license and, if different, at the last address furnished to the authority by the licensee. Except in the case of a summary suspension, a suspension shall IS not be for a period longer than six months. If a license is suspended or revoked, a part of the fees paid therefor shall ARE not be returned to the licensee. Any license, REGISTRATION, OR PERMIT may be summarily suspended by the state licensing ISSUING authority without notice pending any prosecution, investigation, or public hearing pursuant to the terms of section 24-4-104 (4). Nothing in this section shall prevent PREVENTS the

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summary suspension of a license pursuant to section 24-4-104 (4). EACH
PATIENT REGISTERED WITH A MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORE THAT HAS HAD
ITS LICENSE SUMMARILY SUSPENDED MAY IMMEDIATELY TRANSFER HIS OR
HER PRIMARY STORE TO ANOTHER LICENSED MEDICAL MARIJUANA STORE.

- (3) (a) Whenever a decision of the state OR LOCAL licensing authority suspending a license for fourteen days or less becomes final, the licensee may, before the operative date of the suspension, petition for permission to pay a fine in lieu of having the license suspended for all or part of the suspension period. Upon the receipt of the petition, the state OR LOCAL LICENSING authority may, in its sole discretion, stay the proposed suspension and cause any investigation to be made which THAT it deems desirable and may, in its sole discretion, grant the petition if the state OR LOCAL licensing authority is satisfied that:
- (I) The public welfare would not be impaired by permitting the licensee to operate during the period set for suspension and that the payment of the fine will achieve the desired disciplinary purposes; and
- (II) The books and records of the licensee are kept in such a manner that the loss of sales that the licensee would have suffered had the suspension gone into effect can be determined with reasonable accuracy; AND
- (III) THE LICENSEE HAS NOT HAD HIS OR HER LICENSE SUSPENDED OR REVOKED, NOR HAD ANY SUSPENSION STAYED BY PAYMENT OF A FINE, DURING THE TWO YEARS IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THE DATE OF THE MOTION OR COMPLAINT THAT RESULTED IN A FINAL DECISION TO SUSPEND THE LICENSE OR PERMIT.
- (b) The fine accepted shall MUST be not less than five hundred dollars nor more than one hundred thousand dollars.

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(c) Payment of a fine pursuant to the provisions of this subsection (3) shall MUST be in the form of cash or in the form of a certified check or cashier's check made payable to the state or local licensing authority, whichever is appropriate.

- (4) Upon payment of the fine pursuant to subsection (3) of this section, the state licensing authority shall enter its further order permanently staying the imposition of the suspension. Fines paid to the state licensing authority pursuant to subsection (3) of this section shall be ARE transmitted to the state treasurer, who shall credit the same to the marijuana cash fund created in section 44-11-501 GENERAL FUND.
- (5) In connection with a petition pursuant to subsection (3) of this section, the authority of the state OR LOCAL licensing authority is limited to the granting of such stays as are necessary for the authority to complete its investigation and make its findings and, if the authority makes such findings, to the granting of an order permanently staying the imposition of the entire suspension or that portion of the suspension not otherwise conditionally stayed.
- (6) If the state OR LOCAL licensing authority does not make the findings required in subsection (3)(a) of this section and does not order the suspension permanently stayed, the suspension shall go GOES into effect on the operative date finally set by the state OR LOCAL licensing authority.
- (7) EACH LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL REPORT ALL ACTIONS TAKEN TO IMPOSE FINES, SUSPENSIONS, AND REVOCATIONS TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY IN A MANNER REQUIRED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY. No later than January 15 of each year, the state licensing authority shall compile a report of the preceding year's actions

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in which fines, suspensions, or revocations were imposed by the state licensing authority. The state licensing authority shall file one copy of the report with the chief clerk of the house of representatives, one copy with the secretary of the senate, and six copies in the joint legislative library.

44-10-902. [Formerly 44-12-602 and similar to 44-11-602] Disposition of unauthorized marijuana or marijuana products and related materials - rules. (1) The provisions of this section shall apply in addition to any criminal, civil, or administrative penalties and in addition to any other penalties prescribed by this article 12 ARTICLE 10 or any rules promulgated pursuant to this article 12 ARTICLE 10. Any provisions in this article 12 ARTICLE 10 related to law enforcement shall be ARE considered a cumulative right of the people in the enforcement of the criminal laws.

- (2) Every licensee licensed under this article 12 shall be ARTICLE 10 IS deemed, by virtue of applying for, holding, or renewing such person's license, to have expressly consented to the procedures set forth in this section.
- (3) A state or local agency shall IS not be required to cultivate or care for any retail REGULATED marijuana or retail REGULATED marijuana product belonging to or seized from a licensee. A state or local agency shall IS not be authorized to sell marijuana, retail REGULATED or otherwise.
- (4) If the state OR LOCAL licensing authority issues a final agency order imposing a disciplinary action against a licensee pursuant to section 44-12-601 SECTION 44-10-901, then, in addition to any other remedies, the licensing authority's final agency order may specify that some or all of the licensee's marijuana or marijuana product is not retail REGULATED

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marijuana or a retail REGULATED marijuana product and is an illegal controlled substance. The order may further specify that the licensee shall lose LOSES any interest in any of the marijuana or marijuana product even if the marijuana or marijuana product previously qualified as retail REGULATED marijuana or a retail REGULATED marijuana product. The final agency order may direct the destruction of any such marijuana and marijuana products, except as provided in subsections (5) and (6) of this section. The authorized destruction may include the incidental destruction of any containers, equipment, supplies, and other property associated with the marijuana or marijuana product.

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(5) Following the issuance of a final agency order by the state OR LOCAL licensing authority against a licensee and ordering destruction authorized by subsection (4) of this section, a licensee shall have HAS fifteen days within which to file a petition for stay of agency action with the district court. The action shall MUST be filed in the city and county of Denver, which shall be IS deemed to be the residence of the state licensing authority for purposes of this section. The licensee shall serve the petition in accordance with the Colorado rules of civil procedure. The district court shall promptly rule upon the petition and determine whether the licensee has a substantial likelihood of success on judicial review so as to warrant delay of the destruction authorized by subsection (4) of this section or whether other circumstances, including but not limited to the need for preservation of evidence, warrant delay of such destruction. If destruction is so delayed pursuant to judicial order, the court shall issue an order setting forth terms and conditions pursuant to which the licensee may maintain the retail REGULATED marijuana and retail REGULATED marijuana product pending judicial review and prohibiting the licensee

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- from using or distributing the retail REGULATED marijuana or retail REGULATED marijuana product pending the review. The licensing authority shall not carry out the destruction authorized by subsection (4) of this section until fifteen days have passed without the filing of a petition for stay of agency action or until the court has issued an order denying stay of agency action pursuant to this subsection (5).
- (6) A district attorney shall notify the state licensing authority if it begins investigating a MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR retail marijuana establishment BUSINESS. If the state licensing authority has received notification from a district attorney that an investigation is being conducted, the state licensing authority shall not destroy any marijuana or marijuana products from the MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR retail marijuana establishment BUSINESS until the destruction is approved by the district attorney.
- (7) On or before January 1, 2014, The state licensing authority shall promulgate rules governing the implementation of this section.

17 PART 10

INSPECTION OF BOOKS AND RECORDS

44-10-1001. [Formerly 44-12-701 and similar to 44-11-701] Inspection procedures. (1) Each licensee shall keep a complete set of all records necessary to show fully the business transactions of the licensee, all of which shall be ARE open at all times during business hours for the inspection and examination by the state licensing authority or its duly authorized representatives. The state licensing authority may require any licensee to furnish such information as it considers necessary for the proper administration of this article 12 ARTICLE 10 and may require an audit to be made of the books of account

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1	and records on such occasions as it may consider necessary by an auditor
2	to be selected by the state licensing authority who shall likewise have
3	access to all books and records of the licensee, and the expense thereof
4	shall MUST be paid by the licensee.
5	(2) The licensed premises, including any places of storage where
6	retail REGULATED marijuana or retail REGULATED marijuana products are
7	stored, cultivated, sold, dispensed, or tested shall be ARE subject to
8	inspection by the state or local LICENSING AUTHORITY, OR LOCAL
9	jurisdictions and their investigators, during all business hours and other
10	times of apparent activity, for the purpose of inspection or investigation.
11	Access shall be IS required during business hours for examination of any
12	inventory or books and records required to be kept by the licensees. When
13	any part of the licensed premises consists of a locked area, upon demand
14	to the licensee, such area shall MUST be made available for inspection
15	without delay, and, upon request by authorized representatives of the state
16	or local jurisdiction, the licensee shall open the area for inspection.
17	(3) Each licensee shall retain all books and records necessary to
18	show fully the business transactions of the licensee for a period of the
19	current tax year and the three immediately prior tax years.
20	PART 11
21	JUDICIAL REVIEW
22	44-10-1101. [Formerly 44-12-801 and similar to
23	44-11-801] Judicial review. Decisions by the state licensing authority are
24	subject to judicial review pursuant to section 24-4-106.
25	PART 12
26	RESPONSIBLE VENDOR STANDARDS
27	44-10-1201. [Formerly 44-11-1101] Responsible vendor

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program - standards - designation. (1) A person who wants to offer a responsible medical or retail marijuana vendor server and seller training program must submit an application to the state licensing authority for approval, which program is referred to in this part 11 PART 10 as an "approved training program". The state licensing authority, in consultation with the department of public health and environment, shall approve the submitted program if the submitted program meets the minimum criteria described in subsection (2) of this section. The department of public health and environment shall review each submitted program and shall provide the state licensing authority with the department's analysis of whether the portions of the program related to the department's oversight meet the minimum criteria described in this section.

- (2) An approved training program shall MUST contain, at a minimum, the following standards and shall be taught in a classroom setting in a minimum of a two-hour period:
- (a) Program standards that specify, at a minimum, who must attend, the time frame for new staff to attend, recertification requirements, record keeping, testing and assessment protocols, and effectiveness evaluations; and
- (b) A core curriculum of pertinent statutory and regulatory provisions, which curriculum includes but need not be limited to:
- (I) Information on required licenses, age requirements, patient registry cards issued by the department of public health and environment, maintenance of records, privacy issues, and unlawful acts;
- (II) Administrative and criminal liability and license and court sanctions;

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I	(III) Statutory and regulatory requirements for employees and
2	owners;
3	(IV) Acceptable forms of identification, including patient registry
4	cards and associated documents and procedures; and
5	(V) Local and state licensing and enforcement, which may include
6	but need not be limited to key statutes and rules affecting patients,
7	owners, managers, and employees.
8	(3) When promulgating program standards pursuant to subsection
9	(2) of this section, the state licensing authority shall consider input from
10	other state agencies, local jurisdictions, the medical and retail marijuana
11	industry, and any other state or national seller server program.
12	(4) A provider of an approved training program shall maintain its
13	training records at its principal place of business during the applicable
14	year and for the preceding three years, and the provider shall make the
15	records available for inspection by the licensing authority during normal
16	business hours.
17	44-10-1202. [Formerly 44-11-1102] Responsible vendor -
18	designation. (1) (a) A medical marijuana business licensed pursuant to
19	this article 11 or a retail marijuana business licensed pursuant to article
20	12 of this title 44 THIS ARTICLE 10 may receive a responsible vendor
21	designation from the program vendor after successfully completing a
22	responsible medical or retail marijuana vendor server and seller training
23	program approved by the state licensing authority. A responsible vendor
24	designation is valid for two years from the date of issuance.
25	(b) Successful completion of an approved training program is
26	achieved when the program has been attended by and, as determined by
27	the program provider, satisfactorily completed by all employees selling

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1	and handling medical or retail marijuana, all managers, and all resident
2	on-site owners, if any.
3	(c) In order to maintain the responsible vendor designation, the
4	licensed medical MARIJUANA BUSINESS or retail marijuana business must
5	have each new employee who sells or handles medical or retail marijuana,
6	manager, or resident on-site owner attend and satisfactorily complete a
7	responsible medical or retail marijuana vendor server and seller training
8	program within ninety days after being employed or becoming an owner.
9	The licensed medical MARIJUANA BUSINESS or retail marijuana business
10	shall maintain documentation of completion of the program by new
11	employees, managers, or owners.
12	(2) A licensed medical MARIJUANA BUSINESS or retail marijuana
13	business that receives a responsible vendor designation from the program
14	vendor shall maintain information on all persons licensed pursuant to this
15	article 11 ARTICLE 10 who are in its employment and who have been
16	trained in an approved training program. The information includes the
17	date, place, time, and duration of training and a list of all licensed persons
18	attending each specific training class, which class includes a training
19	examination or assessment that demonstrates proficiency.
20	(3) If a local or state licensing authority initiates an administrative
21	action against a licensee who has complied with the requirements of this
22	section and has been designated a responsible vendor, the licensing
23	authority shall consider the designation as a mitigating factor when
24	imposing sanctions or penalties on the licensee.
25	PART 13
26	SEVERABILITY
27	44-10-1301. [Formerly 44-12-1101] Severability. If any

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1	provision of this article 12 ARTICLE 10 is found by a court of competent
2	jurisdiction to be unconstitutional, the remaining provisions of this article
3	12 ARTICLE 10 are valid, unless it appears to the court that the valid
4	provisions of the statute are so essentially and inseparably connected
5	with, and so dependent upon, the void provision that it cannot be
6	presumed that the legislature would have enacted the valid provisions
7	without the void one; or unless the court determines that the valid
8	provisions, standing alone, are incomplete and are incapable of being
9	executed in accordance with the legislative intent.
10	PART 14
11	SUNSET REVIEW - ARTICLE REPEAL
12	44-10-1401. [Formerly 44-11-1001 and similar to
13	44-12-1001] Sunset review - repeal of article. (1) This article 11
14	ARTICLE 10 is repealed, effective September 1, 2019 2028.
15	(2) Prior to the repeal of this article 11 ARTICLE 10, the department
16	of regulatory agencies shall conduct a sunset review as described in
17	section 24-34-104 (5).
18	SECTION 7. Repeal of provisions being relocated in this act.
19	In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal sections 44-11-102, 44-11-103,
20	44-11-104, 44-11-105, and 44-11-106; parts 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, and
21	11 of article 11 of title 44; sections 44-12-102, 44-12-103, 44-12-104, and
22	44-12-105; and parts 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, and 11 of article 12 of title
23	44.
24	SECTION 8. Repeal of provisions not being relocated in this
25	act. In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal sections 44-11-101 and
26	44-12-101 that were not relocated.
27	SECTION 9. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 6-1-105, amend

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1	(1)(hhh) as follows:
2	6-1-105. Deceptive trade practices. (1) A person engages in a
3	deceptive trade practice when, in the course of the person's business,
4	vocation, or occupation, the person:
5	(hhh) Knowingly represents that hemp, hemp oil, or any derivative
6	of a hemp plant constitutes retail marijuana or medical marijuana unless
7	it fully satisfies the definition of such products pursuant to section
8	44-12-103 (22) or section 44-11-104 (11) SECTION 44-10-103 (26) OR
9	<u>(45);</u>
10	SECTION 10. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 11-33-103, amend
11	(4) as follows:
12	11-33-103. Definitions. As used in this article 33, unless the
13	context otherwise requires:
14	(4) "Licensed marijuana business" means an entity licensed
15	pursuant to section 44-11-402, 44-11-403, 44-11-404, 44-12-402,
16	44-12-403, 44-12-404, or 44-12-405 Parts 5 and 6 of article 10 of
17	TITLE 44.
18	SECTION 11. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 11-33-104, amend
19	(2)(a)(II) as follows:
20	11-33-104. Organization - charter - investigation. (2) A co-op
21	may be organized in the following manner:
22	(a) (II) A co-op may be incorporated and organized for the
23	purpose of providing financial services to licensed marijuana businesses
24	in good standing with the executive director of the state licensing
25	authority created in section 44-11-201 SECTION 44-10-201, industrial
26	hemp businesses, and entities that provide goods or services to licensed
27	marijuana businesses and that provide documentation to the co-op of an

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1	inability to get comparable services from a bank or credit union.
2	SECTION 12. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 11-33-106, amend
3	(2) as follows:
4	11-33-106. Membership - disclosures. (2) (a) Co-op
5	membership is limited to only entities that own, operate, or are licensed
6	marijuana businesses in good standing with the executive director of the
7	state licensing authority created in section 44-11-201 SECTION 44-10-201,
8	industrial hemp businesses, and entities that provide goods or services to
9	licensed marijuana businesses and that provide documentation to the
10	co-op of an inability to get comparable services from a bank or credit
11	union.
12	(b) An individual is not qualified to be a member of a co-op,
13	regardless of whether the individual is licensed, including pursuant to
14	section 44-11-401 (1)(e) or 44-12-401 (1)(e) SECTION 44-10-401 (2)(c),
15	to own, operate, manage, or be employed by a licensed marijuana
16	business, either as a sole proprietor or any other form of ownership that
17	gives the individual sole control over the licensed marijuana business.
18	SECTION 13. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-21-121, amend
19	(2)(b) as follows:
20	13-21-121. Agricultural recreation or agritourism activities -
21	legislative declaration - inherent risks - limitation of civil liability -
22	duty to post warning notice - definitions. (2) As used in this section,
23	unless the context otherwise requires:
24	(b) "Agricultural recreation or agritourism activity" means an
25	activity related to the normal course of agriculture, as defined in section
26	35-1-102 (1), which activity is engaged in by participants for
27	entertainment, pleasure, or other recreational purposes, or for educational

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1	purposes, regardless of whether a fee is charged to the participants.
2	"Agricultural recreation or agritourism activity" also means hunting,
3	shooting, swimming, diving, tubing, and riding or operating a motorized
4	recreational vehicle that occurs on or in proximity to the property of an
5	agricultural operation or an adjacent roadway. "Agricultural recreation or
6	agritourism activity" includes, but is not limited to, planting, cultivation,
7	irrigation, or harvesting of crops; acceptable practices of animal
8	husbandry; rodeo and livestock activities; and maintenance of farm or
9	ranch equipment. "Agricultural recreation or agritourism activity" does
10	not include any activity related to or associated with medical marijuana
11	as defined in section 44-11-104 SECTION 44-10-103 (26) or retail
12	marijuana as defined in section 44-12-103 SECTION 44-10-103 (45).
13	SECTION <u>14.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 13-22-601
14	as follows:
15	13-22-601. Contracts pertaining to marijuana enforceable. It
16	is the public policy of the state of Colorado that a contract is not void or
17	voidable as against public policy if it pertains to lawful activities
18	authorized by section 16 of article XVIII of the state constitution and
19	article 12 ARTICLE 10 of title 44.
20	SECTION <u>15.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 16-2.5-121
21	as follows:
22	16-2.5-121. Executive director of the department of revenue
23	- senior director of enforcement for the department of revenue. The
24	executive director and the senior director of enforcement of the
25	department of revenue are peace officers while engaged in the
26	performance of their duties whose authority includes the enforcement of
27	laws and rules regarding automobile dealers pursuant to section

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1	44-20-105 (3), the lottery pursuant to sections 44-40-106 (3) and
2	44-40-107 (8), medical marijuana pursuant to article 11 ARTICLE 10 of
3	title 44, limited gaming pursuant to article 30 of title 44, liquor pursuant
4	to section 44-3-905 (1), and racing events pursuant to section 44-32-203
5	(1), and the enforcement of all laws of the state of Colorado and who may
6	be certified by the P.O.S.T. board.
7	SECTION 16. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend
8	16-2.5-124.5 as follows:
9	16-2.5-124.5. Director of marijuana enforcement and
10	marijuana enforcement investigator. The director of the marijuana
11	enforcement division or a marijuana enforcement investigator is a peace
12	officer while engaged in the performance of his or her duties and while
13	acting under proper orders or rules pursuant to article 11 or 12 ARTICLE 10
14	of title 44, and shall also include the enforcement of all laws of the state
15	of Colorado and who may be certified by the P.O.S.T. board.
16	SECTION 17. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1.3-204, amend
17	(1)(b) and (2)(a)(VIII)(A) as follows:
18	18-1.3-204. Conditions of probation - interstate compact
19	probation transfer cash fund - creation. (1) (b) Notwithstanding the
20	provisions of subsection (1)(a) of this section, unless the defendant is
21	sentenced to probation for a conviction of a crime under article 11
22	ARTICLE 10 of title 44, the possession or use of medical marijuana, as
23	authorized pursuant to section 14 of article XVIII of the state constitution,
24	shall not be considered another offense such that its use constitutes a
25	violation of the terms of probation.
26	(2) (a) When granting probation, the court may, as a condition of

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probation, require that the defendant:

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(VIII) Refrain from excessive use of alcohol or any unlawful use of controlled substances, as defined in section 18-18-102 (5), or of any other dangerous or abusable drug without a prescription; except that the court shall not, as a condition of probation, prohibit the possession or use of medical marijuana, as authorized pursuant to section 14 of article XVIII of the state constitution, unless:

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(A) The defendant is sentenced to probation for conviction of a crime under article 11 ARTICLE 10 of title 44; or

SECTION 18. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-406.3, **amend** (7) as follows:

18-18-406.3. Medical use of marijuana by persons diagnosed with debilitating medical conditions - unlawful acts - penalty medical marijuana program cash fund. (7) An owner, officer, or employee of a business licensed pursuant to article 11 ARTICLE 10 of title 44, or an employee of the state medical marijuana licensing authority, a local medical marijuana licensing authority, or the department of public health and environment, who releases or makes public a patient's medical record or any confidential information contained in any such record that is provided to or by the business licensed pursuant to article 11 ARTICLE 10 of title 44, without the written authorization of the patient commits a class 1 misdemeanor; except that the owner, officer, or employee shall release the records or information upon request by the state or local medical marijuana licensing authority. The records or information produced for review by the state or local licensing authority shall not become public records by virtue of the disclosure and may be used only for a purpose authorized by article 11 ARTICLE 10 of title 44, or for another state or local law enforcement purpose. The records or

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1	information shall constitute medical data as defined by section 24-72-204
2	(3)(a)(I). The state or local medical marijuana licensing authority may
3	disclose any records or information so obtained only to those persons
4	directly involved with any investigation or proceeding authorized by
5	article 11 ARTICLE 10 of title 44, or for any state or local law enforcement
6	purpose.
7	SECTION 19. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-406.4,
8	amend (1) as follows:
9	18-18-406.4. Unlawful advertising of marijuana - exception.
10	(1) A person who is not licensed to sell medical marijuana pursuant to
11	article 43.3 of title 12 or retail marijuana pursuant to article 43.4 of title
12	12 ARTICLE 10 OF TITLE 44, or pursuant to the laws regarding medical or
13	retail marijuana under the laws of another state, who knowingly
14	advertises in a newspaper, magazine, handbill, or other publication or on
15	the internet the unlawful sale of marijuana, marijuana concentrate, or a
16	marijuana-infused MARIJUANA product by a person not licensed to sell
17	marijuana, marijuana concentrate, or a marijuana-infused MARIJUANA
18	product commits a level 2 drug misdemeanor.
19	SECTION <u>20.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-406.6,
20	amend (1) and (2) as follows:
21	18-18-406.6. Extraction of marijuana concentrate - definitions.
22	(1) It shall be unlawful for any person who is not licensed pursuant to
23	article 11 or 12 ARTICLE 10 of title 44 to knowingly manufacture
24	marijuana concentrate using an inherently hazardous substance.
25	(2) It shall be unlawful for any person who is not licensed
26	pursuant to article 11 or 12 ARTICLE 10 of title 44 who owns, manages,
27	operates, or otherwise controls the use of any premises to knowingly

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1	allow marijuana concentrate to be manufactured on the premises using an
2	inherently hazardous substance.
3	SECTION 21. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-20-112, amend
4	(1) and (2) as follows:
5	24-20-112. Implementation of section 16 of article XVIII of the
6	Colorado constitution - criteria for pesticide use - education oversight
7	and materials - rules. (1) The governor shall designate a state agency
8	to promulgate rules to designate criteria that identify pesticides that may
9	be used in the cultivation of marijuana as authorized pursuant to article
10	12 ARTICLE 10 of title 44. The designated agency may consult with other
11	state agencies in promulgating the rules. The agency shall publish a list
12	of pesticides that meet the criteria on its website.
13	(2) The governor shall designate a state agency to work with a
14	private advisory group to develop good cultivation and handling practices
15	for the marijuana industry. The designated agency is encouraged to assist
16	in the formation of a private advisory group. If a private advisory group
17	develops good cultivation and handling practices, an entity licensed
18	pursuant to article 12 ARTICLE 10 of title 44 that follows those practices
19	may include a statement of compliance on its label after receiving
20	certification of compliance. The designated agency may consult with
21	other state agencies to receive technical assistance.
22	SECTION 22. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-33.5-516,
23	amend (3) as follows:
24	24-33.5-516. Study marijuana implementation. (3) The
25	division is not required to perform the duties required by this section until
26	the marijuana cash fund, created in section 44-11-501 SECTION
27	44-10-801, has received sufficient revenue to fully fund the

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1	appropriations made to the department of revenue related to articles 11
2	and 12 ARTICLE 10 of title 44, and the general assembly has appropriated
3	sufficient money from the fund for such duties.
4	SECTION 23. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-34-104, add
5	(29)(a)(VII) as follows:
6	24-34-104. General assembly review of regulatory agencies
7	$and \ functions \ for \ repeal, continuation, or \ reestablishment-legislative$
8	declaration - repeal. (29) (a) The following agencies, functions, or both,
9	are scheduled for repeal on September 1, 2028:
10	(VII) THE "COLORADO MARIJUANA CODE", ARTICLE 10 OF TITLE
11	44.
12	SECTION <u>24.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-1.5-106, amend
13	(3.5)(b), (3.7), (3.8)(a), (7)(e)(I)(A), (8.5)(b), and (8.6)(b) as follows:
14	25-1.5-106. Medical marijuana program - powers and duties
15	of state health agency - rules - medical review board - medical
15 16	of state health agency - rules - medical review board - medical marijuana program cash fund - subaccount - created - repeal.
	•
16	marijuana program cash fund - subaccount - created - repeal.
16 17	marijuana program cash fund - subaccount - created - repeal. (3.5) Marijuana laboratory testing reference library. (b) The
16 17 18	marijuana program cash fund - subaccount - created - repeal. (3.5) Marijuana laboratory testing reference library. (b) The reference library must contain a library of methodologies for marijuana
16 17 18 19	marijuana program cash fund - subaccount - created - repeal. (3.5) Marijuana laboratory testing reference library. (b) The reference library must contain a library of methodologies for marijuana testing in the areas of potency, homogeneity, contaminants, and solvents
16 17 18 19 20	marijuana program cash fund - subaccount - created - repeal. (3.5) Marijuana laboratory testing reference library. (b) The reference library must contain a library of methodologies for marijuana testing in the areas of potency, homogeneity, contaminants, and solvents consistent with the laboratory requirements set by the department of
16 17 18 19 20 21	marijuana program cash fund - subaccount - created - repeal. (3.5) Marijuana laboratory testing reference library. (b) The reference library must contain a library of methodologies for marijuana testing in the areas of potency, homogeneity, contaminants, and solvents consistent with the laboratory requirements set by the department of revenue pursuant to article 11 or 12 ARTICLE 10 of title 44.
16 17 18 19 20 21	marijuana program cash fund - subaccount - created - repeal. (3.5) Marijuana laboratory testing reference library. (b) The reference library must contain a library of methodologies for marijuana testing in the areas of potency, homogeneity, contaminants, and solvents consistent with the laboratory requirements set by the department of revenue pursuant to article 11 or 12 ARTICLE 10 of title 44. (3.7) The state health agency shall convene a group of interested
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	marijuana program cash fund - subaccount - created - repeal. (3.5) Marijuana laboratory testing reference library. (b) The reference library must contain a library of methodologies for marijuana testing in the areas of potency, homogeneity, contaminants, and solvents consistent with the laboratory requirements set by the department of revenue pursuant to article 11 or 12 ARTICLE 10 of title 44. (3.7) The state health agency shall convene a group of interested parties including representatives from the state licensing authority,
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	marijuana program cash fund - subaccount - created - repeal. (3.5) Marijuana laboratory testing reference library. (b) The reference library must contain a library of methodologies for marijuana testing in the areas of potency, homogeneity, contaminants, and solvents consistent with the laboratory requirements set by the department of revenue pursuant to article 11 or 12 ARTICLE 10 of title 44. (3.7) The state health agency shall convene a group of interested parties including representatives from the state licensing authority, primary caregivers, patients, marijuana testing laboratory licensees, and

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- (3.8) (a) The state health agency or an organization with whom the state health agency contracts shall be responsible for proficiency testing and remediating problems with laboratories licensed pursuant to article 11 or 12 ARTICLE 10 of title 44.
- (7) **Primary caregivers.** (e) (I) (A) In order to be a primary caregiver who cultivates medical marijuana for his or her patients or transports medical marijuana for his or her patients, he or she shall also register with the state licensing authority and comply with all local laws, regulations, and zoning and use restrictions. A person may not register as a primary caregiver if he or she is licensed as a medical marijuana business as described in part 4 of article 11 of title 44 or a retail marijuana business as described in part 4 of article 12 ARTICLE 10 of title 44. An employee, contractor, or other support staff employed by a licensed entity pursuant to article 11 or 12 of title 44, or working in or having access to a restricted area of a licensed premises pursuant to article 11 or 12 ARTICLE 10 of title 44, may be a primary caregiver.
- (8.5) **Encourage patient voluntary registration plant limits.**(b) A patient shall not cultivate more than ninety-nine plants. Only a medical marijuana business licensed and properly authorized pursuant to article 11 ARTICLE 10 of title 44 may cultivate more than ninety-nine
- 21 plants.

(8.6) **Primary caregiver plant limits - exceptional circumstances.** (b) A primary caregiver shall not cultivate more than ninety-nine plants. Only a medical marijuana business licensed and properly authorized pursuant to article 11 ARTICLE 10 of title 44 may cultivate more than ninety-nine plants. The primary caregiver is not allowed to grow additional plants until he or she is licensed by the state

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licensing authority.

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2 SECTION <u>25.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-1.5-106.5, 3 repeal (5)(b) as follows:

25-1.5-106.5. Medical marijuana research grant program. (5) Sources of marijuana. (b) A person who holds an optional premises cultivation license or medical marijuana-infused products manufacturing license issued pursuant to part 4 of article 43.3 of title 12 or a retail marijuana cultivation facility license or a retail marijuana products manufacturing license issued pursuant to part 4 of article 43.4 of title 12 may transfer marijuana to a medical research facility, including at an institution of higher education, for use in research studies funded pursuant to this section. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a medical research facility authorized pursuant to this section to conduct medical research regarding marijuana is exempt from all otherwise applicable restrictions on the possession and use of marijuana; except that the facility shall use the marijuana only for the medical research authorized pursuant to this section, shall not possess at any time a quantity of medical marijuana or medical marijuana-infused product in excess of the limit established in rules promulgated by the state licensing authority, and shall destroy all marijuana remaining after the research has been completed. For the fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2017, the general assembly may annually appropriate up to one percent of the available money in the marijuana tax cash fund created in section 39-28.8-501 to the department to be used to award grants pursuant to this section to medical research facilities so that a facility may:

(I) Purchase marijuana from a licensee specified in this subsection (5)(b) that will be used in the research; and

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1	(II) Conduct the medical research.
2	SECTION <u>26.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-5-403, repeal (3)
3	as follows:
4	25-5-403. Offenses. (3) The provisions of this section shall not
5	apply to a medical marijuana center or a medical marijuana-infused
6	products manufacturer licensed pursuant to article 11 of title 44 that
7	manufactures or sells a food product that contains medical marijuana so
8	long as the food product is labeled as containing medical marijuana and
9	the label specifies that the product is manufactured without any regulatory
10	oversight for health, safety, or efficacy, and that there may be health risks
11	associated with the consumption or use of the product.
12	SECTION 27. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-14-103.5,
13	amend (3)(a)(I) as follows:
14	25-14-103.5. Prohibition against the use of tobacco products
15	and retail marijuana on school property - legislative declaration -
16	education program - special account - definitions. (3) (a) (I) The board
17	of education of each school district shall adopt appropriate policies and
18	rules that mandate a prohibition against the use of all tobacco products
19	and all retail marijuana or retail marijuana products authorized pursuant
20	to article 12 ARTICLE 10 of title 44 on all school property by students,
21	teachers, staff, and visitors and that provide for the enforcement of such
22	policies and rules.
23	SECTION 28. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 26-2-104, amend
24	(2)(a)(II)(D) and $(2)(h)(I)(C)$ as follows:
25	26-2-104. Public assistance programs - electronic benefits
26	transfer service - joint reports with department of revenue - signs -
27	rules - repeal. (2) (a) (II) Only those businesses that offer products or

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services related to the purpose of the public assistance benefits are allowed to participate in the electronic benefits transfer service through the use of point-of-sale terminals. Clients shall not be allowed to access cash benefits through the electronic benefits transfer service from automated teller machines in this state located in:

- (D) Establishments licensed to sell medical marijuana or medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products pursuant to article 11 of title 44 or retail marijuana or retail marijuana products pursuant to article 12 ARTICLE 10 of title 44; except that the prohibition for these establishments does not take effect until sixty days after May 1, 2015; or
- (h) (I) On or before January 1, 2016, the department of revenue shall adopt rules pursuant to the "State Administrative Procedure Act", article 4 of title 24, that relate to a client's use of automated teller machines at locations where the use is prohibited. The rules must apply to the following establishments:
- (C) Establishments licensed to sell medical marijuana or medical marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products pursuant to article 11 of title 44 or retail marijuana or retail marijuana-infused MARIJUANA products pursuant to article 12 ARTICLE 10 of title 44; and
- **SECTION <u>29.</u>** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 29-2-114, **amend** 21 (7) as follows:
 - **29-2-114. Retail marijuana excise tax county municipality election repeal.** (7) If a retail marijuana cultivation facility uses a retail marijuana transporter, as defined in section 12-43.4-103 (21.5) SECTION 44-10-103 (53), to transport unprocessed retail marijuana being sold or transferred by the retail marijuana cultivation facility to a retail marijuana product manufacturing MANUFACTURER facility, a retail

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1	marijuana store, or another retail marijuana cultivation facility, the
2	transportation of the unprocessed retail marijuana by the retail marijuana
3	transporter is not a transfer of unprocessed retail marijuana for the
4	purpose of levying any excise tax imposed pursuant to this section.
5	SECTION <u>30.</u> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 29-2-115, amend
6	(3)(a) introductory portion and (4)(a) as follows:
7	29-2-115. Retail marijuana sales tax - county - municipality -
8	election - legislative declaration - definition. (3) (a) Each county in the
9	state is authorized to levy, collect, and enforce a county special sales tax
10	upon all sales of retail marijuana and retail marijuana products, as those
11	terms are defined in section 12-43.4-103 SECTION 44-10-103, under the
12	following circumstances:
13	(4) (a) Each municipality in the state is authorized to levy, collect,
14	and enforce a municipal special sales tax upon all sales of retail marijuana
15	and retail marijuana products, as those terms are defined in section
16	12-43.4-103 SECTION 44-10-103.
17	SECTION 31. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 35-61-105.5
18	as follows:
19	35-61-105.5. Testing laboratories. If a person registered pursuant
20	to this article 61 wants a licensed retail marijuana testing facility to
21	perform testing on the industrial hemp that the registrant is cultivating,
22	that person shall use a radio frequency identification-based inventory
23	tracking system approved by the commissioner for a sample of the
24	registrant's industrial hemp crop. The commissioner shall only approve
25	an inventory tracking system if that system is compatible with the state
26	licensing authority's seed-to-sale tracking system required pursuant to
27	section 44-12-202 (1) SECTION 44-10-202 (1)(a). A licensed retail testing

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1	facility shall provide the test results to the registrant and the
2	commissioner. All test results shall be ARE considered confidential
3	business information. This section shall not be construed to DOES NOT
4	prevent the use of the tracking system for other purposes.
5	SECTION 32. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-22-104, amend
6	(4)(r); and repeal (4)(s) as follows:
7	39-22-104. Income tax imposed on individuals, estates, and
8	trusts - single rate - legislative declaration - definitions - repeal.
9	(4) There shall be subtracted from federal taxable income:
10	(r) For income tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2014,
11	if a taxpayer is licensed under the "Colorado Medical Marijuana Code",
12	article 11 "COLORADO MARIJUANA CODE", ARTICLE 10 of title 44, OR ITS
13	PREDECESSOR CODES, an amount equal to any expenditure that is eligible
14	to be claimed as a federal income tax deduction but is disallowed by
15	section 280E of the internal revenue code because marijuana is a
16	controlled substance under federal law;
17	(s) For income tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2014,
18	if a taxpayer is licensed under the "Colorado Retail Marijuana Code",
19	article 12 of title 44, an amount equal to any expenditure that is eligible
20	to be claimed as a federal income tax deduction but is disallowed by
21	section 280E of the federal internal revenue code because marijuana is a
22	controlled substance under federal law;
23	SECTION 33. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-22-304, amend
24	(3)(m); and repeal (3)(n) as follows:
25	39-22-304. Net income of corporation - legislative declaration
26	- definitions - repeal. (3) There shall be subtracted from federal taxable
27	income:

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1	(iii) For income tax years commencing on or after January 1,
2	2014, if a taxpayer is licensed under the "Colorado Medical Marijuana
3	Code", article 11 "COLORADO MARIJUANA CODE", ARTICLE 10 of title 44,
4	OR ITS PREDECESSOR CODES, an amount equal to any expenditure that is
5	eligible to be claimed as a federal income tax deduction but is disallowed
6	by section 280E of the internal revenue code because marijuana is a
7	controlled substance under federal law;
8	(n) For income tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2014,
9	if a taxpayer is licensed under the "Colorado Retail Marijuana Code",
10	article 12 of title 44, an amount equal to any expenditure that is eligible
11	to be claimed as a federal income tax deduction but is disallowed by
12	section 280E of the federal internal revenue code because marijuana is a
13	controlled substance under federal law;
14	SECTION 34. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-26-102, amend
15	(5.8) as follows:
16	39-26-102. Definitions. As used in this article 26, unless the
17	context otherwise requires:
18	(5.8) "Medical marijuana" shall have the same meaning as set
19	forth in section 44-11-104 (11) SECTION 44-10-103 (26).
20	SECTION 35. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-28.8-101,
21	amend (6) as follows:
22	39-28.8-101. Definitions. Unless the context otherwise requires,
23	any terms not defined in this article 28.8 have the meanings set forth in
24	article 26 of this title 39. As used in this article 28.8, unless the context
25	otherwise requires:
26	(6) "Medical marijuana center STORE" means an entity licensed by
27	the department to sell marijuana and marijuana products pursuant to

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1	section 14 of article XVIII of the state constitution and the "Colorado
2	Medical Marijuana Code", article 11 "COLORADO MARIJUANA CODE",
3	ARTICLE 10 of title 44, OR ITS PREDECESSOR CODES.
4	SECTION 36. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-28.8-501,
5	amend (1) and (2)(a)(I) as follows:
6	39-28.8-501. Marijuana tax cash fund - creation - distribution
7	- legislative declaration. (1) The marijuana tax cash fund, referred to in
8	this part 5 as the "fund", is created in the state treasury. The fund consists
9	of any applicable retail marijuana sales tax transferred pursuant to section
10	39-28.8-203 (1)(b) on or after July 1, 2014, and any revenues transferred
11	to the fund from any sales tax imposed pursuant to section 39-26-106 on
12	the retail sale of products under articles 43.3 and 43.4 of title 12, C.R.S.
13	ARTICLE 10 OF TITLE 44.
14	(2) (a) The general assembly shall not appropriate the money in
15	the fund for the fiscal year in which it was received by the state; except
16	that:
17	(I) The general assembly may appropriate money in the fund to
18	the department of revenue for the fiscal years in which it was received by
19	the state for the direct and indirect costs associated with implementing
20	this article 28.8 and articles 11 and 12 ARTICLE 10 of title 44; and
21	SECTION 37. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-28.8-502,
22	amend (2) as follows:
23	39-28.8-502. Marijuana tax cash fund - budget requests.
24	(2) Beginning with the budget request required to be submitted to the
25	joint budget committee by November 1, 2014, and for each budget
26	request required to be submitted each November thereafter, the executive
27	director of the department of revenue shall include in its budget request

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1	for the direct and indirect costs associated with implementing this article
2	28.8 and articles 11 and 12 ARTICLE 10 of title 44 the amount that the
3	department requests from the money in the marijuana cash fund created
4	in section 44-11-501 SECTION 44-10-801, and the amount that the
5	department requests from the marijuana tax cash fund.
6	SECTION 38. Appropriation. (1) For the 2019-20 state fiscal
7	year, \$396,604 is appropriated to the department of revenue. This
8	appropriation is from the marijuana cash fund created in section
9	44-11-501 (1)(a), C.R.S. To implement this act, the department may use
10	this appropriation as follows:
11	(a) \$292,974 for marijuana enforcement, which amount is based
12	on an assumption that the department will require an additional 1.8 FTE;
13	<u>and</u>
14	(b) \$103,630 for the purchase of legal services.
15	(2) For the 2019-20 state fiscal year, \$103,630 is appropriated to
16	the department of law. This appropriation is from reappropriated funds
17	received from the department of revenue under subsection (1)(b) of this
18	section and is based on an assumption that the department of law will
19	require an additional 0.6 FTE. To implement this act, the department of
20	law may use this appropriation to provide legal services for the
21	department of revenue.
22	SECTION 39. Act subject to petition - effective date. Sections
23	<u>6 through 37</u> of this act take effect January 1, 2020, and the remainder of
24	this act takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of
25	the ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly
26	(August 2, 2019, if adjournment sine die is on May 3, 2019); except that,
27	if a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of

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- the state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this act
 within the ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general
- 3 assembly, then the act, item, section, or part will not take effect unless
- 4 approved by the people at the general election to be held in November
- 5 2020 and, in such case, will take effect on the date of the official
- declaration of the vote thereon by the governor, except that sections $\underline{6}$
- 7 through 37 take effect January 1, 2020.

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